

NHSScotland Estates Asset Management

Property Appraisal Manual





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1. Introduction

It is essential that the land and property assets of the NHS Estate in Scotland positively contribute to the delivery of healthcare services.

In order to develop an Asset Management Strategy (AMS), it is necessary to carry out an appraisal of the existing land and property as a baseline assessment of the current NHS Estate. This includes all property owned and leased by NHS Scotland, as well as independently owned GP premises etc. However it excludes leases to third parties.

By taking stock of the existing estate, future investment priorities can be identified together with opportunities for rationalisation.

In view of the size and diverse geographical locations of the NHS Estate in Scotland, it is important that the method of appraisal and the information gathered is carried out and recorded in a consistent manner to enable the results to be presented in a coherent and meaningful way and to streamline the preparation of the NHS in Scotland, All Scotland Report.

It should be understood that the Estates Asset Management System is a high level strategic tool to assess the current condition of the property assets and identify backlog maintenance costs. The information collected will inform the action plan forming part of the comprehensive property strategy for the NHS in Scotland.

The introduction of an objective, robust and transparent Capital Planning System is the next logical step in the sequential approach which has been adopted for managing the NHS Estate in Scotland.

This Property Appraisal Manual is structured in the following five main parts:

Part 1 deals with issues and definitions;

<u>Part 2</u> outlines the approach to the appraisal in terms of the six Facets, these are; Physical Condition, Statutory Compliance, Environmental Management, Space Utilisation, Functional Suitability and Quality.

<u>Part 3</u> details the additional life cycle data to be collected during the Survey Phase to inform the Capital Planning System.

Part 4 covers the survey process for carrying out new condition survey appraisals.

Part 5 deals with survey partner matters and has been included for information only.

Note: The Estates Asset Management System is a high level strategic tool rather than an operational tool.

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2. Purpose

NHSScotland and Health Facilities Scotland (HFS), working with the 14 NHSScotland Boards and 8 Special Health Boards and Support Organisations, intend to implement an Estates Asset Management System for the NHS estate in Scotland. The system is now operational and informs the Boards of the condition, compliance, functionality, utilisation, environmental performance and quality of their Estate and comply with the requirements of the Scotlish Government following the Audit Scotland Report dated January 2009 entitled 'Asset Management in the NHS in Scotland'.

The appraisal of the existing estate, in terms of its condition and performance, is a fundamental requirement for the development of a comprehensive property strategy for the NHS in Scotland and requires knowledge of the physical condition of the buildings, their engineering systems and external works.

It is anticipated that the appraisal will identify various issues that will need to be considered such as backlog maintenance, poor functional suitability and space utilisation, and non-compliance with health and safety legislation.

Establishing the current physical condition of the estate will assist with developing the property strategy by identifying properties to be retained or disposed of and this will enable robust capital and revenue investment programmes to be developed based on accurate information on the estate.

As part of the process, Scottish Government Health and Social Care (SGHSCD) and the NHSScotland Boards require condition information on the property assets. While a proportion of this information is available, the Boards have indicated that a substantial amount of work is required to update the level of information to comply with guidance and recommendations that each property should be surveyed on a 5 yearly cycle.

National Services Scotland (NSS) has entered into a Framework Agreement and a call-off agreement with a Software Supplier for the provision of ESTATEManager software and support.

The Estates Asset Management System, when populated, will:

- identify the condition and performance of the existing property assets;
 quantify the costs of rectifying backlog maintenance;
- identify the risks associated with the condition, compliance and suitability of the property assets to enable prioritisation of the main issues.

Risks will be assessed according to the likelihood that the risk will be realised and the potential adverse consequences that may arise.

To assist with the implementation and population of the ESTATEManager software, HFS will appoint a 'Survey Partner' for each year of the Estates Asset Management Project. This 'Survey Partner' will become an integral part of the team and will assist the Boards with the collection of some of the survey data on a prioritised basis. In conjunction with this work, Boards will be required by SGHSCD to develop and

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execute an Implementation Plan which sets out how the Boards intend initially to coordinate and collect all core data and six facet property appraisal data. In addition, it is expected that SGHSCDD will require Boards to be continuously updating this data in an ongoing basis (at least 20% of data refreshed per year).

The Scottish Government through NHS National Services Scotland, Procurement, Commissioning and Facilities (Health Facilities Scotland) have commissioned a Facilities Capital Planning Consultant to put in place a Capital Planning System to assist with the management and optimisation of the NHS Estate in Scotland.

This is a natural progression of the work that has been done to date in rolling out the Estate Asset Management System to establish backlog maintenance costs for the NHS Estate in Scotland.

The objective is that the Capital Planning System will be capable of directly integrating the data sets capturing asset performance based on the 6 Facets of the NHSScotland Asset Management System (EAMS) provided by a Software Provider.

This Manual has been prepared to provide guidance on the methodology to be used to ensure a standard and consistent approach is adopted across all Boards.

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PART 1: Issues and Definitions

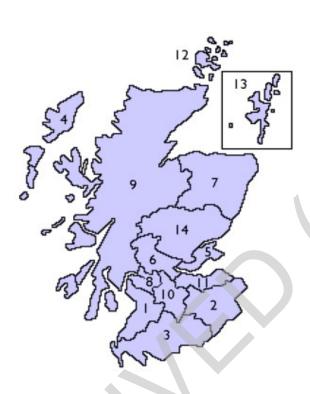
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The NHS estate in Scotland

The NHS in Scotland covers some 14 geographical Board areas, as detailed on the following diagram, as well as 8 Special Health Boards and National Services Scotland which are national organisations.

NHS Scotland Health Boards



- 1. NHS Ayrshire and Arran
- 2. NHS Borders
- 3. NHS Dumfries and Galloway
- 4. NHS Western Isles
- 5. NHS Fife
- 6. NHS Forth Valley
- 7. NHS Grampian
- NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde
- 9. NHS Highland
- 10. NHS Lanarkshire
- 11. NHS Lothian
- 12. NHS Orkney
- 13. NHS Shetland
- 14. NHS Tayside
- National Waiting Times Centre Board
- 16. NHS 24
- 17. NHS Education in Scotland
- 18. NHS Health Scotland
- 19. NHS Quality Improvement Scotland
- 20. The State Hospitals Board for Scotland
- 21. Scottish Ambulance Service
- 22. National Services Scotland

In addition, there are numerous GP and Dental Practices, Pharmacies and Opticians forming part of the Primary Care estate. While these facilities are not owned by the NHS, they need to be incorporated into the overall strategic planning process. For third party owned premises such as Dental Practices, Pharmacies and Opticians it is not anticipated that full condition information is required.

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4. Estate Hierarchy

4.1 Coding and descriptions

The appraisal of the NHS estate in Scotland will generate a significant volume of survey data and to enable analysis at a variety of levels, it is necessary for the survey information to be structured logically.

Information on the condition and suitability of elements and sub-elements of the estate needs to be linked to the correct asset and this is achieved by adopting a consistent method and hierarchy of coding.

4.2 Asset hierarchy

The following levels of hierarchy will be adopted in the roll-out of the Estates Asset Management System:

Level zero - The NHS in Scotland

This includes all land and buildings in ownership or occupation by the NHS in Scotland.

Level one - NHS Board/Organisation

This covers all land and buildings owned or occupied by a specific Board or organisation.

Level two - Site level

This details all land and buildings owned or occupied at a specific geographical location. The site may contain a number of buildings or blocks.

Level three - Block level (physical block)

This covers each physical block on each site. Generally a block equates to a building. However, in certain circumstances it may be helpful to sub-divide a building into a number of blocks. For example, where a building has a number of wings or where a modern extension has been added to an older building, it may assist to differentiate the different forms of construction and condition by identifying the extension and the original building as separate blocks.

External areas are also collectively treated as a separate block.

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Level four

Location level (survey block)
This is a sub-set of a block and can be either internal or external, e.g.:

East elevation

First floor

X-Ray department

When used internally, location level can be used to define a number of rooms by location e.g. 'first floor' or by occupation e.g. 'x-ray department'.

When the information is collected against departments it is then entered against what we call 'pseudo' rooms i.e. the room record is being used simply as a representation of that department area and does not tie to the physical structure in the same way as individual room records do.

Level four can also be used for room level data when the internal spaces within a block are defined by their allocated room reference.

4.3 Location code directory

It is important that the condition data is linked to the correct asset as a whole or the relevant part of the asset.

The Location Code Directory has been in common use throughout the NHS estate since the 1970s and will continue to be used for the Estates Asset Management System, but in a modified format.

The Location Code Directory assigns a unique 5 character code to each location, made up of an alpha-prefix, usually referring to a Health Board, followed by a 3 digit serial number and ending with an alpha-suffix representing the type of location. When a location closes, its code is not re-allocated to another location to avoid confusion.

The system is web based (www.isdscotland.org) and is updated weekly for all NHS properties at site level but it does not currently go down to block level.

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Table 4.1 summarises the Location Code Directory coding method:

Table 4.1: Location Code Directory coding method

	Table 4.1	: Location Co	de Directory coding m	ethod
Prefix	Health Board	Suffix	Original Description	Current Description
Α	Ayrshire and Arran	Н	NHS Hospital	NHS Hospital
В	Borders	J	Joint User Hospital	Joint User Hospital or Suffix-J Hospital
С	Argyll and Clyde (see note below)	K	Contractual Hospital	Contractual Hospital or Suffix-K Hospital
F	Fife	М	Non-NHS Maternity	Non-NHS Maternity
G	Greater Glasgow (now Greater Glasgow and Clyde)	N	Non-Institutional	Non-Institutional
Н	Highland	Р	Prison	Prison
L	Lanarkshire	R	Home for the Elderly	Home for the Elderly
N	Grampian	S	Other Home	Other Home
R	Orkney	V	Non-NHS Non- Maternity	Private Hospital or Private Nursing Home
S	Lothian	А	Admin Office	Health Service Administrative Office
Т	Tayside	В	Health Centre	Health Centre, most GP Surgery Locations
V	Forth Valley	C	Clinic	Clinic Premises, etc.
W	Western Isles	E	Extra-Mural Clinic	Extra-Mural Clinic
Υ	Dumfries and Galloway	L,-Q,-W	School	School
Z	Shetland	Т	-	Miscellaneous Premises
D	Nationally Based Locations			
E	Outwith Scotland			
Х	Common Services Agency, etc.			

Footnote: The former Argyll and Clyde properties have been allocated geographically between NHS Greater Glasgow and Clyde and NHS Highland. As a result, both Boards have sites prefixed with C.

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The coding for new properties can be obtained by completing a standard pro-forma. Direct access to the directory is available following satisfactory completion of a confidentiality statement.

As part of this project, it will be necessary for all NHS Boards to update their existing property lists using the relevant codes from NHS National Services Scotland. Any properties missing from the Boards' lists or which have not been coded correctly will need to be added and properly coded.

It will be necessary for the Boards to extend the coding of their property lists to include each block at each site.

4.4 Site reference number

The ESTATEManager software and any new property appraisals will adopt the existing Location Code Directory as the unique Site Reference Number (SRN) to identify each site.

4.5 Block codes

All blocks/buildings on each site need to be identified by means of a unique block reference number and the name by which the block is known.

Where Boards already have reference numbers for blocks, these may be retained if so desired.

The use of block '00' for the site and external areas on a site require to be used by all Boards.

Where there are no existing reference numbers, the following codes are suggested to identify the blocks:

- 00 the site and external areas
- 01 first building on site
- 02 second building on site
- 03 and so on.....

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5. Minimum dataset of baseline information

5.1 General information at national level (level zero)

The Estates Asset Management System is driven by the regional and special health Boards which are responsible for uploading and maintaining their information to allow analysis and reporting at national level. Therefore collection of data is on a 'bottom up' basis and only limited 'general information' is held at national level on NHSScotland as a whole.

Once the database is populated and complete, the ESTATEManager software will include a text box providing general information about NHSScotland on a national basis.

5.2 General information at board level (level one)

The ESTATEManager software contains a text box to enable each NHS Board to provide general information about the Board including population, geographical coverage and which Local Authority the Board covers.

5.3 General information at site level (level two)

The following minimum information is required for each NHS Board at site level to identify all land and buildings:

- SRN based on existing national code;
- name of NHS Board:
- site name;
- site address;
- town;
- postcode;
- contact name;
- contact number, and;
- contact email.

Type of site

The NHS estate in Scotland comprises a variety of types and the following codes have been agreed for grouping purposes.

- 01 Acute Hospital
- 02 Children's Hospital
- 03 Maternity Hospital



- 04 Specialist Hospital
- 05 Mental Health Hospital
- 06 Community Hospital
- 07 Older People Hospital
- 08 Multi Service Hospital
- 21 Health Centre
- 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)
- 23 Offices
- 24 Support Facilities
- 25 Staff Residential Accommodation
- 26 Patient Residential Accommodation
- 41 GP Practice
- 42 Dental Practice
- 43 Pharmacy
- 44 Optician
- 51 Care Home
- 91 Non NHS functions
- 98 Non-Operational
- 99 Other

Status of each site

The NHS estate in Scotland requires to be further categorised for each site (land) with reference to the following options:

- occupied;
- vacant;
- surplus;
- sold;
 - surrendered;
- terminated;
- demolished;
- delete data;
- leased, and;
- under construction.

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Requirement of each site

The requirement of each site forming the NHS estate in Scotland requires to be defined in terms of whether it is regarded as being essential or non essential using a 'flag' in the software.

This requires to be further detailed in relation to the future expectation for each site in terms of the following categories:

- to be retained;
- expected to be sold
 - within 3 years;
 - within 3-5 years, and;
 - over 5 years.

Quantitative data for sites

Details of the total area and breakdown by user is required for all sites against the following categories:

Land area

- site area for each site owned or occupied by the NHS Board (hectares);
- area occupied by Holding Body. This will be the total area of the site occupied by NHS less any areas leased to other Bodies;
- area leased to another NHS body;
- area leased to other body for PFI/NPD, and;
- area leased to other body for other purposes.

Valuation of sites (recorded against block 00)

Details of the last valuation of all land, including:

- land value, and;
- date of valuation.

Details of the last valuation of all sites including:

- net book value, and;
- date of valuation.

Details of the capital charges recorded at block level if available, failing which at site level, for:

- land, and;
- buildings.

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General information at block (building) level (level three)

The following information is required for each block on each site:

- block number, and;
- block name.

Where block information is already available within EAMS, this should be reviewed to ensure the data is current. Any missing or incorrect data should be provided / updated.

Type of blocks

The type of each building (block) on the site should be identified from the following list:

- 01 Acute Hospital
- 02 Children's Hospital
- 03 Maternity Hospital
- 04 Specialist Hospital
- 05 Mental Health Hospital
- 06 Community Hospital
- 07 Older People Hospital
- 08 Multi Service Hospital
- 21 Health Centre
- 22 Clinics (including day hospitals and resource centres)
- 23 Offices
- 24 Support Facilities
- 25 Staff Residential Accommodation
- 26 Patient Residential Accommodation
- 41 GP Practice
- 42 Dental Practice
- 43 Pharmacy
- 44 Optician
- 51 Care Home
- 91 Non NHS functions
- 98 Non Operational
- 99 Other



Tenure of blocks

The NHS estate in Scotland is in a variety of ownerships and the following categories have been identified:

- owned (by Scottish Ministers);
- leased (by Scottish Ministers);
- PFI/NPD;
- HUB;
- third Party Ownership, and;
- endowment.

Status of blocks

The NHS estate in Scotland requires to be further categorised for each block with reference to the following options:

- occupied;
- vacant;
- surplus;
- sold;
- demolished;
- surrendered;
- terminated;
- delete data;
- leased, and;
- under construction;

Requirement of blocks

The requirement of the blocks forming the NHS estate in Scotland requires to be defined in terms of whether they are regarded as being essential or non essential using a 'flag' in the software. In addition, the block use should be defined in terms of whether it is regarded as being clinical or non-clinical.

This requires to be further detailed in relation to the future expectation for each block in terms of the following categories:

- retained;
- expected to be sold;
- within 3 years;
- within 3-5 years, and;
- over 5 years.

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Historic listing

Details of whether the buildings (blocks) are listed under planning legislation require to be defined in terms of the following categories:

- category A;
- category B;
- category C;
- category C(s), and;
- not listed.

These should be checked to determine their accuracy if provided or if missing by checking the Historic Environment Scotland website https://www.historicenvironment.scot/advice-and-support/listing-scheduling-and-designations/listed-buildings/what-is-listing/#categories-of-listed-building_tab_or with the local authority.

Age band of blocks

The year of construction of each building at block level requires to be assessed.

Where the actual year of construction is not known, the following age bands may be used for guidance to make an informed estimate of the likely year of construction (these are the bandings which will be used for reporting purposes. However, the year of construction will still require to be input as a single year which should be estimated as closely as possible/practical):

- Over 50 years old;
- 30-50 years old;
- 10 to 29 years old;
- Up to 10 years old;

Quantitative data for blocks

Details of the total area and breakdown by user are required for all blocks against the following categories.

Gross internal floor area

- gross internal area (m²);
- area occupied by holding body. This will be the total area of the block occupied by NHS less any areas leased to other bodies;
- area leased to another NHS body, and;
- area leased to other body.

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Six facet ranking

All land and buildings forming the NHS estate in Scotland require to be ranked at block level in terms of the following facets:

- facet 1: physical condition (of each element and sub-element);
- facet 2: statutory compliance;
- facet 3: environmental management;
- facet 4: space utilisation;
- facet 5: functional suitability, and;
- facet 6: quality.

Further guidance on the appraisal against the six facets is given in Part 2.

Information maintained by the NHS Boards

Each NHS Board currently maintains its own property list for the land and its buildings under its control. In order to develop a more strategic Property Asset Management Strategy (PAMS), a comprehensive property asset register for the entire NHS estate in Scotland is required. The property asset register will include all premises currently used in the support and delivery of healthcare services irrespective of ownership.

Where fresh survey appraisals are being commissioned, the following information requires to be provided to the Survey Partner by the NHS Boards:

- the Site Reference Number (SRN) quoted in accordance with the guidance given in this Property Appraisal Manual;
- site names and addresses;
- block/building names and addresses;
- building/block gross internal area floor sizes;
- building/block build year;
- building/block tenure;
- building/block status;
- building/block essential/non essential;
- building/block use
- building/block historic listing;
- land/site area;
- existing site plans detailing names and numbers of buildings;
- existing floor plans for each building to be appraised;
- room and space referencing currently in use;
- access to existing reports e.g. Equality Act (2010)/asbestos register/fire risk assessment;

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- contact names and numbers of key estates personnel to arrange access (at site and block levels), and;
- contact names and numbers of key personnel to arrange interviews.

CAD drawings and layout drawings

Building plans and elevations at block level are extremely useful when carrying out property appraisal surveys to ensure that all parts of the land and buildings have been inspected where practicable and to identify where access is not available.

It is anticipated that most NHS Boards will have CAD or layout drawings for each site and these will be used to identify each block on the site. Additional drawings may also be available for the blocks on each site.

It is accepted that any drawings which are available will be in a variety of formats and that they may not always be an accurate reflection of the current arrangements of the building.

On the larger more complex sites, it will be beneficial for the NHS Boards to show the boundaries of individual blocks, particularly where there are several within a physical building.

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6. Existing historic survey information

6.1 Record information

Information from previous surveys can often enhance a condition survey appraisal and bring cost efficiencies by reviewing and importing the previous data into the current survey system and reducing the number of fresh surveys required.

The volume and quality of record information for the NHS estate in Scotland vary across the NHS Boards from little or no information to current detailed information and held in a variety of formats including hard copy and electronically in a mixture of spreadsheets, databases and word processed documents.

In normal circumstances, existing information would need to be comparable with that arising from a fresh level 2 appraisal to be suitable for informing the baseline in the All Scotland Report and for developing the PAMS.

It has however been decided that for the initial population of ESTATEManager, all existing record information will be imported if it is in a usable format. The quality and accuracy of the information will then be improved and upgraded as part of the ongoing annual assessment by the NHS Boards in Scotland.

6.2 Format and compatibility

While in theory it is possible that existing data can be imported directly into ESTATEManager, in practice, it is likely that due to differing briefs, the record information may not be directly compatible in terms of format and content.

Consequently, it will be necessary for all of the NHS Boards to review and assess the quality and quantity of their existing record information using their own resources or with assistance from the Survey Partner and/or software support provider.

6.3 Mapping data from existing to current format

The existing data will require to be mapped into the structure of the new ESTATEManager Estates Asset Management System and there are time and resource implications for this work to be carried out.

Typical issues which will need to be addressed include:

- compatibility problems between the record information and new survey format;
- different data structures;
- errors and omissions in the record information;
- increased costs for conversion of the record information;
- distinguishing between old survey information and new survey information.

As a result, the cost of converting the existing data to a format which is usable for the new Estates Asset Management System will need to be assessed in terms of

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relevance and accuracy. In some circumstances it may be more efficient and quicker to amend and update existing data or to carry out a fresh inspection.

6.4 Data transfer

It is anticipated that a separate exercise, running in parallel with the fresh surveys, will be required to rationalise existing data prior to importing it into the new Estates Asset Management System.

The outcome of this exercise will determine whether existing data can be incorporated into ESTATEManager or whether further sampling or refresh inspections are required.

Elements of the existing data may also be contaminated depending on how it has been gathered, input, edited and managed. Common problems arise due to simple issues relating to incorrect field entries such as the formatting of dates and the naming and coding of assets.

Dependent on the quality of information, data transfer will be carried out with the support of the software supplier using a variety of methods including:

- database queries;
- macros, and;
- manual operation.

6.5 Aged data

Any data over 5 years old should be regarded as 'aged'.

Any costs associated with the aged data will be historic. While the costs can be updated to current level using the indices produced by the Building Cost Information Service (BCIS), it must be recognised that there are inherent dangers in updating the costs using this method as this may not reflect further deterioration in the condition of the fabric or installations.

To facilitate updating using BCIS Cost Indices, the age of the existing cost information must be stated to the nearest quarter year e.g. Q1 2018.

Following updating of aged costs to current costs as at Q1 2018, a further manual adjustment will require to be made to reflect the increase in costs due to further deterioration through the passage of time in addition to rebasing of the cost. In certain circumstances, it may be preferable to re-inspect the sub-element to assess the current cost rather than rely on rebasing of costs using indices.

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6.6 Plugging the gaps

Once the existing record information has been analysed, any obvious gaps will require to be 'plugged' and this can be done by means of:

- a desktop exercise;
- cloning the information, and;
- carrying out fresh appraisals and inspections.

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7. Key elements – The six facets

The survey methodology of the NHS estate in Scotland will incorporate the requirements of the guidance document being developed on behalf of Health Facilities Scotland, 'A Risk Based Methodology for Property Appraisal' and will be undertaken on the basis of the six facets which are:

- physical condition;
 - Engineering
 - Building
- statutory compliance;
- environmental management;
- space utilisation;
- functional suitability, and;
- quality.

While the Boards are expected to import existing information for all six facets into ESTATEManager, the initial phases of the survey partner commission will be restricted to the following:

- physical condition;
- statutory compliance, and;
- environmental management.

The appraisals will identify the works that are needed at the time of survey or which will become due within 5 years of the survey date, priority coded by risk assessment and costed in accordance with this guidance document. In addition, all sub-elements should have a lifecycle period and lifecycle cost allocated.

It is anticipated that the statutory compliance and environmental management facets will primarily be desktop exercises, collating existing information previously collected or currently in the course of being collected by the Boards.

In addition to providing the data required for database purposes, a property executive summary will be prepared for each NHS Board reviewing the main findings of the survey, explaining the priority coding used, identifying the main issues to be addressed and identifying any areas that could not be accessed.

Further guidance on the six facets is given in Part 2 of this manual.



8. Appraisal methodology

8.1 Basis of appraisal

The land and property assets of the NHS estate in Scotland will be assessed against the six facets through a combination of on-site appraisal and interviews with key estates personnel with the intention of providing robust information on which strategic decisions will be made on the future management, development and performance of the estate and to form part of the baseline position for a PAMS.

The Estates Asset Management System is a high level strategic tool which will be populated through a combination of existing information, where available, and by fresh appraisals to plug gaps in the existing data.

It must be emphasised that the fresh data collected by the Survey Partner as part of the initial national exercise on the properties prioritised/selected for survey is based on a high level appraisal of the estate rather than on a detailed condition survey. Information being collected and collated by the Boards' own staff can also follow a high level appraisal format, or can be more detailed if desired.

Asset information such as descriptions of the materials, design and forms of construction of properties are also required for the Boards to collect and hold within the database system.

The aim of the appraisal is to assess the cost and risk priority of any works required to return the estate to condition B, i.e. satisfactory condition with evidence of only minor deterioration as well as assess the lifecycle period and lifecycle cost for each asset.

8.2 Levels of appraisal

The appraisal of each of the six facets can be carried out at any one of the following three levels:

- level 1 this is the highest level/least detailed method of appraisal and comprises a desktop review by a member of NHS estates personnel with a good understanding of the entire estate;
 - level 2 this comprises a combination of on-site inspections at department level and interviews with key NHS estates personnel, and;
- level 3 this is the most detailed appraisal carried out on a room by room basis.
 Note: full CAD floor plans are required to carry out a level 3 appraisal to enable individual rooms/spaces to be identified.

8.3 Ranking protocols

As part of the appraisal, a subjective judgement requires to be made of the current condition/performance of the elements and sub-elements of certain facets and a ranking assigned, generally based on a grading of A-D, which has been defined for each facet separately.

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8.4 Risk assessment

Where remedial action costs have been identified, a risk assessment requires to be carried out as detailed in Section 17 of this manual.

8.5 Interviews with key estates personnel

Collectively and corporately, NHS organisations retain a significant amount of data relevant to the survey process, not least the in-depth knowledge possessed by individual estates personnel.

Historical condition and performance information associated with individual sites and blocks have also been collected over a number of years.

As part of the appraisal process, it will be necessary to conduct interviews with key personnel at various levels of each Board, including:

NHS Board level - Director responsible for estates and facilities;

site level - General Manager;

block (building level) - person in charge, and;

location level - person in charge at department level.

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PART 2: The Six Facets

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9. Facet 1: physical condition

9.1 Levels of appraisal

The appraisal of physical condition will be assessed at one of the following three possible levels:

- level 1 a desktop review by the assigned property manager/estates personnel with a good understanding of the general condition of the estate and any improvement requirements;
- level 2 a combination of on-site visual inspection of each block and interviews with key estates personnel, and;
- level 3 a detailed inspection at room level to identify the condition of the elements and sub-elements sufficient to prepare planned maintenance and cyclical replacements.

9.2 Recommended appraisal level

The recommended appraisal level is level 2.

The properties prioritised/selected for the national exercise will be appraised at level 2. However, Boards may wish to consider appointing a Survey Partner or allocating their own resources to carry out level 3 inspections if these are desired.

9.3 Ranking protocol

Each of the building elements and sub-elements will be appraised and assigned a rank dependent on its overall condition in accordance with the following definitions:

- A excellent/as new condition (generally less than 2 years old);
 - expected to perform as intended over its expected useful service life.
- B satisfactory condition with evidence of only minor deterioration;
 - element/sub-element is operational and performing as intended.
- C poor condition with evidence of major defects;
 - element/sub-element remains operational but is currently in need of major repair or replacement.
- D unacceptable condition;
 - non-operational or about to fail;
 - has reached the end of its useful life.
- x supplementary rating added to D only to indicate that it is impossible to improve without replacement.

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9.4 Assessment process

Elements and sub-elements

The design, materials of construction and physical condition of the estate will be assessed on the basis of the following 20 building and engineering elements and sub-elements.

1	.0	Structure
		Juluciule

- 1.01 Substructure
- 1.02 Frames
- 1.03 Floors and Stairs
- 1.04 Roofs
- 1.99 Other

2.0 External Fabric

- 2.01 External Walls and Finishes
- 2.02 Windows and Ironmongery
- 2.03 External Doors and Ironmongery
- 2.04 External Cladding/Eaves Detail
- 2.05 External Decoration
- 2.99 Other

3.0 Roof

- 3.01 Coverings Pitched
- 3.02 Coverings Flat
- 3.03 Roof Lights
- 3.04 Rainwater Goods
- 3.05 Chimney Stacks and Parapet Walls
- 3.99 Other

4.0 Internal Fabric

- 4.01 Internal Walls and Finishes
- 4.02 Floor Coverings
- 4.03 Ceilings Finishes
- 4.04 Ceilings Suspended
- 4.05 Internal Doors and Ironmongery
- 4.06 Internal Decoration
- 4.99 Other

5.0 Internal Fittings and Fixtures

5.01 Sanitary Ware/Fittings



	5.02	Unit Furniture
	5.03	Internal Fittings and Furniture
	5.99	Other
	6.0	External Grounds and Gardens
	6.01	Landscaping
	6.02	Walls, Fencing and Gates
	6.03	Roads and Car Parks
	6.04	Paths and Paved Areas
	6.05	External Fittings and Furniture
	6.06	Ancillary Buildings
	6.99	Other
	7.0	Drainage and External Services
	7.01	Drainage/Sewerage
	7.02	External Utilities Infrastructure
	7.03	Site Lighting
	7.04	Lightning Protection
	7.05	CCTV (External)
	7.99	Other
	8.0	Fuel Storage and Distribution
	8.01	Fuel Supply/Distribution
	8.02	Storage
	8.99	Other
	9.0	Boilers and Calorifiers
	9.01	Boiler Plant
	9.02	Pressurisation Plant
	9.03	Calorifiers/Heat Exchangers
	9.04	Flues
	9.05	Controls/Meters
	9.06	Insulation
7	9.99	Other
	10.0	Steam Systems
	10.01	Distribution Pipework
	10.02	Valves
	10.03	Controls

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10.04 Meters



- 10.05 Condense Systems
- 10.06 Insulation
- 10.99 Other

11.0 Heating Systems

- 11.01 Distribution Pipework
- 11.02 Heat Emitters
- 11.03 Controls
- 11.04 Heating Pumps
- 11.05 Insulation
- 11.99 Other

12.0 Ventilation Systems

- 12.01 Ventilation Plant
- 12.02 Distribution Ductwork
- 12.03 Automatic Fire Dampers and Control Panel
- 12.04 Controls
- 12.05 Room Split/Chillers/Compressors
- 12.06 Chillers/Cooling Systems
- 12.99 Other

13.0 Medical Gas Systems

- 13.01 Vacuum Insulated Evaporators
- 13.02 Distribution
- 13.03 Manifolds
- 13.04 Gas Cylinder Storage
- 13.05 Outlets
- 13.06 Alarm Systems
- 13.07 Medical Air Compressors/Vacuum Pumps
- 13.99 Other

14.0 Hot and Cold Water Systems

- 14.01 Water Storage and Header Tanks
- 14.02 Water Treatment Plant
- 14.03 Distribution Pipework
- 14.04 Pumps
- 14.05 Valves/Controls
- 14.06 Water Heaters
- 14.07 Insulation



14.99 Other

15.0 Lifts and Hoists

- 15.01 Passenger Lifts
- 15.02 Goods Lifts
- 15.03 Hoists
- 15.04 Control Panel
- 15.99 Other

16.0 Fixed Plant/Equipment

- 16.01 Sterilisers
- 16.02 Bedpan Disposal
- 16.03 Disinfection Equipment
- 16.04 Catering Equipment
- 16.05 Laundry Equipment
- 16.06 Miscellaneous Equipment
- 16.09 Other

17.0 Electrical System

- 17.01 HV Network
- 17.02 Generators
- 17.03 Switchgear
- 17.04 Distribution Boards
- 17.05 Wiring Systems/Bonding
- 17.06 Fittings
- 17.07 Luminaires
- 17.08 Emergency Luminaires
- 17.99 Other

18.0 Communication Systems

- 18.01 Telephone Systems
- 18.02 Data Transmission
- 18.03 Paging Systems
- 18.04 Nurse Call Systems
- 18.05 Radio and Television Systems
- 18.06 Bedhead Services
- 18.99 Other

19.0 Alarms and Detection Systems

19.01 Fire Alarm Panels



- 19.02 Fire Alarm Wiring System
- 19.03 Security Systems
- 19.04 CCTV (Internal)
- 19.05 Panic Attack System
- 19.06 Other Alarm Systems
- 19.99 Other

20.0 Building Management Control System

- 20.01 Building Management System
- 20.99 Other

Appendix 4 contains details of standard descriptions of the designs and materials of construction for each sub element.

For appraisal purposes, the physical condition of each block will be split into four constituent parts:

- building envelope;
- engineering services;
- internal elements, and;
- external areas.

The condition of the property's building envelope and external areas will be assessed for the whole building.

Engineering services will be assessed on a system basis and reported at building level while the internal elements will be appraised on a zone/space level.

Once the building and engineering appraisals are complete, an overall physical condition assessment for each block should be derived based on the individual element and sub-element assessments. This will require to be derived using professional judgment on the strength of the information available and will be the basis of national reporting on the physical condition of the block.

On multi-building sites, elements of the engineering services may service the whole site in which case they should be recorded against block '00' external grounds and gardens.

Where an individual block has a private garden or courtyard, information on the grounds should be recorded against the individual block.

The appraisal comprises an assessment of the following primary data components:

- block level information consisting the name of the block, the approximate build year and the gross internal area;
- building fabric (including external grounds) and mechanical and electrical engineering condition information at 'location' level for each block including a risk

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assessment for any hazard items and photographs of any key items as supporting evidence;

- an overall condition ranking and an executive summary for building fabric for each block:
- an overall condition ranking and an executive summary for mechanical and electrical engineering for each block.

9.5 Remaining life of sub-elements

As detailed later in <u>Section 18</u>, the remaining life of each sub-element is required to be estimated and expressed in years. This should be judged based on a consideration of the following information:

- the age of the sub-element, if known;
- the date of construction of the building, if known;
- the date of installation of the building services, if known, and;
- evidence of deterioration.

However, Sub-Elements ranked as Condition B and where their remaining service life is less than 5 years requires to be assessed.

For items where the standard life expectancies result in items failing within 5 years, their service life can remain as 5 years if the following criteria and supporting information are in place (a note should be provided in the survey information to this effect):

- remains safe and fit for purpose;
- continues to meet or exceed minimum performance requirements;
- that documented evidence demonstrates that the regular work done to keep the Sub-Element in good or minimum condition by fixing unscheduled breakdown and routine scheduled, preventative and predictive operations are mitigated against the risk of breakdown, and;
- which assures service performance.

The remaining service life of a Sub-Element requires to be validated and verified at the Board's Asset Review meeting. It should be noted that re-surveys will take place within the next 5 years, or earlier, if required by the Board.

In practice, it is extremely difficult to assess accurately the remaining life of subelements and components. Where the age of the sub-element is not clear, judgement is required to make a 'best estimate' when compared with standard typical life expectancies as referred to in <u>Appendix 5</u>.

9.6 Costs to upgrade to condition B (backlog maintenance costs)

Where a sub-element is currently assessed as condition C or condition D, the cost to

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return the sub-element to condition B should be identified and risk assessed.

As detailed in <u>Section 18</u>, the life cycle replacement cost of all sub elements at Block Level requires to be assessed, irrespective of their physical condition rating.

Guidance on assessing the costs is given in <u>Section 16</u>.

Guidance on assessing the risk is given in <u>Section 17</u>.

9.7 Notes

Information about the nature and location of the required rectification work should be entered in the 'notes' section.

The purpose of the note is to inform those reading the post-survey reports on the nature and scope of the remedial works.

The narrative will not extend to a schedule of works clause and it is accepted that further post-appraisal site visits will be required in order to prepare appropriate schedules of work and/or specifications.

9.8 Remedial action

Remedial actions are only required for costed items with a remaining life of between 0 and 4 years.

The recommended remedial action should be selected from the following options:

- redecorate;
- overhaul / repair;
- replace;
- further investigation required.

Additional text should be provided to aid interpretation, where necessary.

The use of "further investigation required" should be limited to those instances where it is impossible to determine the full extent of the problem, e.g. structural cracking or a rot outbreak. In these instances, separate lines should be added for the specialist survey, and the repair, which may take the form of a provisional sum.

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10. Facet 2: statutory compliance

10.1 Levels of appraisal

The appraisal of statutory compliance will be carried out to one of the following three possible levels:

- level 1 an indication from the responsible NHS Board estates personnel that appropriate controls are in place to manage compliance with relevant legislation;
- level 2 a desktop style review of any identified outstanding items and interview of key NHS Board personnel;
- level 3 a detailed on-site compliance check of all aspects of statutory compliance.

10.2 Recommended appraisal level

The recommended appraisal level is level 2.

10.3 Ranking protocol

The standard ranking protocol does not apply to this facet as this is not deemed appropriate for statutory items which are either compliant or non compliant, therefore risk assessment is used to assess individual items.

10.4 Assessment process

It is intended that the assessment of this facet will be based on the findings from the Statutory Compliance Audit and Risk Assessment Tool (SCART) system and other property assurance information. It is however, recognised that this information may not currently be available down to block level.

Consequently, the statutory compliance facet will be assessed by identifying the scope of any known works and costs at block level against the following elements and sub-elements. These are based on SCART but with the addition of Equality Act (2010) and radiation protection and have also been further developed into a series of sub elements.

1.0 Number not used

- 2.0 Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (COSHH) Regulations 2002
- 2.01 Is Local Exhaust Ventilation Required
- 2.02 Secure Storage
- 2.03 PPE Storage and Changing
- 2.04 WHB available
- 2.05 Signage



2.99	Other
3.0	Number not used
4.0	Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment (LOLER) Regulations 1998 (incorporating SHTM, 08-02 Lifts))
4.99	Other
5.0	Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations 1992
5.01	Access
5.02	Environmental
5.03	Building Elements
5.04	Engineering Elements
5.05	Work Equipment/Machinery
5.06	Signage – H & S, Equity and Diversity
5.07	Gas Storage
5.08	Roof Lights
5.09	Safety Glazing
5.10	Radiation Protection
5.99	Other
6.0	Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) at Work Regulations 1992
6.99	Other
7.0	Provision and use of work equipment (PUWER) Regulations 1998
7.99	Other
8.0	Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment (LOLER) Regulations 1998 - (Lifting Equipment)
8.99	Other
9.0	Manual Handling Operations Regulations 2013
9.99	Other
10.0	Number not used
11.0	Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (incorporating SHTM 50)
11.99	Other
12.0	Construction, Design and Management (CDM) Regulations 2015
12 99	Other

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13.0	Acoustics
13.01	Building Solution
13.02	Engineering Solution
13.03	PPE Solution
13.99	Other
14.0	Display Screen Equipment (Health and Safety) Regulations 1992, Amended 2002
14.99	Other
15.0	Number not used
16.0	Number not used
17.0 17.99	Oil Storage - The Water Environment (Scotland) Regulations 2006 Other
18.0	Number not used
19.0	Number not used
20.0 20.99	Sterilisation (SHTM 2010) Other
21.0 21.01 21.99	Firecode, Alarm and Detection Systems (incorporating SHTM 82) Alarm and Detection Other
22.0	Number not used
23.0	Number not used
24.0	Firecode – General (incorporating SHTM 80-86 excluding SHTM 82)
24.01	Containment
24.02	Escape Lighting
24.03	Signage
24.04	Manual Fire Fighting Equipment
24.05	Sprinklers/Automatic Fire Extinguisher System
24.06	Textiles and Furniture
24.07	Fire Brigade Access etc.
24.08	
	Lightning Conductors
24.09	



24.11	Fire Exits
24.12	Fire Hydrants
24.99	Other
25.0	Number not used
26.0	Patient Bearing Equipment (including Slings)
26.99	Other
27.0	Working at Height Regulations 2005
27.01	Restricted Access
27.02	Barriers
27.03	Anchor Points
27.04	Signage
27.99	Other
28.0	Statutory/Mandatory Training
28.99	Other
29.0	Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations 1998
29.99	Other
30.0	Contractors (Control of) – (The Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999)
30.99	Other
31.0	Decontamination of Equipment
31.99	Other
32.0	Contingency Planning (Civil Contingencies Act 2004)
32.99	Other
33.0	Slips, Trips and Falls – Floor Hazards
33.99	Other

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34.0	Infection Control – HAI Level 4
34.01	Finishes and Floors, Walls, Ceilings, Doors, Windows, Fixtures and Fittings
34.02	Space around Beds and Isolation Rooms
34.03	Provision of Hand-Wash Basins, Liquid Soap Dispensers, Paper Towels an Alcohol Gel Dispensers
34.04	Provision of Facilities for Decontamination
34.05	Engineering Services
34.06	Storage
34.07	Laundry and Linen Services
34.99	Other
35.0	Steam Systems
35.99	Other
36.0	Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002
36.99	Other
37.0	Washer Disinfectors (SHTM 2030: Decontamination Guidance)
37.99	Other
38.0	Window Security
38.99	Other
39.0	Suicide Risk
39.99	Other
40.0	Asbestos 2014 - The Control of Asbestos at Work Regulations 2012
40.01	Is there an asbestos register?
40.02	Encapsulation
40.03	Removal
40.99	Other
41.0	Pressure Systems 2014
41.01	Written Scheme of Examination
41.02	Automatic Controls
41.03	Pressure Alarms
41.04	Fire Proofing of Rooms
41.05	Safe Discharge area
41.06	Schematic Diagrams
41.99	Other



42.0 Water 2014 (incorporating SHTM 04-01 and HSE Guidance Document HSG 274 Part1 to 3 &L8) & SHTM 03-02: Heat Emitters

- 42.01 Supply
- 42.02 CW Tank Storage & Distribution
- 42.03 Flushing Provision
- 42.04 CW Outlet Temperature
- 42.05 HW Tank Storage & Distribution
- 42.06 Calorifier Storage & Flow Temperature
- 42.07 Continuous Distribution Temperature
- 42.08 HW Outlet Temperature
- 42.09 Blended Water Pipework
- 42.10 Dead Legs
- 42.11 Circulation Pumps
- 42.12 Non-Return Valves
- 42.13 System Flushing Provision
- 42.14 Calorifier Open Vent
- 42.15 Calorifier Temp. Control System
- 42.16 Temp. Monitoring
- 42.17 Ductwork System
- 42.18 Steam Humidification
- 42.19 Water Bylaws
- 42.20 Outlet Temperature
- 42.21 Outlet Physical Precautions
- 42.22 Lower Max. Safe Temp.
- 42.23 Thermostatic Mixer Fail safe
- 42.24 Max. Surface Temperature (Radiators)
- 42.25 Exposed Pipework
- 42.99 Other



43.00	Confined Spaces 2014 and SHTM 08-07: Confined Spaces, Policies & Procedures
43.01	Confined Spaces Regulations 1997
43.99	Other
44.00	Heating and Ventilation 2014
44.01	Ventilation in Healthcare Premises (incorporating SHTM 03-01 Heating and Ventilating Systems Guidance)
44.99	Other
45.00	Medical Gases 2014
45.01	Medical Gas Pipeline Systems (MGPS) (Incorporating SHTM 02-01)
45.99	Other
46.00	Electrical Bedhead Services 2014
46.99	Other
47.00	Electrical - Electrical Safety Guidance for High Voltage (incorporating SHTM 06-01 and 03 Electrical Safety Guidance)
47.01	Electrical System protected from unauthorised use
47.02	Protected from damage
47.03	Emergency lighting available
47.04	Earth bonding
47.05	Signage
47.99	Other
48.00	Electrical - Electrical Safety Guidance for Low Voltage (incorporating SHTM 06-01 and 02 Electrical Safety Guidance)
48.01	Electrical System protected from unauthorised use
48.02	Protected from damage
48.03	Emergency lighting
48.04	Signage
48.05	Earth bonding
48.99	Other
49.00	Electrical- Electrical Services Supply and Distribution 2014 (incorporating SHTM 06-01)
49.01	Electrical Services (abatement of) (incorporating SHTM 06-01)
49.02	Standby Generator (Hospitals)
49.03	Emergency Lighting



49.04	Signage
49.05	Earth bonding
49.99	Other
50.00	Equality Act (2010)
50.01	Car Parking
50.02	Toilets
50.03	Visual Issues
50.04	Ramping & Handrails
50.05	Entrances & Doors
50.06	Reception Areas
50.07	Signage
50.08	Horizontal & Vertical Circulation
50.09	Internal Space
50.10	Evacuation Management Plan
50.99	Other
51.00	Radiation Protection
51.01	Additional Walls (Normal or Lead Lined)
51.02	Additional Doors (Normal or Lead Lined)
51.03	Local Exhaust Ventilation & Associated Ducting
51.04	Additional or Higher Rated Power Supply/Junction Boxes
51.05	Additional Waste/Sewerage Treatment Facilities Isolated from Mains
51.06	Creation of Restricted Access Zones
51.07	Alterations to Glass in Functional Unit
51.08	Additional Security
51.09	Lining of Rooms or Screening Built into Walls
51.10	Additional Change/Storage Facilities for Personal Protective Equipment
51.99	Other
52.00	Other
52.99	Other

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10.5 Costs to upgrade to meet statutory requirements

Any works and their associated costs require to be identified and risk assessed.

Guidance on assessing the costs is given in Section 16.

Guidance on assessing the risk is given in <u>Section 17</u>.

10.6 Avoidance of double counting

Where the physical condition and/or the functional suitability results in a breach of statutory or safety requirements, the defects should be recorded against statutory only, to avoid the risk of double cost counting. The life cycle item (where appropriate, e.g. installation of additional ventilation) should however be reported in the Physical Condition with a condition rating of B, and a remaining life equal to the life cycle period. This will ensure the life cycle replacement is included, as this is not required under statutory.

10.7 Notes

Additional information about the nature and location of the works required should be entered in the 'notes' section.

The purpose of the note is to inform those reading the post-survey reports on the nature and scope of the remedial works.

The narrative will not extend to a schedule of works clause and it is accepted that further post-appraisal site visits will be required in order to prepare appropriate schedules of work and/or specifications.

10.8 Remedial action

Additional text should be provided to aid interpretation of the recommended upgrading works, where necessary.

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11. Facet 3: Environmental management

11.1 Levels of appraisal

Each NHSScotland Board's energy and environmental data is already recorded using the national eSight Tool. This covers all hospital sites with a GIFA of 250m² or more. In addition, Boards may have an Environmental Management System and associated Sustainable Development Action Plan for improving energy and environmental performance.

To avoid duplication, the requirements for this facet are limited to inputting existing record information into ESTATEManager.

11.2 Recommended appraisal level

The recommended level of appraisal does not apply to this facet.

11.3 Ranking protocol

The standard ranking protocol does not apply to this facet.

11.4 Assessment process

The appraisal of energy management will include a consideration of the following matters:

Details of the energy consumption at each site measured in kWH/m² and recorded against block '00' with corresponding sub-elements for:

- electricity consumption;
- gas consumption, and;
- oil consumption.

The energy performance rating of the building based on the Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) (where available) based on the energy rating from the following options:

- carbon neutral;
- A;
- B;
- C:
- D:
- E:
- F;
- G:



- the carbon dioxide emissions calculated in terms of CO₂e floor area per year, and;
- the approximate current energy use/m² of floor area expressed in kWh/m².

It is recognised that EPC's may relate to an entire building, rather than neatly follow the block setup. In this instance, the EPC figures should be recorded against the largest block, with a note against any other affected blocks advising where the relevant information is recorded.

Clinical waste produced at site level, measured in tonnes.

Details of any NHS Board schemes to improve environmental performance with associated costs.

Details of water consumption at each site in cubic metres per bed.

11.5 Costings

There is no requirement to cost this facet other than costs of any schemed to improve environmental performance.

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12. Facet 4: space utilisation

12.1 Levels of appraisal

The appraisal of space utilisation will be assessed at one of the following three possible levels:

- level 1 a desktop review by an estates and/or service manager with a good understanding of the general usage of the estate;
- level 2 a combination of on-site visual inspection of each department together with discussions with users and consideration of acceptable space standards by an estates and/or service manager;
- level 3 a room by room assessment to identify the level of occupation of each room throughout a typical working day.

12.2 Recommended appraisal level

The recommended level of appraisal is Level 2.

Those Boards which have CAD drawings available may decide to carry out a detailed appraisal at level 3.

12.3 Ranking protocol

The assessment of the block requires to be appraised at departmental level and assigned a rank in accordance with the following definitions:

- E empty or grossly underused at all times (excluding temporary closure);
- U underutilised: utilisation could be significantly increased;
- F fully utilised: a satisfactory level of utilisation, or;
- O overcrowded, overloaded and facilities generally stretched.

12.4 Assessment process

When conducting an appraisal of this facet, the following matters should be considered:

The current use of the space:

- how intensively is the space being used?
- are there any rooms or areas under used?

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Use of the space over time:

- does the use vary over time?
- do occupation levels change over the working day/week?

Comparison of space with national guidance:

 how does the space compare with national guidance e.g. the Activity Database (ADB) and Scottish Health Planning Notes?

12.5 Costings

There is no requirement to cost this facet although Boards may optionally do so.

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13. Facet 5: functional suitability

13.1 Levels of appraisal

The appraisal of functional suitability will be carried out at one of the following three possible levels:

- level 1 the desktop review by an NHS Board estates and/or service manager with a good understanding of the general functionality of the accommodation;
- level 2 a combination of on-site visual inspection of each department and discussions with users about the three elements of functionality based on a broad assessment;
- level 3 a detailed on-site inspection of each department against this specific level of functionality related criteria based on a detailed assessment.

13.2 Recommended appraisal level

The recommended level of appraisal is level 2.

13.3 Ranking protocol

The assessment of each block requires to be appraised at departmental level and assigned a rank based on the following definitions:

- A very satisfactory, ideal accommodation, no change needed;
- B satisfactory with only minor change needed;
- C not satisfactory with significant change needed;
- unacceptable in its present condition, major change needed;
- supplementary rating added to D only, to indicate that it is impossible to improve without replacement.

13.4 Assessment process

The assessment should be carried out on the basis of the following three elements:

- internal space relationships;
- support facilities, and;
- location.

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13.5 Broad assessment (level 1 appraisal)

When conducting a broad assessment of this facet, the following matters should be considered:

Internal space relationships

 how efficient and effective are the relationships of the internal spaces to each other?

Support facilities

are there sufficient services supporting the function?

Location

is the space well sited in relation to other departments and access points?

13.6 Detailed assessment (level 2 and level 3 appraisals)

When conducting a detailed assessment of this facet, the following matters should be considered:

Internal space relationships

- does the accommodation allow safe and effective service delivery?
- is the available accommodation sufficient for the department to function appropriately?
- are critical rooms adequately sized?
- is good observation of patients possible?

Support facilities

- are adequate toilet and bathroom facilities available?
- is adequate storage space available?
- is adequate seating and meeting space available?
- are public areas accessible for all?

Location

- is the space well sited and located close to inter-dependent departments?
- is good access available for vertical and horizontal circulation (e.g. lifts, stairs, etc.)?
- is access sufficiently close to car parks/public transport?

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13.7 Costs to upgrade to category B

There is no requirement to cost this facet as the costs to upgrade will not be reported nationally but Boards may optionally do so.

The software has the facility to hold upgrade costs and Boards may choose to include these costs, should they wish to do so.

13.8 Notes

Additional information about the nature and location of the works required should be entered in the 'notes' section.

The purpose of the note is to inform those reading the post-survey reports on the nature and scope of the remedial works.

The narrative will not extend to a schedule of works clause and it is accepted that further post-appraisal site visits will be required in order to prepare appropriate schedules of work and/or specifications.

13.9 Remedial action

Additional text should be provided to aid interpretation of the recommended upgrading works, where necessary.

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14. Facet 6: quality

14.1 Levels of appraisal

The appraisal of quality will be carried out to one of the following three possible levels:

- level 1 a desktop review by an NHS estates and/or service manager with a good understanding of the general quality of the available accommodation based on a broad assessment;
- level 2 a combination of on-site visual inspection of each department and discussions with users about the three elements of quality based on a detailed assessment;
- level 3 a detailed assessment based on site inspection of each department against the specific set of quality related criteria.

14.2 Recommended appraisal level

The recommended level of appraisal is level 2.

14.3 Ranking protocol

The appraisal block at department level requires to be made in accordance with the following definitions:

- A a facility of excellent quality;
- a facility of satisfactory quality with only general quality improvements required;
- c a facility of less than satisfactory quality with investment needed;
- D a facility of poor quality with significant investment needed;
- improvements are either impractical or too expensive to be tenable only total rebuild or relocation will suffice.

14.4 Assessment process

The assessment should be based upon the following three elements:

- amenity;
- comfort engineering;
- design.

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14.5 Broad assessment (level 1 appraisal)

When conducting a broad assessment, the following matters should be considered:

Amenity

 does the facility/accommodation offer/attract a pleasing area for patients and staff in terms of privacy, dignity, comfort, working conditions, signposting?

Comfort engineering

 does the facility/accommodation offer an acceptable environment? Is it well lit, adequately heated and cooled, noise and odour free?

Design

• is the internal/external environment attractively designed in terms of good colour schemes, well furnished, enhanced by art, plants, landscaping, views, etc.?

14.6 Detailed assessment (level 2 and level 3 appraisals)

When conducting a detailed assessment of this facet, the following matters should be considered:

Amenity

- attracts at the main entrance/reception area/departments?
- privacy and dignity issues are addressed?
- confidential conversations can be held satisfactorily?
- toilet facilities are well provided?
- appropriate storage provisions have been made?
- disabled users are catered for?
- appropriate facilities are provided for children?
- seating and waiting areas are sufficient?
- appropriate safety and security measures are in place?
- wayfinding is visible, legible and consistent?

Comfort engineering

- artificial lighting enhances the overall design?
- comfort conditions are achieved in heating?
- comfort conditions are achieved in ventilation?
- acoustic privacy is achieved?
- noise levels are acceptable?

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persistent odours are absent?

Design

- colour is created when therapeutically used for definition and variety?
- landscaping is attractive?
- planting is optimised for all seasons?
- natural daylight is used to optimum effect?
- appropriate finishes are used for floor, ceilings and walls?
- furniture co-ordinates well with overall design?
- art and craftwork are integrated into overall design?
- interior is re-assuring and non-clinical where appropriate?
- where possible, patients and staff have pleasing views from both inside and out?
- first impressions of the entrance/reception areas are welcoming?

14.7 Costs to upgrade to category B

There is no requirement to cost this facet although Boards may optionally do so.

14.8 Notes

Additional information about the nature and location of the works required should be entered in the 'notes' section.

The purpose of the note is to inform those reading the post-survey reports on the nature and scope of the remedial works.

The narrative will not extend to a schedule of works clause and it is accepted that further post-appraisal site visits will be required in order to prepare appropriate schedules of work and/or specifications.

14.9 Remedial action

Additional text should be provided to aid interpretation of the recommended upgrading works, where necessary.

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15. Appraisal aggregation

15.1 Producing an overall rating

As detailed earlier, the objective of the exercise is to ensure that the estate as an asset supports healthcare service delivery by providing the right facilities, in the right place, at the right time.

The purpose of the appraisal is to establish what it will cost to return the NHS estate in Scotland to an acceptable standard and to identify opportunities for adaptation and rationalisation as a baseline assessment for developing a PAMS.

To ensure the consistency of the appraisal across the entire estate, the six facet approach has been adopted. The use of a new computerised database, ESTATEManager, will allow the large amounts of data to be stored, manipulated and interrogated easily. This will enable output reports to be generated summarising the performance across the estate.

The appraisal is however, dependent on subjective assessment, based on the ranking of each element and sub-element of the six facets and this requires a pragmatic approach, based upon observation and interviews with knowledgeable NHS estate personnel.

15.2 Physical condition

For physical condition, the condition of each sub-element requires to be assessed and assigned a category based on the ranking protocol.

The range of ranks of each of the sub-elements should then be considered and a pragmatic approach adopted to arrive at an aggregate category ranking for each element.

The range of ranks assigned to each of the building and engineering elements should then in turn be considered and an aggregate rank established for the building and engineering elements at block level (level 3).

Finally, an overall assessment of the physical condition at block level (level 3) should be assessed by combining the aggregated rankings for the building and engineering elements.

15.3 Statutory compliance and environmental management

As ranking protocols do not apply to these two facets, appraisal aggregation is not relevant.

15.4 Space utilisation, functional suitability and quality

For these three facets, a pragmatic approach is required to arrive at an aggregate category ranking of each facet at block level (level 3).

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16. Costing of identified remedial/upgrading works

16.1 Backlog maintenance costs

Backlog maintenance costs are those required to bring any estate assets that are below acceptable standards, up to an acceptable condition, condition B with 5 or more years remaining life. This relates to their physical condition or which do not comply with mandatory fire safety requirements and statutory safety legislation.

Backlog maintenance costs are required to be expressed as works costs (i.e. base costs to undertake works) and these will exclude:

- professional fees;
- value added tax;
- contingencies;
- risk:
- decanting;
- temporary services to other areas;
- overtime/out of hours working, and;
- disruption.

Costs should reflect current prices as at 1st Quarter, 2018. Aged costs will require to be updated using Building Cost Information Service (BCIS) cost indices. Guidance on updating aged cost data is given in Section 6.5.

Costs will be updated annually in the future.

16.2 Assessment of costs

Having identified the nature of the remedial works and the anticipated life remaining, it is necessary to estimate the cost of each work item. To facilitate this, the total sub-element quantity/area should be measured, calculated and noted, together with the relevant percentage that is assessed as being defective.

Prices should then be calculated using the guidance provided in the schedule of rates enclosed as Appendix 6.

16.3 Rounding of costs

All backlog maintenance costs and remedial/upgrading costs are indicative only, and are based on a high level appraisal rather than a detailed condition survey. As such, all costs should be rounded up to the nearest £100.00.

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16.4 De minimis threshold for costs

There will be a de minimis threshold of £100.00 for individual items of disrepair subject to the following;

- items of disrepair that in the absence of any remedial intervention, and within a three year period, could lead or cause further deterioration either to the subject element or other element(s) resulting in a remedial cost in excess of £100.00;
- where there is a recurrent defect giving rise to a number of defects similar in nature but otherwise isolated then these should be grouped and the aggregated cost applied against the de minimis threshold;
- items that represent a health and safety risk should be recorded as for other items of disrepair regardless of cost.

Minor day-to-day maintenance and minor routine works (e.g. inspection; servicing; cleaning; etc.) shall be excluded from the survey, however where this affects the condition of the building, e.g. gutters are blocked with vegetation growth, a single event item may be reported. This would likely be condition C with a remaining life of 0 years, and a life cycle period of 0 years.

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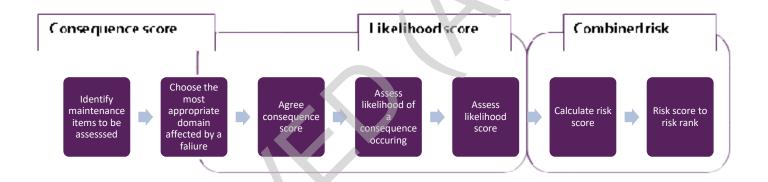
17. Risk assessment process

17.1 The risk assessment

In order to identify high risk factors in the estate which need to be addressed urgently in comparison to those that can be programmed into an estate investment planning process over a longer period, it is necessary to carry out a risk assessment of those items in category B (with a remaining life of < 5 years), category C, and category D, where remedial action costs have been identified. Risk assessments of future life cycle cost replacements, i.e. where the remaining life is 5 years or greater, are not required.

Risks should be assessed according to the likelihood that the risk will be realised and the potential adverse consequence that might arise from the risk being assessed. This will produce a final risk score and ranking for each sub-element. The risk assessment process is outlined below.

Table 17.1: Risk Assessment Overview



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For each item being addressed, a 'consequence' score of 1-5 should be assigned based on the potential adverse consequence that might arise as a result of the failure based on the following:

Table 17.2: Consequence matrix

Table 17.2: Consequence matrix					
Consequence domain					
Score	Consequence	Health & Safety	Environment	Business	Operational/ building/ engineering elements
1	Insignificant	No injury / breach of guidance / procedures	No or minimal impact breach of guidance / procedures	Unlikely cause of complaint. Litigation remote. Minimal reputation loss / limited awareness within organisation	Minimal or no impact. Minimal or no disruption
2	Minor	Minor injury / ill health. Breach of legal requirement	Single breach of legal requirement	Possible complaint. Litigation unlikely. Loss of reputation	Localised impact. Disruption to normal services
3	Moderate	Moderate injury / ill health. Breach of statutory obligations. Improvement notice issued	Single breach of legal requirement. Improvement notice issued	Possible complaint. Possible litigation. Loss of reputation. National paper reporting	Moderate impact. Moderate disruption to normal services
4	Major	Major / significant injury or long term incapacity / disablement. Prohibition notice issued	Multiple breach of legal requirement. Prohibition notice issued	Litigation expected. Loss of reputation. National reporting	Major / significant impact. Severe disruption to normal services
5	Catastrophic	Fatality and / or permanent incapacity / disability. Prosecution	Multiple breach of legal requirement. Prosecution.	Litigation certain. National adverse publicity	Critical impact. Service closure

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For each item being assessed a 'likelihood' score of 1-5 should be assigned based on the likelihood that the risk will be realised, based on the following:

Table 17.3: Risk Likelihood Scores and Definitions

Caars	Likelihood	Likelihand Indicator	Operational building /	Estimated Time
Score	LIKEIINOOA	Likelihood Indicator	Operational building / engineering elements	Estimated Time to Failure
1	Rare	Little chance of occurrence (can't believe this event would happen) – will only happen in exceptional circumstances	No or minimal remedial action required and / or new / recent upgrade	5 – 10 years
2	Unlikely	Probably won't occur (not expected to happen, but definite potential exists – unlikely to occur)	Normal wear and tear. Sound, operationally safe and exhibits only minor deterioration	Circa 2 - 5 years
3	Possible	May occur (may occur occasionally, has happened before on occasions – reasonable chance of occurring)	Reasonable physical damage / deterioration.	Annually
4	Likely	Probably will occur (strong possibility that this could occur – likely to happen)	Major physical damage / deterioration. Failure apparent / assessed as imminent or unacceptable	Quarterly
5	Almost Certain	This is expected to occur frequently / in most circumstances – more likely to occur than not	Failure has occurred. Unacceptable	Daily / weekly / monthly

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17.2 Risk score and risk ranking calculation

By multiplying the consequence scores and the likelihood score, a risk score can be produced.

consequence score x likelihood score = Risk Score

From the risk score, a risk ranking is obtained from table 17.4:

Table 17	7.4: Risk	Scores	and	Rankings
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Score Range		Risk Ranking	Colour Coding
1-6	Low		Blue
7-10	Moderate		Green
11-16	Significant		Yellow
17-25	High		Red

17.3 Boards Risk Assessment

This guidance is based on "Property Appraisal Guidance for NHSScotland - A Risk Based Methodology for Property Appraisal (version D1.1 – October 2016)" and uses a five by five matrix to assess organisational risk as a result of the building elements failing. There are four areas of consequence domain in the Risk Based Methodology for Property Appraisal as follows (refer to risk assessment section 17.1):

- Health and Safety
- Environment
- Business
- Operational/building/engineering element.

Boards should apply the Risk Based Methodology for Property Appraisal guidance in order to determine organisational risk and ensure that the correct risk categories of low, moderate, significant and high risk are applied.

The Risk Based Methodology for Property Appraisal guidance has a high risk ranking when the score is between 17 and 25. This occurs when the consequence is either major or catastrophic – which could cause injury or a fatality, breach of legal requirement, litigation is expected or certain and major or critical impact on service delivery or service closure. For a high risk score, the likelihood of this occurring is likely or certain.

Whilst external Consultants are able to apply their view on risk, only the Boards have the detailed business knowledge to classify properly and apportion the risks. Boards should ensure that they are in agreement with the outcome of the risk assessment process and the categories into which the risks fall. It will be the Boards responsibility to ensure that risks are correctly categorised in respect of all domains but, in particular, business continuity, using their detailed business/service knowledge under each of the four areas of consequence. They should also consider which of these risks need to be reported through the Board's risk management governance arrangements.

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An example of this may be if window elements are ready to fail. If some of them were located at high level adjacent to staff and public areas, then these should have a higher risk rating than those located at low level and away from staff or public areas. When assessing such risks, the Risk Based Methodology for Property Appraisal guidance suggests: "Choose the most appropriate domain that will be affected by the failure of the risk item" (refer to risk assessment section). In this example, the consequence of failure of the high level windows could be a 'Health & Safety' consequence domain with a score of 5 (catastrophic), whereas the low level windows could be more of an 'Operational / building / engineering element' with a score of 2 (minor). Using best judgement, a different consequence domain could be used for the two different examples.

This example is detailed as follows:

	Consequence	Likelihood	Overall Score	Rating
30% of windows located at high level adjacent to a staff or public area	5 – Catastrophic, Under the Health & Safety consequence domain: Fatality and/or permanent incapacity / disability. Prosecution.	4 – Likely as there is major physical damage to the windows and failure is imminent.	20	High
70% of windows located at low level and away from staff or public areas.	2 – Minor, Under the Operational / building / engineering element consequence domain: this could cause localised impact. Minor disruption to normal services.	4 – Likely as there is major physical damage to the windows and failure is imminent.	8	Moderate

In terms of allocation of costs, if the total backlog was £100,000 for the windows then based on the above £30,000 would be apportioned to high risk and £70,000 to moderate risk. Obviously in this scenario, Boards would be expected to address the high risk category items as a matter of urgency.

On the other hand, a further example could be:

A roof may be noted as a costed item of £50,000 with only one or two years remaining and this may be apparently over a stores area being given a consequence score of 2 (minor) and a likelihood score of 4 (likely) as there is major physical damage/deterioration. However, 25% of this roof may be located over a CT scanner and therefore could have a consequence score of 5 (catastrophic) and a likelihood score of 4 (likely).

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This example is detailed as follows:

	Consequence	Likelihood	Overall Score	Rating
25% of roof located over a CT scanner.	5 – Catastrophic. Under the Operational / building / engineering element this could have critical Impact. Service closure.	4 – Likely as there is major physical damage / deterioration to the roof and failure is imminent.	20	High
75% of roof is located over a stores area.	2 – Minor. Under the Operational / building / engineering element this could have localised impact. Minor disruption to normal services.	4 – Likely as there is major physical damage / deterioration to the roof and failure is imminent.	8	Moderate

This would apportion 25% of the backlog cost for the roof as high risk which is £12,500 and the other 75% as moderate risk which is £37,500. Again, the Boards would be expected to remove the high risk category items as a matter of urgency.

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PART 3: Life Cycle Information

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18. Life Cycle Information

18.1 Levels of appraisal

The appraisal for Life Cycle will be assessed at one of the following three possible levels:

- Level 1 Use of lifecycle models prepared by the supplier (VFA) that are allocated at block level depending on use/type of block;
- Level 2 on site visual inspection at block level to identify the condition of the elements and sub-elements at component /system level to assess remaining life and life cycle replacements based on cost/m² of gross internal floor area or area of the element/sub element;
- Level 3 a detailed inspection at room level to identify the condition of the elements and sub-elements at component/ system level to assess remaining life and life cycle replacements. This would include site measurements to calculate the gross internal floor areas and quantities of the sub-elements and components.

18.2 Recommended appraisal level

The recommended appraisal level is level 2.

The properties prioritised/selected for the national exercise will be appraised at Level 2.

NHS NSS's objective is to have full lifecycle costing records available based on observed information at component/ system level for all of the estate. However the interim position is to create 'Academic' Level 1 life cycle models at block level based on costs/m² of gross internal floor area.

These models will subsequently be updated and overwritten once more accurate observed information is available through Level 2 surveys.

Boards may wish to consider appointing a Survey Partner or allocating their own resources to carry out Level 3 inspections if these are desired.

18.3 Ranking protocol

The standard ranking protocol does not apply to Capital Planning.

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18.4 Assessment process

Elements and sub-elements

The remaining life and life cycle replacements of the estate will be assessed on the basis of the same 20 building and engineering elements and sub-elements as utilised in the Physical Condition surveys.

1.0 Str	ucture
---------	--------

- 1.01 Substructure
- 1.02 Frames
- 1.03 Floors and Stairs
- 1.04 Roofs
- 1.99 Other

2.0 External Fabric

- 2.01 External Walls and Finishes
- 2.02 Windows and Ironmongery
- 2.03 External Doors and Ironmongery
- 2.04 External Cladding/Eaves Detail
- 2.05 External Decoration
- 2.99 Other

3.0 Roof

- 3.01 Coverings Pitched
- 3.02 Coverings Flat
- 3.03 Roof Lights
- 3.04 Rainwater Goods
- 3.05 Chimney Stacks and Parapet Walls
- 3.99 Other

4.0 Internal Fabric

- 4.01 Internal Walls and Finishes
- 4.02 Floor Coverings
- 4.03 Ceilings Finishes
- 4.04 Ceilings Suspended
- 4.05 Internal Doors and Ironmongery
- 4.06 Internal Decoration
- 4.99 Other



5.0	Internal Fittings and Fixtures
5.01	Sanitary Ware/Fittings
5.02	Unit Furniture
5.03	Internal Fittings and Furniture
5.99	Other
6.0	External Grounds and Gardens
6.01	Landscaping
6.02	Walls, Fencing and Gates
6.03	Roads and Car Parks
6.04	Paths and Paved Areas
6.05	External Fittings and Furniture
6.06	Ancillary Buildings
6.99	Other
7.0	Drainage and External Services
7.01	Drainage/Sewerage
7.02	External Utilities Infrastructure
7.03	Site Lighting
7.04	Lightning Protection
7.05	CCTV (External)
7.99	Other
8.0	Fuel Storage and Distribution
8.01	Fuel Supply/Distribution
8.02	Storage
8.99	Other
9.0	Boilers and Calorifiers
9.01	Boiler Plant
9.02	Pressurisation Plant
9.03	Calorifiers/Heat Exchangers
9.04	Flues
9.05	Controls/Meters
9.06	Insulation
9.99	Other



10.0 Steam Systems

- 10.01 Distribution Pipework
- 10.02 Valves
- 10.03 Controls
- 10.04 Meters
- 10.05 Condense Systems
- 10.06 Insulation
- 10.99 Other

11.0 Heating Systems

- 11.01 Distribution Pipework
- 11.02 Heat Emitters
- 11.03 Controls
- 11.04 Heating Pumps
- 11.05 Insulation
- 11.99 Other

12.0 Ventilation Systems

- 12.01 Ventilation Plant
- 12.02 Distribution Ductwork
- 12.03 Automatic Fire Dampers and Control Panel
- 12.04 Controls
- 12.05 Room Split/Chillers/Compressors
- 12.06 Chillers/Cooling Systems
- 12.99 Other

13.0 Medical Gas Systems

- 13.01 Vacuum Insulated Evaporators
- 13.02 Distribution
- 13.03 Manifolds
- 13.04 Gas Cylinder Storage
- 13.05 Outlets
- 13.06 Alarm Systems
- 13.07 Medical Air Compressors/Vacuum Pumps
- 13.99 Other



14.0 Hot and Cold Water Systems

- 14.01 Water Storage and Header Tanks
- 14.02 Water Treatment Plant
- 14.03 Distribution Pipework
- 14.04 Pumps
- 14.05 Valves/Controls
- 14.06 Water Heaters
- 14.07 Insulation
- 14.99 Other

15.0 Lifts and Hoists

- 15.01 Passenger Lifts
- 15.02 Goods Lifts
- 15.03 Hoists
- 15.04 Control Panel
- 15.99 Other

16.0 Fixed Plant/Equipment

- 16.01 Sterilisers
- 16.02 Bedpan Disposal
- 16.03 Disinfection Equipment
- 16.04 Catering Equipment
- 16.05 Laundry Equipment
- 16.06 Miscellaneous Equipment
- 16.09 Other

17.0 Electrical System

- 17.01 HV Network
- 17.02 Generators
- 17.03 Switchgear
- 17.04 Distribution Boards
- 17.05 Wiring Systems/Bonding
- 17.06 Fittings
- 17.07 Luminaires
- 17.08 Emergency Luminaires
- 17.99 Other



18.0 Communication Systems

- 18.01 Telephone Systems
- 18.02 Data Transmission
- 18.03 Paging Systems
- 18.04 Nurse Call Systems
- 18.05 Radio and Television Systems
- 18.06 Bedhead Services
- 18.99 Other

19.0 Alarms and Detection Systems

- 19.01 Fire Alarm Panels
- 19.02 Fire Alarm Wiring System
- 19.03 Security Systems
- 19.04 CCTV (Internal)
- 19.05 Panic Attack System
- 19.06 Other Alarm Systems
- 19.99 Other

20.0 Building Management Control System

- 20.01 Building Management System
- 20.99 Other

To carry out capital planning effectively, it is necessary to establish the baseline for the assets to enable their performance to be analysed before creating a prioritised action plan.

The appraisal comprises an assessment of the following primary data components:

- Asset type
- Component type
- Data of installation / remaining life
 - Backlog maintenance cost
- Programmed maintenance
- Life cycle periods and replacement costs projected forward over the anticipated lifespan of the asset

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Once the baseline information has been established the data should be populated into toolkit templates provided by the software supplier.

On completion of a lifecycle survey, the Estate Asset Management System should be updated to show that this has occurred by ticking the 'lifecycle assess' box provided in the Property Details tab of the system.

18.5 Academic Life Cycle Models (Level 1 Appraisal)

For the interim high level Academic Life Cycles Models, detailed information on the actual design and materials of construction is not required as the model is based on generic cost rates and the Gross Internal Floor Area of the assets at Block Level dependent on the type of block.

18.6 On-Site Assessment at Block Level of the Component/Systems (Level 2 Appraisal)

This level of analysis is used for assessing the comparable costs of different choices of systems, elements or components for detailed cost planning purposes and requiring an on-site visual inspection of each block.

For carrying out the more detailed component/ system level life cycle costing, basic Asset Register information needs to be gathered for the various buildings at Block Level identifying the form and materials of construction of the elements and sub-elements, so that the appropriate life cycle can be based on the actual construction of the buildings. For example, the life expectancy of a pitched, slated roof will be different from that of a flat roof with a bituminous felt covering.

18.7 Date of Construction

The date of construction is used by the Capital Planning System for calculating the starting point for the various life cycles of the elements/sub elements.

The date of construction of each building at Block level requires to be assessed. Where the actual year of construction is not known, age band categories are given for guidance purposes however, EAMS requires a specific year of construction to be entered in the system.

18.8 Remaining Life of Sub Elements at Component/System Level

The remaining life of each sub-element requires to be estimated and expressed in years. This should be judged based on a consideration of the following information:

- the age of the sub-element, if known;
- the date of construction of the building, if known;
- the date of installation of the building services, if known;
- evidence of deterioration.

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However, Sub-Elements ranked as Condition B and where their remaining service life is less than 5 years requires to be assessed.

For items where the standard life expectancies result in items failing within 5 years, their service life can remain as 5 years if the following criteria and supporting information are in place:

- remains safe and fit for purpose;
- continue to meet or exceed minimum performance requirements;
- that documented evidence demonstrates that the regular work done to keep the Sub-Element in good or minimum condition by fixing the unscheduled breakdown and routine scheduled, preventative and predictive operations are mitigated against the risk of breakdown, and;
- that assures service performance.

The remaining service life of a Sub-Element requires to be validated and verified at the Board's Asset Review meeting. It should be noted that re-surveys will take place within the next 5 years or earlier if required by the Board. In practice, it is extremely difficult to assess accurately the remaining life of sub-elements and components. Where the age of the sub-element is not clear, judgement is required to make a 'best estimate' when compared with standard typical life expectancies as referred to in Appendix 5.

An assessment of the remaining life for all elements and sub-elements "Locations" within the Blocks is required and expressed in years. This will be an estimate of the typical life for each type of element/sub-element/component.

A "Location" within a Block is a free text description picked from a generic list to aid data entry such as "Whole Block", "Basement", "Roof", "Front Elevation", Department, etc.

For the avoidance of doubt, it is expected that the Physical Condition survey and the life cycle be recorded on the same line of data on the toolkit spreadsheet, although separate lines may be utilised where appropriate.

18.9 Life Cycle

The appropriate life cycle period of the elements and sub-elements requires to be assessed.

The EAMS software contains a cell for "Life cycle" in addition to the remaining life cell. The life cycle replacement for all elements and sub-elements needs to be assessed in addition to the assessment of their remaining life and irrespective of their current condition.

The start dates of the life cycle in the model are based on the date of construction but these will need to be adjusted to reflect the current condition of the buildings to reflect where each element/sub element is in its typical life expectancy. This will allow the frequency of the cycles to be adjusted accordingly.

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The Capital Planning System allows for adjustment of the lifetime for those systems that have had works completed within the Backlog Maintenance 5 year period.

Any costed items where a life cycle period is not appropriate (known as a single The Capital Planning System allows for adjustment of the lifetime for those systems that have had works completed within the Backlog Maintenance 5 year period.

18.10 Quantity/Areas

A key element of the EAMS and the Capital Planning Systems is the gross internal floor area (GIFA) as all costs relate to a rate/m² of GIFA as detailed below.

As the floor area data will be imported from EAMS any amendments to the floor area should be made within EAMS and not within the Capital Planning system.

In ESTATEManager, a "quantity" can be an area, a volume or a count and, if required, can be uploaded from the Block GIFA.

To carry out a detailed measured survey exercise of the entire NHSScotland Estate would be unaffordable. A workable compromise is for the Survey Partner to adopt a pragmatic approach to assess the gross internal floor area at block level. If the Survey Partner considers there is significant difference between the provided Gross Internal Floor Area and the actual Gross Internal Floor Area for each block then the Survey Partner should assess the Gross Internal Floor Area at block level, through a combination of the following means:-

- Where available, using Promap or Google Maps / Google Earth / Bing Maps to
 establish the footprint of the building to enable a Polyline area to be calculated
 and multiplied by the number of floors to establish the gross external floor area,
 modified by a reduction percentage appropriate to the age and form of
 construction of the Block to arrive at an Assessed Gross Internal Floor Area
 (AGIFA);
- Carrying out a desk study of any available scaled floor plan drawings to calculate approximate quantities for the components, sub components and services installations;
- Where record information cannot be gained from a desktop study, carrying out additional spot checks of dimensions and quantities on site.

Note: this will not include for carrying out a full measured survey to establish gross internal floor areas or elemental quantities.

This approach will not identify the respective areas of different types of floor coverings or between flat and pitched roof coverings and will only provide high level area information.

18.11 Rate/Cost Information

Backlog maintenance costs and life cycle replacement costs are assessed by the Survey Partner and uploaded into ESTATEManager.

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Lifecycle costs for a Level 1 Assessment have been pre-agreed.

Lifecycle costs for a Level 2 Assessment will be calculated by the Survey Partner by applying the component rate within the overall rate/m² against the GIFA of the block or area of the sub element at component/system level and recorded against the year identified by the Survey Partner for the life cycle of the location within each block.

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PART 4: The Survey Process

This part of the document outlines the survey process which will be utilised for the national Health Facilities Scotland comission with the appointed Survey Partner. In addition, Boards may use this part of the document for appointing and briefing their own consultant/Survey Partner, or for their own staff to allow an understanding of the process.

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19. Arranging access

19.1 Access arrangements

A key issue for the smooth execution of the survey phase of this project is to ensure that continuity of inspection can be provided for the survey teams.

Arranging access for smaller buildings may be relatively straightforward. However, for more complex sites such as Acute Hospitals where there is a variety of buildings and departments the arrangements for access need to be carefully co-ordinated.

The Survey Partner teams will be multi-disciplined. Due to the different types of inspections carried out, surveyors and engineers work at different rates and they may not visit the various buildings at the same time.

It will therefore be necessary for each Board to provide the Survey Partner with an appropriate letter of authority, a detailed list of contact names, telephone numbers and email addresses down to block level to enable access for the inspections to be arranged. It is recognised that some Boards have access protocols in place which will assist the survey partner in gaining unrestricted access.

Additional arrangements will be required where properties are currently vacant to ensure that keys can be made available as and when required.

To secure continuity of inspection, a designated member of the Survey Partner team will act as access co-ordinator, responsible for contacting the person in charge of each site/building/department prior to the proposed inspection dates to make appropriate arrangements for site access and inductions for the inspection.

Any difficulties in arranging access to individual sites will be referred to the appropriate NHSScotland Board representatives for resolution.

Special arrangements may be necessary for certain facilities e.g. mental health.

19.2 Survey hours

Survey teams will carry out the majority of the inspections during normal business hours, 8.30am to 5.00pm, Monday to Friday.

It is expected that the survey teams will discuss and agree access requirements with the person in charge at site so that each site, building and department is inspected.

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20. Survey structure

20.1 The appraisal process

The purpose of the building appraisal is to collect information on the current condition and performance of the NHS estate in Scotland. To achieve consistency of approach in data collection and reporting, each building asset is being ranked against the six facets to enable the overall condition of the NHS estate in Scotland to be assessed.

A pragmatic approach is required to the process of collecting data and the output represents a 'snapshot' in time at a strategic high level. Detailed inspections and reports are outwith the scope of this current project.

The appraisals will be carried out by a large team rather than by one person and to ensure consistency of approach, the systems and procedures set out in this Property Appraisal Manual will be followed.

20.2 Scope of inspection

The survey team inspections will include a visual, non-disruptive examination of the accessible building fabric and building services including external areas but they will not include those parts of the structure or its services which are built in, covered up and made inaccessible in the normal course of construction, fitting out or occupation.

The building appraisals will generally be undertaken from ground level but where safe access is available, will also be inspected flat and pitched roof areas of the estate and any void areas.

The appraisal of the building services will include plant rooms, energy centres and other restricted areas where access can be made available by the appropriate authorised Board personnel at the date of inspection.

Where survey teams are unable to gain safe means of access, any areas not inspected will be highlighted in the report, although these should still be costed to ensure the integrity of the life cycle data.

As part of the property summary to be prepared for each site, the Survey Partner will identify any areas of the estate which require further investigation.

Where practicable, will also be identified the need for further specialist examinations or tests where these are considered necessary.

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20.3 Urgent issues

During the course of inspection, if the appointed Survey Partner identifies any health and safety issues which require urgent or emergency action to be taken, the relevant contact point within the Board will be contacted immediately by telephone or email. In addition, Health Facilities Scotland will be advised for information only.

Thereafter, an urgent issue report will be issued using the pro-forma included as Appendix 8.

20.4 Survey exclusions

The inspections conducted under this project will not extend to the following:

- lifting of manhole and inspection covers;
- underground drainage surveys;
- water testing (e.g. Legionella; water quality).

The following elements/features are also expressly excluded from the survey:

- IT infrastructure, equipment and fittings;
- portable appliances including fire fighting appliances;
- specialist medical equipment;
- unfixed fixtures and fittings;
- white goods.

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21. Survey collection systems

21.1 Collecting survey data

There are a variety of options available for collecting the survey data including:

- manual paper based systems;
- tablet computers;
- hand-held PDA devices.

Paper based forms are being used for the purposes of the property appraisals being undertaken on the national commission. However, when Boards are undertaking their own data collection on an ongoing basis, it may be worth considering the use of electronic data collection methods. This may require an investment in information technology hardware.

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22. Survey data

22.1 Data collection

The proforma data collection sheets have been prepared for each of the six facets.

Copies of the proformas are included as Appendix 8.

22.2 General

Surveyor name

The name of the Survey Partner and Surveyor/Engineer carrying out the appraisal.

Survey date

The date of the inspection.

22.3 Site data items (Level 2)

Organisation name

The NHS organisation that owns, leases or occupies the site.

Site code

A unique SRN that identifies a site owned, leased or occupied by an NHS organisation.

Site codes to be provided by NHSScotland.

Site name

A name by which a site is known.

Site names to be provided by NHSScotland.

Site type

The primary use of the site.

Site area

The site area of the site in hectares.

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22.4 Block data items (Level 3)

Block No

A code, unique within a site, that identifies a specific block.

Block numbers to be provided by NHSScotland.

Block name

A name by which a block is known.

Block names to be provided by NHSScotland.

Block general description (construction narrative)

A general textual description of the type, size and construction of the block.

E.g. large two storey Victorian building with multiple c1960's infills and extensions. Masonry elevations, clay pantile clad pitched roofs to main areas, flat roofs to other areas, majority of windows are Crittal steel casements.

Build year

The approximate date the block was built.

A four digit year value (e.g. 1985).

Organisation name

The NHS organisation that is the owner, the main occupier or responsible for the block.

Block Gross Internal Area (GIA)

The GIA of the whole block in square metres.

Estimated GIA flag

If the GIA is an estimated value rather than an accurate value from CAD plans, then the estimated flag shall be set to true.

Block photograph

A photograph of the front elevation of the block.

Block fabric condition grade

Having regard to the building fabric condition data collected during the inspection, the block as a whole shall be assigned an overall building fabric condition grade.

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Block fabric executive summary

A brief narrative providing an overview of the main findings of the building fabric appraisal and other observations, at block level, identified during the inspection.

Block engineering services condition grade

Having regard to the Mechanical and Electrical (M&E) condition data collected during the surveys, the block as a whole shall be assigned an overall M&E condition grade.

Block engineering services executive summary

A brief narrative providing an overview of the main findings of the M&E appraisal and other observations at block level, identified during the inspection.

22.5 Location data items (Level 4)

Zone/location name

A designation given to an internal or external area of a block. This may be a collection of rooms in a block as defined by occupation e.g. a department name; a collection of rooms in a block as defined by a physical attribute e.g. a floor level or an external area of a block e.g. elevation 01.

When the information is collected against departments then it is entered against what we call 'pseudo' rooms i.e. the room record is being used simply as a representation of that department area and does not tie in to the physical structure in the same way as individual room records do. 'Pseudo' rooms should be prefixed with the letter 'PS' so that it is obvious that they are not physical rooms e.g. PS001, PS002 etc. This also means that at a later date the physical room numbers can be populated without needing to delete or re-number the 'pseudo' rooms before entering real room's data.

For small to medium sized blocks there is likely to be only one zone/location per block (i.e. the whole block).

For larger blocks that have multiple occupants they should be sub-divided into smaller zones/locations normally delineated by departmental occupancy or the physical structure (e.g. floor levels). In these instances the building envelope and engineering services should be assessed for the whole block whereas the internal elements should be assessed for each department/zone/location.

Facet

In ESTATEManager, the six facets are represented by the following 9 tabs:

01 – building } Physical condition02 – engineering } Physical condition

03 – function

04 - space

05 – quality

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06 – statutory } Statutory compliance 07 – fire } Statutory compliance 08 – equality Act (2010) } Statutory compliance 09 – environment

Physical condition elements

The elements related to the above physical condition facet are:

Facet: building

- 01 Structure
- 02 External Fabric
- 03 Roof
- 04 Internal Fabric
- 05 Internal Fittings and Fixtures
- 06 External Grounds and Gardens

Facet: engineering services

- 07 Drainage and External Services
- 08 Fuel Storage and Distribution
- 09 Boilers and Calorifiers
- 10 Steam Systems
- 11 Heating Systems
- 12 Ventilation Systems
- 13 Medical Gas Systems
- 14 Hot and Cold Water Systems
- 15 Lifts and Hoists
- 16 Fixed Plant/Equipment
- 17 Electrical Systems
- 18 Communication Systems
- 19 Alarms and Detection Systems
- 20 Building Management Control System

Sub-elements

- 1.01 Substructure
- 1.02 Frames
- 1.03 Floors and Stairs
- 1.04 Roofs
- 1.99 Other

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2.01	External Walls and Finishes
2.02	Windows and Ironmongery
2.03	External Doors and Ironmongery
2.04	External Cladding/Eaves Detail
2.05	External Decoration
2.99	Other
3.01	Coverings – Pitched
3.02	Coverings – Flat
3.03	Roof Lights
3.04	Rainwater Goods
3.05	Chimney Stacks and Parapet Walls
3.99	Other
4.01	Internal Walls and Finishes
4.02	Floor Coverings
4.03	Ceilings Finishes
4.04	Ceilings - Suspended
4.05	Internal Doors and Ironmongery
4.06	Internal Decoration
4.99	Other
5.01	Sanitary Ware/Fittings
5.02	Unit Furniture
5.03	Internal Fittings and Furniture
5.99	Other
6.01	Landscaping
6.02	Walls, Fencing and Gates
6.03	Roads and Car Parks
6.04	Paths and Paved Areas
6.05	External Fittings and Fixtures
6.06	Ancillary Buildings
6.99	Other
7.01	Drainage/Sewerage
7.02	External Utilities Infrastructure
7.03	Site Lighting
7 04	Lightning Protection

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7.05 7.99	CCTV (External) Other
8.01 8.02 8.99	Fuel Supply/Storage/Distribution DHW Storage/Non-Storage Other
9.01 9.02 9.03 9.04 9.05 9.06 9.99	Boiler Plant Pressurisation Plant Calorifiers/Heat Exchangers Flues Controls/Meters Insulation Other
10.01 10.02 10.03 10.04 10.05 10.06 10.99	Distribution Pipework Valves Controls Meters Condense Systems Insulation Other
11.01 11.02 11.03 11.04 11.05 11.99	Distribution Pipework Heat Emitters Controls Heating Pumps Insulation Other
12.01 12.02 12.03 12.04 12.05 12.06	Ventilation Plant Distribution Ductwork Automatic Fire Dampers and Control Panel Controls Room Split/Chillers/Compressors Chillers/Cooling Systems
12.99	Other

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13.01	Vacuum Insulated Evaporators
13.02	Distribution
13.03	Manifolds
13.04	Gas Cylinder Storage
13.05	Outlets
13.06	Alarm Systems
13.07	Medical Air Compressors/Vacuum Pumps
13.99	Other
14.01	Water Storage and Header Tanks
14.02	Water Treatment Plant
14.03	Distribution Pipework
14.04	Pumps
14.05	Valves/Controls
14.06	Water Heaters
14.07	Insulation
14.99	Other
15.01	Passenger Lifts
15.02	Goods Lifts
15.03	Hoists
15.04	Control Panel
15.99	Other
16.01	Sterilisers
16.02	Bedpan Disposal
16.03	Disinfection Equipment
16.04	Catering Equipment
16.05	Laundry Equipment
16.06	Miscellaneous Equipment
16.99	Other
17.01	HV Network
17.02	Generators
17.03	Switchgear
17.04	Distribution Boards
17.05	Wiring Systems/Bonding
17.06	Fittings
17.07	Luminaires

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17.08	Emergency Luminaires
17.99	Other
18.01	Telephone Systems
18.02	Data Transmission
18.03	Paging Systems
18.04	Nurse Call Systems
18.05	Radio and Television Systems
18.06	Bedhead Services
18.99	Other
19.01	Fire Alarm Panels
19.02	Fire Alarm Wiring System
19.03	Security Systems
19.04	CCTV (Internal)
19.05	Panic Attack System
19.06	Other Alarm Systems
19.99	Other
20.01	Building Management System
20.99	Other

Condition grade

Each sub-element shall be assigned a condition grade.

The external fabric elements 01 structure, 02 external fabric and 03 roof should be assessed for the whole block.

The external fabric element 06 external grounds and gardens should be assessed against block level '00', as well as individual blocks where private gardens or courtyards are present.

The internal fabric elements 04 internal fabric and 05 internal fixtures and fittings should be assessed for each specified block.

The engineering services 07-20, inclusive, should be assessed for the entire installation on a whole building basis. In cases where the whole building has been split into more than one block, the engineering services elements should be assessed and recorded against the first block level '01' in the list of blocks for that building.

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Remaining life

The remaining life of the item in years. As a guide, any items condition C or below would be expected to have a remaining life of 0 as they are not operating as intended.

Life Cycle

In addition to the remaining life of the item, the period in years of when the item will reach the end of its useful life and will need to be replaced.

Year allocation

The year that it is intended that remedial works should be carried out on this element based on its remaining life e.g. an element with a remaining life of 0 should be identified as 2018.

Item quantity

The quantity relevant to the proposed remedial action.

Cost

The base cost of the required remedial work.

Insert base date of cost e.g. QI 2018. State whether this cost is from existing data or has been assessed as part of the current appraisal.

Life Cycle Cost

The rate/m² of gross internal floor area multiplied by the gross internal floor area of the facility or the area of the sub element at component system level.

Likelihood

The likelihood rating 1-5.

Consequence

The consequence rating 1-5.

Notes

A concise description of the location and nature of any defects/deficiencies requires to be provided.

Remedial action

Each item requires to be given a concise narrative on the nature and type of the proposed remedial or upgrading work sufficient to inform those reading post survey reports on the nature and scope of the remedial works.

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Element photograph

Where relevant, a photograph that relates to a specific condition item as supporting evidence.

22.6 Aggregate category rating

For space utilisation, functional suitability and quality, the aggregate category rating should be assessed and stated at block level (Level 3).

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23. Digital photographs

23.1 Requirements

As part of the appraisal of the NHS estate, representative photographs in digital format are required for each property.

The number of photographs required for each sub-element, location, block and site will vary according to the size, complexity and condition of the asset.

The minimum requirement for photographs is as follows:

- a photograph of the front or main elevation of each block;
- a photograph that relates to an item of specific remedial or upgrading work against each sub-element.

23.2 Photograph format

Each photograph should be stored as an individual JPG file and be no greater than 150kB in size with a resolution of 150 pixels per inch (recommended size 640 x 480 pixels). Each JPG file should be named in accordance with the following convention;

A-B-C-D-E

where:

- A Site code e.g. 'T504B';
- B Block code e.g. '01';
- C the text 'FABRIC' for 'building condition' or 'M&E' for 'engineering services';
- D Unique (per block) three digit photograph reference (assigned by the surveyor) e.g. '002', and;
- E file extension i.e. 'jpg'.

Example: T504B-01-FABRIC-002.jpg

23.3 Authority/permission

Check whether specific permission is required prior to taking photographs on any NHS site.

23.4 Sensitivity

Care should be taken to ensure that any photographs taken as part of this exercise must not include patients, children, visitors or staff.

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24. Data input

24.1 Data input options

Existing record information and data collected from fresh appraisals can be imported into ESTATEManager by any of the following means:

- direct input into the software portal;
- importing into the system;
- via an intermediate Excel spreadsheet for uploading by 3i Studio.

24.2 Survey partner data

On returning to the office the completed data collection sheet/survey block for each facet at block/site level will be checked for completeness prior to inputting into an Excel spreadsheet.

On completion of data input, the spreadsheet will be saved in Excel file format and forwarded by email to *3i Studio* for importing into ESTATEManager. 3i will also administer the archiving of existing data as instructed by the Board. 3i require, approximately, 2 to 3 weeks to import the data into the system.

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25 General health and safety

25.1 Geographical considerations

The NHS estate in Scotland is diverse with locations ranging from the Borders to the Highlands and Islands.

Properties located on the Western and Northern islands present their own unique challenges, both in terms of carrying out inspections and the impact the severe marine weather conditions have on the physical condition of property assets located on remote, exposed sites. Additionally, the local architecture often sets these assets apart from the 'norm' e.g. black house thatched roof construction on Tiree, Lewis and Harris.

Survey and travelling arrangements will require to be flexible and adaptable when scheduling visits to these locations and staff may become 'storm' or 'fog' bound on the islands, despite the best intentions of the ferry or flight operators – either outgoing or incoming.

25.2 Staff vetting

During the course of the appraisals, it is likely that the survey teams will come into contact with young and/or vulnerable people during the course of the commission.

The NHSScotland Boards and the appointed Survey Partner have responsibilities to ensure the welfare and protection of vulnerable people and to ensure the suitability of individuals who may have access to vulnerable people.

25.3 Staff identification

All survey team members will carry an ID pass with a current passport photograph and these will be made available for checking by the person in charge at each site prior to commencement of the inspection.

The ID pass will be in addition to any visitor passes which may also require to be worn on any of the sites.

25.4 Security

On arriving at each property, survey teams will report to the person in charge and obtain any site specific safety briefing and discuss and agree any reasonable operational requests.

Thereafter, the survey teams will work safely, observing and complying with all safety signs and fire safety procedures.

Prior to leaving the site, survey teams will advise the person in charge of their departure.

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25.5 Site induction / passports to work

Where necessary, survey reams will undertake site inductions and obtain any necessary passports to work to ensure that they are aware of the guidance available on working within wards, etc.

25.6 Surveying safely

The Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974 places duties on employers, to take reasonable measures to ensure the safety of employees. Employees, in turn, have similar responsibilities to take care of their own safety.

Discharging these responsibilities involves a process of risk assessment in which hazards or events likely to lead to harm are identified and then assessed in terms of the likelihood of the event occurring and the severity of the harm which would result.

Having identified a hazard and assessed the risk involved, working methods will require to be considered and, if necessary, a safe method of work and method statement for the activity documented.

A generic risk assessment has been prepared and this is included as <u>Appendix 8</u>. Each member of the survey team will be responsible for modifying the assessment for the specific site being inspected and thereafter for complying with the method statement and safe system of work procedure.

Further specific guidance <u>'Surveying safely: your guide to personal safety at work'</u> is issued by The Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors and can be found on their website <u>www.rics.org.</u>

25.7 Personal protection equipment (PPE)

Survey teams must be equipped with appropriate PPE e.g. high visibility vests, etc.

Survey teams should be provided locally with gowns/overalls or other clothing where these are required to access specific parts of buildings.

25.8 Suspect asbestos containing materials (ACMs)

Where an asbestos management plan is available for the premises, the survey team must refer to this prior to carrying out their inspection.

If during the course of the inspection any additional suspect asbestos materials are identified, these must be included in the property summary with recommendations for further investigation.

25.9 Arrangements for inspections of 'difficult areas'

Inspections of certain parts of the estate such as Intensive Care Units, Operating Theatres, Neo-natal and Children Wards will be subject to access restrictions.

It will be necessary for the survey teams to liaise with the individual NHSScotland

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Board representatives to discuss and agree the steps necessary to minimise any potential access problems to these areas.

25.10 Infection control

The survey teams will follow published guidelines posted on notice boards in relation to hygiene for the prevention and control of infection.

In particular, the survey teams will not inspect any wards that have contagious infectious diseases and this may include but not be limited to vomiting or diarrhoea.

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PART 5: Survey Partner Matters

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26. Project management and co-ordination

26.1 Project management team

For the purposes of project management and co-ordination of the survey exercise by the Survey Partner, a project management team should be put in place and a variety of roles are likely to be necessary including a project director, survey co-ordinators, building services co-ordinators, costing co-ordinator, statutory compliance co-ordinator, access co-ordinator/ administrator and an information technology co-ordinator.

26.2 In-house training

A series of in-house training sessions must be organised for the various members of the survey teams to explain the systems and procedures that require to be followed to ensure a consistent approach to data collection, input, costing and reporting.

This must include worked examples of the various pro-forma data collection sheets and discussion of the condition **indicators** that should be considered during the onsite appraisal process.

26.3 Access for inspections

Client contact details must be provided by the relevant NHS Board.

Each of the survey co-ordinators must be responsible for arranging access to the relevant sites/blocks allocated to them and for making the necessary arrangements for contractor attendance, if required.

The survey co-ordinators must be responsible for ensuring that access has been arranged for each site allocated to them in advance of the date of inspection.

Following completion of the site/block inspection, the survey team leader must be responsible for completing the property return sheet to ensure that all sections of the property have been inspected and the relevant digital photograph recorded, prior to leaving the site.

The survey co-ordinator must be responsible for checking that all of the relevant information for each site/block has been gathered prior to submitting for data input.

Further checks of the survey books must be made at data input stage and any queries referred to the survey teams for clarification.

A pro-forma check sheet for the survey team leader and survey co-ordinators is enclosed as Appendix 8.

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26.4 Transport and accommodation

The survey co-ordinators must liaise with the project administrator to ensure that suitable travel arrangements are in place for the conduct of the survey phase of the commission.

To ensure efficient and effective implementation of the survey phase, it is anticipated that it must be more cost effective for overnight accommodation to be arranged for any sites in excess of 1½ hours travel time from the appointed Survey Partner's named base office.

Prior agreement from the client should be obtained before any accommodation is booked if costs are to be reimbursed directly.

26.5 Progress report

To assist the project director in providing the client with regular progress reports, each survey co-ordinator must be responsible for providing weekly progress reports confirming the current status of the inspections of the sites/blocks allocated to them.

A pro-forma progress report is included as Appendix 8

26.6 Progress versus programme

Each of the survey co-ordinators must be responsible for ensuring that their teams maintain progress on the inspection of the properties allocated to them.

Close co-ordination will be required with the project director and access co-ordinator to ensure that any changes in the inspection dates of the properties are referred to the client for agreement and to ensure that access can be provided.

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27. Methodology

The various steps to be followed to roll-out the survey phase are summarised below:

27.1 Preparation

- distribute copies of the Property Appraisal Manual;
- deliver in-house staff training on the survey procedures to be adopted to ensure consistency;
- export and review the existing data in EAMS;
- prepare a prioritised survey inspection programme;
- allocate the property list to the survey teams, by discipline; and
- ascertain the availability of record information.

27.2 Pilot survey phase

- Organise and confirm the access arrangements for the pilot inspections. At each site the appointed Survey Partner must:
 - notify the person in charge;
 - carry out a risk assessment;
 - identify inaccessible areas;
 - carry out inspection (Note: the building fabric and engineering services inspections will be carried out separately);
 - on completion notify the person in charge of the site prior to departure, and;
 - complete the overall checklist.
- input data to current toolkit spreadsheets;
- check and complete costing exercise following agreed audit procedures;
- carry out a final audit for technical consistency and costing;
 - meet with Board to review the data so they can verify and sign off;
 - issue signed off data to the software supplier for them to input this into the Estates Asset Management System(EAMS).
- amend procedures to reflect lessons learned from pilot survey, and;
- obtain client approval to proceed with main survey phase.

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27.3 Main survey phase

- confirm access arrangements on a phased basis;
- carry out the data capture and appraisals of the property portfolio;
- monitor access arrangements and progress of the survey programme;
- provide regular progress reports to the client, and;
- attend regular project meetings.

27.4 Report phase

- populate database or spreadsheets with survey data and carry out costing exercise;
- prepare executive summary for each site;
- carry out final audit for technical consistency and costing;
- meet with Board to review the data so they can verify and sign off, and;
- issue signed off data to the software supplier for them to input this into the Estates Asset Management System (EAMS).

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28. Validation

Due to the nature of the appraisal of the six facets, it is impossible to make the assessments objective as there is no absolute measure of the correct answer for a site/block in terms of its condition, function or statutory compliance.

Consequently, much of the appraisal work will rely on the subjective assessment of the survey team using their professional judgement.

To help improve the objectivity of the assessments, it may be helpful to consider the following:

- what record information is available (desktop review)?
- what evidence is apparent on the condition/compliance of the elements/subelements (on site appraisal)?
- what is the opinion of the users/estates staff (interviews of key personnel)?
- in the case of major issues, is it worth obtaining a further opinion (peer review)?

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29. Quality assurance procedures

Quality assurance audits must be carried out at regular intervals to check and review the collected survey data.

The Survey Team co-ordinators must carry out quality assurance audits at regular interviews to check and review the collected survey data prior to data input stage, post data input stage and prior to transferring to Software Provider.

The project director must also carry out additional random checks at data input stage.

As a minimum requirement, quality checks are required at the following stages:

Table No 29.1: Quality check requirements

Action	Actioned By
Confirm access arrangements	Access Co-ordinator
Check all data has been collected on completion of inspection	Survey Team Leader
Carry out random checks of data collection sheets	Survey Co-ordinator
Review data collection sheets prior to input and refer any omissions or queries to the Survey Team	Data Input Team
Check data input is complete	Survey Co-ordinator
Verify costing exercise including any rogue items	Costing Co-ordinator
Carry out random checks of costing	Costing Co-ordinator
Check all information is complete prior to passing to Software Supplier	Survey Co-ordinator
Random checks of data prior to submission to Client	Project Director

In the event that any potential or actual failure in our performance is identified, the project director must ensure that the details are recorded and that corrective and preventative action is taken.

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30. Health and safety during the survey phase

30.1 General

The Health and Safety at Work, etc. Act 1974 places a duty on employers to take reasonable measures to ensure the safety of their employees.

Employees have similar responsibilities to take care of their own safety.

Discharging these responsibilities involves the process of risk assessment in which hazards or events likely to lead to harm are identified and then assessed in terms of the likelihood of the event occurring and the severity of the harm which would result.

Having identified a hazard and assessed the risk involved in the working methods will require to be considered and, if necessary, a safe method of work or method statement for the activity documented.

30.2 Method statements

A generic risk assessment has been prepared and is included as Appendix 8.

Each Survey Team member will be responsible for modifying the assessment to meet the specific requirements of each site being inspected and, thereafter, to comply with the method statement and safe system of work procedure.

30.3 First aid

All Survey Teams must carry a proper first aid kit when visiting unoccupied properties.

30.4 Security

On arriving at the property all personnel must sign in and out.

Survey Team staff must carry their ID card and appropriate letter of authority.

30.5 Site specific information

It may be necessary to obtain site specific information e.g.:

about specific hazards on site.

This information should be obtained from the relevant key personnel at each NHS Board.

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30.6 Access to site

Access to the various properties will be arranged in advance.

It will be necessary for the Survey Teams to liaise with the occupiers of the buildings and departments.

30.7 Working safely

Observe and comply with all safety signs.

Consider other people e.g. do not create a trip hazard.

Practice good housekeeping.

Ensure suitable and sufficient safety equipment and PPE are available.

Use all equipment and PPE properly.

30.8 Tools and equipment

All Survey Teams must carry sectional surveyor's ladders.

All Survey Teams must carry mobile telephones to maintain contact.

30.9 Incident reporting

Incident

This covers:

- injury;
- damage;
- near hit;
- environmental:
- traffic accident.

In the event of an incident:

- report all incidents to the local NHS Board contact;
- an incident report must be filled in.

Serious incident

This includes:

- fatality;
- major injury/occurrence (as defined by Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR)).

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In the event of a serious incident:

- immediately contact the local NHS Board contact;
- inform the manager, the project administrator and the project director;
- do not disturb the scene, except to make it safe.

30.10 Management of major emergencies

Alarms

- fire continuous bell/sounder throughout building;
- fire alarm test check what day and time;
- security alarms check for sounder type.

Emergency management

- automated systems;
- use of the PA system;
- emergency controller, and;
- Fire Marshalls.

Comply with any specific local procedures.

30.11 Fire safety

Be familiar with local procedures.

Always evacuate on hearing the fire alarm;

If a fire has been discovered:

raise the alarm and leave the building by the nearest exit.

Practice good fire prevention:

no smoking within the site boundaries of any NHS site.

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31. EAMS Modules

31.1 Overview

The guidance set out by the NHSScotland Property Appraisal Manual herein and the information contained in the EAMS database is primarily entered and viewed within the ESTATEManager module. EAMS has three modules which are used by NHSScotland; ESTATEManager, Estate Terrier and Risk Manager.

Risk Manager, like ESTATEManager, is mandatory per CEL 11 (2011) and is where Boards must record Fire Risk Assessments for their estate.

Estate Terrier is optional and is used to store property transaction information such as title information, leases, missives and planning information. It can also act as a diary reminder for people.

31.2 Risk Manager

The Fire (Scotland) Act 2005, as amended, and the Fire Safety (Scotland) Regulations 2006 are applicable to all NHSScotland healthcare premises and compliance is based on a fire safety risk assessment regime

As it was mandatory for all NHSScotland Holding Bodies to use EAMS to hold property and asset management data for all their sites, the Fire & Risk Management module was developed to hold Fire Risk Assessment information in a consistent and available form across all Holding Bodies. Risk Manager must be utilised as the primary means of meeting of fire risk assessment requirements, in the context of strategic and operational management of fire safety matters.

Fire risk assessments are the main function of Risk Manager, with the question sets to be used set out within the module. A secondary function also allows a link to ESTATEManager, where an item that is non-compliant can be given a cost and added to backlog maintenance.

The other key function in the module must be used to record data on actual fire safety performance outcomes, such as fire alarm incidents, unwanted fire signals (UFAS), and primary and secondary fire incidents. Again, this is to ensure consistency in the general reporting of fire-related incidents throughout NHSScotland.

31.3 Estate Terrier

The Estates Terrier module is designed to support Boards by holding property transaction information and title information. The main guidance document covering NHSScotland property transactions is the Property Transaction Handbook and it does not mandate the use of a specific database in holding property information.

The advantage in using Estate Terrier is that all NHSScotland Holding Bodies through the mandated use of the ESTATEManager module, will be viewing the same basic property site information. As well as property site information, valuation information will be populated in the EAMS database as documented herein (5.3)

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<u>General information at site level (level two)</u> and can be viewed both in ESTATEManager and Estate Terrier.

Terrier can be used to document information on missives, with sections on both acquisition and disposal, leases, title conditions, planning and documents. It also contains a diary reminder system on the key date reminder screen. This is an active strategic tool that allows Holding Bodies to have key reminders on rent reviews, break options, claw back and Local Authority Local Development Plans. By having these reminders and if the information is entered to provide sufficient times, these can be used to support service planning, service continuity, inform scenario planning and option appraisal within business cases.

The NHSScotland Property Transactions Handbook mandates that any transaction is subject to post transaction monitoring, which is an auditable procedure and Estate Terrier can be used to store the documentation that will support this process.

31.4 Support

HFS can provide further information and support for the development of these modules.

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Appendix 1: Index of appendices

<u>Appendix 2</u> References and acknowledgements

Appendix 3 Definitions

Appendix 4 Schedule of Designs & Materials of Construction

Appendix 5 Schedule of typical life expectancies

Appendix 6 Schedule of rates (as at base date of 1st Q, 2018)

Appendix 7 Condition indicators

Appendix 8 Example proforma

Appendix 9 Specific guidance issued by RICS

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Appendix 2: References and acknowledgements

Strategic Property and Asset Management Guidance for NHSScotland 2010 (Version 01)

NHS Estates 'A Risk Based Methodology for Establishing and Managing Backlog' 2010

Land and Property Appraisal 2007; adapted from the 2002 version of 'Estatecode'

Joint Premises Project Board – Asset Based Information and Delivery Group: 'Minimum Core Dataset for Joint Premises Development and Joint Services Planning' 2006

RICS Guidance Note Stock Condition Surveys 2nd Edition 2006

An Overview of the Location Code Directive 2003

Physical Conditions of the Specification prepared by 3i Studio 2009

Audit Scotland Report, 'Asset Management in the NHS in Scotland' January 2009

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Appendix 3: Definitions

Asset Hierarchy: The different levels adopted for the Estates Asset Management System and comprising: The NHS estate in Scotland; the individual NHS Board/organisation; site level; block level; and location level.

Audit Scotland Report: Refers to the report dated January 2009 entitled 'Asset Management in the NHS in Scotland'.

Block code: The coding system used to identify all blocks on any site.

Element: The key components assessed as part of the appraisal e.g. external fabric.

Environmental management: Relates to the impact of the estate on the environment in terms of its water consumption, waste and energy performance.

Functional suitability: How well the available accommodation supports the delivery of healthcare assessed on the basis of internal space relationships; support facilities and location.

Location Code Directory: The national register of all locations in Scotland where health services are provided.

Physical Condition: The appraisal of the physical condition of the estate's buildings, mechanical systems, electrical systems and external grounds.

Quality: Whether the available accommodation provides a comfortable, modern, pleasing environment in which healthcare services can be provided.

Site Reference Number (SRN): The unique reference number assigned to each site based on the Location Code Directory.

Software and services provider: 3i Studio.

Space utilisation: How efficiently and effectively the available space is being used i.e. the number of people using it and the frequency of which they use it as well as identifying areas of under/over provision.

Status of site: Whether a building is active or inactive and can be further categorised by occupied/vacant/surplus/sold/surrendered/terminated.

Statutory compliance: Compliance with all statutory guidance and legislation related to the estate including Fire, Health, Safety and Equality Act.

Sub-element: The sub-component of an element e.g. external doors and ironmongery.

Survey Partners: An appointed consultant working in partnership with the NHSScotland Board undertaking surveys and property appraisals as instructed and agreed.

The six facets: This is the collective name for physical condition; statutory

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compliance; environmental management; space utilisation; functional suitability; and quality.

Type of site: This refers to the designation of the site by use for grouping purposes e.g. multi-service hospital.

Clinical: All blocks where clinical treatment is delivered to patients covering primary and acute care, both in and out patient care. Where a small element of the block provides clinical treatment to patients then this block is deemed to be clinical.

Non Clinical: All blocks where no clinical treatment to patients is delivered. This will include engineering and other support areas that are essential to the delivery of clinical services.

Essential Property: Property considered necessary for a Holding Body's operational purposes beyond a 5-year service provision planning horizon.

Non-Essential Property: Property not considered necessary for a Holding Body's operational purposes beyond a 5-year service provision planning horizon.

Surplus Property: Property that is non-essential and non-operational, or, if it is non-essential but still operational, if plans that will enable it to become non-operational are agreed, are being implemented, are expected to result in non-operational status within 18 months, and where there is no wider NHSScotland interest in the property.

Non-Operational: Non-operational estate consists of all properties that the Board has (or will be) confirmed as surplus and vacant within its Property Asset Management Strategy.

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Appendix 4: Design & Material Picklist

Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
01 Structure	01.01 Substructure	free text	free text
		Beams / Columns	Timber
		free text	Steel
01 Structure	01.02 Frames		Concrete
			Cast iron
			free text
		Solid	Timber
01 Structure	01 02 Flagge 9 Stairs	Suspended	Steel
of structure	01.03 Floors & Stairs	free text	Concrete
			free text
	01.04 Roofs	Double pitch	Timber
		Mono pitch	Steel
01 Structure		Multi pitch	Concrete
of structure		Hip End	free text
		Flat	
		free text	
01 Structure	01.99 Other	free text	free text
02 External Fabric		Solid construction	Stone
	02.01 External Walls & Finishes	Cavity construction	Facing brick
		Wall cladding	Common brick
		free text	Profiled metal

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	% of GIFA based on ground floor footprint
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on plan area of roof – should be amended to reflect true roof areas of pitched roofs
m2	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
			Render
			Precast concrete
			Timber
			free text
		Single glazed	Timber
		Double glazed	Steel
02 External Fabric	02.02 Windows &	Sash & case	Aluminium
02 External Fabric	Ironmongery	Casement	PVCu
		Curtain walling	free text
		free text	
	02.03 External Doors & Ironmongery	Timber	Flush
		Steel	Semi glazed
02 External Fabric		Aluminium	Fully glazed
		PVCu	free text
		free text	
	02.04 External Cladding / Eaves Detail	Box eaves detail	Timber
02 External Fabric		Soffit	PVCu
		free text	free text
02 External Fabric	02.05 External Decoration	free text	Paint
			free text
02 External Fabric	02.99 Other	free text	free text
02 Poof	03.01 Coverings - Pitched	Double pitch	Slates
03 Roof		Mono pitch	Concrete tiles

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
No	based on count of each / all windows
No	based on count of each / all doors
m	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials
m2	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials
m2	based on plan area of roof – should be amended to reflect true roof areas of pitched

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		Multi pitch	Rosemary clay tiles
		Hip end	Profiled metal sheeting
		free text	Copper
			Bituminous felt
			Zinc
			free text
		Single ply	Bituminous felt
		Built up system	Asphalt
03 Roof	03.02 Coverings - Flat	Warm roof	Single ply
		Cold roof	Lead
		free text	free text
	03.03 Roof Lights	Skylight	Cast iron skylight
		Roof window	Velux type
03 Roof		Cupola	In plane rooflight
		Lantern light	free text
		free text	
	03.04 Rainwater Goods	Downpipe	Cast Iron
03 Roof		Parapet / valley gutter	Other metal
		Eaves gutter - standard type	PVCu
		Eaves gutter - ogee type	Lead
		Flat roof outlet	free text
		free text	

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
	roofs
m2	based on plan area of roof
m2 / No	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials
m	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		Chimney Stacks	Brick
		Parapet walls	Render / roughcast
03 Roof	03.05 Chimney Stacks & Parapet Walls	Handrails	Stone
	Tarapet Wans	free text	Galvanised metal
			free text
03 Roof	03.99 Other	free text	free text
		Solid	Plasterboard
		Hollow	Plaster & lath
		Demountable	Plaster on hard
04 lata and 5 days	04.01 Internal Walls & Finishes	Various	Brick
04 Internal Fabric		free text	Brick / block
			Concrete
			Timber
			free text
		Sheet finish	Carpet
		Tile finish	Vinyl
		free text	Ceramic tile
04 Internal Fabric	04.02 Floor Coverings		Quarry tile
			Laminate sheeting
			Timber
			free text
Od Johannal Fahri-	04 02 Cailinga Finials	Solid	Plasterboard
04 Internal Fabric	04.03 Ceilings Finishes	Strap & lined	Plaster & lath

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		free text	Plaster on hard
			Timber
			free text
		free text	Mineral
04 Internal Fabric	04.04 Ceilings -		Metal
04 IIILEITIAI FADITC	Suspended		Fibreboard
			free text
		Solid core	Timber
04 Internal Fabric	04.05 Internal Doors &	Hollow core	Metal
04 internal Fabric	Ironmongery	Glazed	PVCu
		free text	free text
	04.06 Internal Decoration	free text	Paint
04 Internal Fabric			Wallpaper
04 IIILEITIAI FADITC			Ceramic tile
			free text
04 Internal Fabric	04.99 Other	free text	free text
		WC	Vitreous china
05 Internal Fittings & Fixtures		WHB	Plastic
	05.01 Sanitary Ware /	Shower tray	Metal
	Fittings	Bath	free text
		Kitchen sink	
		free text	
05 Internal Fittings & Fixtures	05.02 Unit Furniture	Kitchen units / worktop	free text

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on count of all internal doors
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on count of all sanitary ware / fitting types
No	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		Reception desk	
		free text	
05 Internal Fittings & Fixtures	05.03 Internal Fittings & Furniture	free text	free text
05 Internal Fittings & Fixtures	05.99 Other	free text	free text
0.5		Soft landscaping	Grassed area
06 External Grounds & Gardens	06.01 Landscaping	free text	Plant beds
Grounds & Cardens			free text
		Freestanding walls	Stone
		Retaining walls	Brick
	06.02 Walls, Fencing & Gates	Post & wire	Timber
		Post & rail	Concrete
06 External		Palisade	Metal
Grounds & Gardens		Chain link	free text
		Railings	*
		Gates	
		Car park barrier	
		free text	
06 External Grounds & Gardens		Roads	Bitmac
	06.03 Roads & Car Parks	Car park	Asphalt
		free text	Hardcore
2.23			Gravel
			Block paviors

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
No	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials
Sum	cost for isolated remedial works only
m2	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials
m2	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
			free text
		Paths	Concrete slabs
		Paved area	Stone flags
		Decking	Bitmac
06 External	06.04 Paths & Paved	free text	Asphalt
Grounds & Gardens	Areas		Gravel
			Timber
			Block paviors
			free text
	06.05 External Fittings & Furniture	Signage	Brick
		Lamp posts	Timber
06 External Grounds & Gardens		Litter bins	Concrete
Grounds & Gardens		Benches	Metal
		free text	free text
	06.06 Ancillary Buildings	Shed	Timber
		Gas meter housing	Brick
06 External		Garage	Render
Grounds & Gardens		free text	Metal
			Pre cast concrete panels
			free text
06 External Grounds & Gardens	06.99 Other	free text	free text
07 Drainage &	07.01 Drainage /	Gullies	Cast iron
External Services	Sewerage	Drainage channel	PVCu

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials
No	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials
Sum	based on approx. measurement of each / all materials
m2	based on approx. measurement of external hardstanding

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		Manhole cover	Copper
		Soil / waste pipes	free text
		free text	
07 Drainage & External Services	07.02 External Utilities Infrastructure	free text	free text
		Lighting columns	Metal halide
		Floodlights	SON / SOX
07 Drainage & External Services	07.03 Site Lighting	Bulkhead fittings	Compact fluorescent
External Services		free text	LED
			free text
	07.04 Lightning Protection	free text	Copper
07 Drainage & External Services			Aluminium
External Services			free text
	07.05 CCTV (External)	Wall mounted	Dome
07 Drainage &		Column mounted	PTZ
External Services		free text	Fixed
			free text
07 Drainage & External Services	07.99 Other	free text	free text
		Diesel tank	Steel
08 Fuel Storage &	08.01 Fuel Supply /	Gas tank	GRP
Distribution	Storage / Distribution	Oil tank	free text
		free text	
08 Fuel Storage & Distribution	08.02 DHW Storage / Non-Storage	free text	free text

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on approx. measurement of external hardstanding / site
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
08 Fuel Storage & Distribution	08.99 Other	free text	free text
		Iron sectional	Cast iron
		Condensing	Steel
09 Boilers &	09.01 Boiler Plant	Domestic (combination)	free text
Calorifiers		Domestic (condensing)	
		Biomass	
		free text	
	09.02 Pressurisation Plant	Chilled water pressurisation unit	free text
09 Boilers &		Expansion vessel (unvented hot water)	
Calorifiers		Heating pressurisation unit	
		free text	
	09.03 Calorifiers / Heat Exchangers	Calorifier	Copper
09 Boilers &		Plate heat exchanger	Mild steel
Calorifiers		Shell & core heat exchanger	free text
		free text	
		Conventional	Stainless steel
	09.04 Flues	Balanced	Mild steel
09 Boilers & Calorifiers		Fan assisted	free text
		Draft diverter	
		free text	

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
Item	M&E engineer to price per site
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA
ltem	M&E engineer to price per site

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
09 Boilers & Calorifiers	09.05 Controls / Meters	free text	free text
		Pipework (moulded)	Foil faced
		pipework (blanket)	Hammerclad
09 Boilers & Calorifiers	09.06 Insulation	Vessel (moulded)	Armaflex
Caloriners		Vessel (blanket)	free text
		free text	
09 Boilers & Calorifiers	09.99 Other	free text	free text
10 Stoom Systoms	10.01 Distribution Pipework	free text	Steel
10 Steam Systems			free text
10 Steam Systems	10.02 Valves	free text	free text
10 Steam Systems	10.03 Controls	free text	free text
10 Steam Systems	10.04 Meters	free text	free text
10 Steam Systems	10.05 Condense Systems	free text	free text
		free text	Foil faced
10 Steam Systems	10.06 Insulation		Hammerclad
			free text
10 Steam Systems	10.99 Other	free text	free text
		Exposed pipework	Steel
	11.01 Distribution Pipework	Concealed pipework	Steel (galvanised)
11 Heating Systems		free text	Copper
			Plastic
			free text

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		Radiator (panel)	Steel
		Radiator (column)	Cast iron
		Radiator (LST)	free text
		Radiant panel	
		Electric convector	
11 Heating Systems	11.02 Heat Emitters	Electric storage	
		Electric fan	
		Underfloor heating	
		Unit heater (gas)	
		Radiant panel (gas)	
		free text	
	11.03 Controls	TRV's	free text
		Wall mounted thermostats	
		Integral controls	
11 Heating Systems		Electronic control	¥
		Pneumatic control	
		Trace heating	
		free text	
	11.04 Heating Pumps	Single pump set	Primary
11 Heating Costage		Twin pump set	Secondary
11 Heating Systems		Centrifugal	Shunt
		free text	free text
11 Heating Systems	11.05 Insulation	Pipework (moulded)	Foil faced

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		pipework (blanket)	Hammerclad
		Vessel (moulded)	Armaflex
		Vessel (blanket)	free text
		free text	
11 Heating Systems	11.99 Other	free text	free text
		Air handling unit	free text
		Fan coil unit	
		Kitchen extract canopy	
12 Ventilation	12.01 Ventilation Plant	Axial	
Systems		Centrifugal	
		Roof mounted unit	
		Domestic extract	
		free text	
	12.02 Distribution Ductwork	Circular	Plastic
12 Ventilation		Rectangular	Galvanised steel
Systems		free text	Fire rated
			free text
	12.03 Automatic Fire Dampers & Control Panel	Motorised	free text
12 Ventilation Systems		Fusible link	
Зузсень		free text	
	12.04 Controls	Local control	free text
12 Ventilation Systems		Electronic control	
Systems		Pneumatic control	

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on GIFA, or individually priced for domestic type fans
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		free text	
		Split DX	free text
12 Ventilation Systems	12.05 Room Split / Chillers / Compressors	VRV / VRF	
Systems	Cimers y compressors	free text	
		Absorption	free text
		Centrifugal	
12 Ventilation Systems	12.06 Chillers / Cooling Systems	Reciprocating	
Systems	Systems	Screw	
		free text	
12 Ventilation Systems	12.99 Other	free text	free text
13 Medical Gas Systems	13.01 Vacuum Insulated Evaporators	free text	free text
	13.02 Distribution	Concealed pipework	Copper
13 Medical Gas		Exposed pipework	Stainless steel
Systems		free text	PVC
			free text
	13.03 Manifolds	Automatic	free text
13 Medical Gas Systems		Manual	
Systems		free text	
13 Medical Gas Systems	13.04 Gas Cylinder Storage	free text	free text
13 Medical Gas Systems	13.05 Outlets	free text	free text
13 Medical Gas	13.06 Alarm Systems	Dedicated system	free text

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on GIFA, or individually priced
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
Systems		Integrated system	
		free text	
		Medical air compressor	free text
13 Medical Gas	13.07 Medical Air Compressors / Vacuum	Surgical air compressor	
Systems	Pumps	Medical vacuum	
		free text	
13 Medical Gas Systems	13.99 Other	free text	free text
		Cold water storage	Galvanised steel
14 Hot & Cold	14.01 Water Storage &	Feed / expansion tank	GRP
Water Systems	Header Tanks	free text	Lead lined
			free text
14 Hot & Cold Water Systems	14.02 Water Treatment Plant	free text	free text
	14.03 Distribution Pipework	free text	Copper
14 Hot & Cold Water Systems			Plastic
water systems			free text
		Domestic booster	free text
14 Hot & Cold Water Systems		Hose reel booster	
	14.04 Pumps	Mains cold water booster	
		Single pump (DWS)	
		Twin pump (DWS)	
		free text	

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		TMV's	Copper
14 Hot & Cold	14.05 Valves / Controls	Shower mixer and head	Mild steel
Water Systems		Shut off valve	free text
		free text	
		Instantaneous (electric)	free text
14 Hot & Cold		Storage (electric)	
Water Systems	14.06 Water Heaters	Water boiler (electric)	
		Shower (electric)	
		free text	
	14.07 Insulation	Pipework (moulded)	Foil faced
		pipework (blanket)	Hammerclad
14 Hot & Cold Water Systems		Vessel (moulded)	Armaflex
Water Systems		Vessel (blanket)	free text
		free text	
14 Hot & Cold	14.99 Other	Sprinkler installation	free text
Water Systems	14.99 Other	free text	
	15.01 Passenger Lifts	Traction	free text
15 Lifts & Hoists		Hydraulic	
		Screwed drive	
		Stair Lift	
		free text	
15 Lifts & Hoists	15.02 Goods Lifts	Traction	free text

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on GIFA
ltem	based on number of lifts
Item	based on number of lifts

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		Hydraulic	
		free text	
		Traction	free text
15 Lifts & Hoists	15.03 Hoists	Hydraulic	
		free text	
15 Lifts & Hoists	15.04 Control Panel	free text	free text
15 Lifts & Hoists	15.99 Other	free text	free text
16 Fixed Plant/Equipment	16.01 Sterilisers	free text	free text
16 Fixed Plant/Equipment	16.02 Bedpan Disposal	free text	free text
16 Fixed Plant/Equipment	16.03 Disinfection Equipment	free text	free text
16 Fixed Plant/Equipment	16.04 Catering Equipment	free text	free text
		Washing machine	Electric
16 Fixed Plant/Equipment	16.05 Laundry Equipment	Tumble drier	Gas
r rand Equipment	Equipment	free text	free text
16 Fixed Plant/Equipment	16.06 Miscellaneous Equipment	free text	free text
16 Fixed Plant/Equipment	16.99 Other	free text	free text
		HV switchgear (external)	Dry type
17 Electrical System	17.01 HV Network	HV switchgear (internal)	Oil filled
		Transformer	free text

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
	$oldsymbol{\circ}$
Item	based on number of hoists
Item	
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
		free text	
		Combined heat & power (CHP)	Gas
		Standby generator	Diesel
17 Electrical System	17.02 Generators	UPS	Steam
		free text	Lead acid (sealed)
			Nickel-alkaline (vented)
			free text
		LV switchgear	Air circuit breakers (ACB's)
17 Electrical System	17.03 Switchgear	Main supply switchgear and distribution	Moulded case circuit breakers (MCCB's)
		free text	Fuses
			free text
	17.04 Distribution Boards	Consumer units	Miniature circuit breakers (MCB's)
17 Electrical System		Distribution boards	Residual current devices (RCD's)
		Feeder pillars	Fuses
		free text	free text
		Surface containment	MICC
17 Electrical System	17.05 Wiring Systems /	Surface fixed	PVC / LSF
	Bonding	Flush	free text
		free text	
17 Flootrical System	17.06 Fittings	Sockets / switches	Plastic
17 Electrical System	17.00 FILLINGS	free text	Metal clad

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on GIFA

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
			free text
		Surface	Fluorescent
		Recessed	Compact fluorescent
17 Electrical System	17.07 Luminaires	Bulkhead	LED
		free text	Halogen
			free text
		Integral	Fluorescent
17 Electrical System	17.08 Emergency Luminaires	Stand alone	LED
		free text	free text
17 Electrical System	17.99 Other	free text	free text
	18.01 Telephone Systems	Dedicated	free text
18 Communication Systems		Voice over IP	
Systems		free text	
	18.02 Data Transmission	Cabling	Cat 5
		Cabinets	Cat 5E
18 Communication Systems		free text	Cat 6
Systems			Cat 6A
			free text
18 Communication Systems	18.03 Paging Systems	free text	free text
18 Communication Systems	18.04 Nurse Call Systems	Hard wired	free text
		Wireless	
3,3.01113		free text	
18 Communication	18.05 Radio & Television	Digital	free text

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA
m2	based on GIFA

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material
Systems	Systems	Analogue	
		free text	
18 Communication Systems	18.06 Bedhead Services	free text	free text
18 Communication Systems	18.99 Other	free text	free text
		Conventional	free text
19 Alarms &	19.01 Fire Alarm Panels	Addressable	
Detection Systems	19.01 Fire Alarm Pallets	Wireless	
		free text	
		Surface	Soft skin
19 Alarms & Detection Systems	19.02 Fire Alarm Wiring System	Flush	MICC
Detection systems	Jystem	free text	free text
19 Alarms &	10.03 Cocurity Systems	Intruder alarm	free text
Detection Systems	19.03 Security Systems	free text	
		free text	Dome
19 Alarms &	19.04 CCTV (Internal)		PTZ
Detection Systems	19.04 CCTV (IIIternal)		Fixed
			free text
		Hard wired	free text
19 Alarms & Detection Systems	19.05 Panic Attack System	Wireless	
Detection systems	System	free text	
19 Alarms &	19.06 Other Alarm	Disabled toilet alarm	free text
Detection Systems	Systems	Carbon monoxide	

Costing Basis	Additional Comments						
m2	based on GIFA						
(9)							
m2	based on GIFA						
m2	based on GIFA						
m2	based on GIFA						
m2	based on GIFA						
m2	based on GIFA						
m2	based on GIFA						

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Element	Sub Element	Design	Material		
		Leak detection			
		Smoke aspiration system			
		free text			
19 Alarms &	19.99 Other	Fire suppression system	free text		
Detection Systems		free text			
		Head end (supervisor)	Delta		
		Outstations	Honeywell		
20 Duilding		Plant controller	Satchwell		
20 Building Management	20.01 Building	Operating system	Trend		
Control System	Management System	Remote display panels	free text		
		Communications network (hardwiring)			
		free text			
20 Building Management Control System	20.99 Other	free text	free text		

Costing Basis	Additional Comments
20	
m2	based on GIFA

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Appendix 5: Schedule of typical life expectancies

A schedule of typical life expectancies of building elements/components is available from the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS) Building Costs Information Service (BCIS) within the published document 'Life Expectancy of Building Components, Surveyors' Experiences of Buildings in Use, A Practical Guide' ISBN 1 904829 39 2.

This document can be purchased at the following website:

http://www.bcis.co.uk/site/scripts/retail_product_browse.aspx?product_id=765&category_id=12

Alternatively, for guidance on typical component life expectancies, refer to the March 2011 or previous version of the NHSScotland Property Appraisal Manual.

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Appendix 6: Schedule of rates (as at base date of 1st Quarter 2018)

Ref:	Component	Life Expectancy	Quantity Measure Method	Design	Material		Cycle / acement	Repair /	Overhaul
1.00	STRUCTURE			•		Unit	Rate	Unit	Rate
1.01	Substructure			1	J				
	Substructure - GIFA - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	100	% of GIA based on building footprint	Not known	Concrete (assumed)	m2	£751.00		
	Substructure - GIFA - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician / 24 Support Facilities	100	% of GIA based on building footprint	Not known	Concrete (assumed)	m2	£289.00		
	Substructure - GIFA - 06 Community Hospital / 23 Offices (Mid Rise) / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	100	% of GIA based on building footprint	Not known	Concrete (assumed)	m2	£577.00		
	Substructure - GIFA - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	100	% of GIA based on building footprint	Not known	Concrete (assumed)	m2	£404.00		
1.02	Frames								
	Concrete Frame (includes concrete floor as part of frame) - GIFA	70	100% of GIA	Beams / Columns	Concrete	m2	£152.00		
	Steel Frame - GIFA - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	75	100% of GIA	Beams / Columns	Steel	m2	£193.00		

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	Steel Frame - GIFA - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	75	100% of GIA	Beams / Columns	Steel	m2	£138.00	
	Steel Frame - GIFA - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	75	100% of GIA	Beams / Columns	Steel	m2	£144.00	
	Steel Frame - GIFA - 24 Support Facilities	75	100% of GIA	Beams / Columns	Steel	m2	£194.00	
	Steel Frame - GIFA - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44	75	100% of GIA	Beams / Columns	Steel	m2	£136.00	
	Timber Frame - GIFA - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital	60	100% of GIA	Beams / Columns	Timber	m2	£59.00	
	Timber Frame - GIFA - 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	60	100% of GIA	Beams / Columns	Timber	m2	£58.00	
1.03	Floors & Stairs							
	Floor Concrete Suspended - GIFA - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital / 06 Community Hospital	70	100% of GIA	Suspended	Concrete	m2	£143.00	
	Floor Concrete Suspended - GIFA - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres) / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	70	100% of GIA	Suspended	Concrete	m2	£57.00	
	Floor Concrete Suspended - GIFA - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	70	100% of GIA	Suspended	Concrete	m2	£155.00	
	Floor Timber Joisted - GIFA - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital	60	100% of GIA	Suspended	Timber	m2	£69.00	
	Floor Timber Joisted - GIFA - 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	60	100% of GIA	Suspended	Timber	m2	£69.00	

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	Stairs & Landings - GIFA - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	50	100% of GIA	Solid / Suspended	Timber / Steel / Concrete	m2	£30.00	
	Stairs & Landings - GIFA - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital	50	100% of GIA	Solid / Suspended	Timber / Steel / Concrete	m2	£10.00	
	Stairs & landings - GIFA - 06 Community Hospital / 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres) / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	50	100% of GIA	Solid / Suspended	Timber / Steel / Concrete	m2	£27.00	
	Stairs & landings - GIFA - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	50	100% of GIA	Solid / Suspended	Timber / Steel / Concrete	m2	£23.00	
	Stairs & landings - GIFA - 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	50	100% of GIA	Solid / Suspended	Timber / Steel / Concrete	m2	£18.00	
1.04	Roofs							
	Framed Roof Concrete - GIFA - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	70	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Double pitched / Mono pitch / Multi pitch / Hip end / Flat	Concrete	m2	£98.00	
	Framed Roof Concrete - GIFA - 06 Community Hospital	70	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Double pitched / Mono pitch / Multi pitch / Hip end / Flat	Concrete	m2	£109.00	
	Framed Roof Concrete - GIFA - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	70	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Double pitched / Mono pitch / Multi pitch / Hip end / Flat	Concrete	m2	£77.00	
	Framed Roof Concrete - GIFA - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	70	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Double pitched / Mono pitch / Multi pitch / Hip end / Flat	Concrete	m2	£77.00	

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	Framed Roof Steel - GIFA - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	75	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Double pitched / Mono pitch / Multi pitch / Hip end / Flat	Steel	m2	£40.00	
	Framed Roof Steel - GIFA - 24 Support Facilities	75	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Double pitched / Mono pitch / Multi pitch / Hip end / Flat	Steel	m2	£99.00	
	Framed Roof Steel - GIFA - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	75	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Double pitched / Mono pitch / Multi pitch / Hip end / Flat	Steel	m2	£57.00	
	Trussed Roof Timber - GIFA	60	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Double pitched / Mono pitch / Multi pitch	Timber	m2	£64.00	
			pitorio a rooto					
1.99	Other							
1.99	Other							
1.99	Other EXTERNAL FABRIC							
2.00	EXTERNAL FABRIC	80	Wall area (m2)	Cavity construction	Brick / blockwork / render	m2	£261.00	
2.00	EXTERNAL FABRIC External Walls & Finishes Cavity construction - common brick / block (to	80		, ,	blockwork /	m2	£261.00	

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Facing brick leaf replacement, cavity construction - single leaf only	80	Wall area (m2)	Cavity construction	Facing brick	m2	£183.00	m2	£220.00
Repointing existing brickwork	0	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Mortar			m2	£28.00
Render - Dry / wet dash render replacement	40	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Render	m2	£92.00	m2	£109.00
Render - Smooth render replacement	40	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Render	m2	£78.00	m2	£94.00
Stone (modern), cavity construction, ashlar	80	Wall area (m2)	Solid construction	Stone	m2	£508.00	m2	£610.00
Stone (original), solid construction, ashlar	80	Wall area (m2)	Solid construction	Stone	m2	£626.00	m2	£752.00
Stone (original), solid construction, ornate ashlar	80	Wall area (m2)	Solid construction	Stone	m2	£939.00	m2	£1,128.00
Stone (original), solid construction, very ornate ashlar	80	Wall area (m2)	Solid construction	Stone	m2	£1,252.00	m2	£1,503.00
Repointing existing stonework - coursed sandstone	0	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Lime mortar			m2	£45.00
Repointing existing stonework - random rubble	0	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Lime mortar			m2	£58.00
Precast concrete cladding panel replacement, cavity construction	40	Wall area (m2)	Wall cladding	Precast concrete	m2	£483.00	m2	£580.00
Profiled metal wall cladding	40	Wall area (m2)	Wall cladding	Profiled metal	m2	£143.00	m2	£172.00
Timber cladding replacement, cavity construction	40	Wall area (m2)	Wall cladding	Timber	m2	£131.00	m2	£157.00
Milled Sheet Lead; BS Code 4	67	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	Lead	m2	£274.00	m2	£342.00
Zinc; 12 gauge; seamed joints	50	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	Zinc	m2	£274.00	m2	£342.00
Precast Concrete Brick Clad: Insulation; linings	55	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	Concrete	m2	£431.00	m2	£538.00

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	Precast Concrete Natural Stone Faced: Insulation; lining and fixings	60	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	Concrete	m2	£619.00	m2	£773.00
	Precast Concrete: Exposed aggregate finish; insulation; lining and fixings	60	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	Concrete	m2	£353.00	m2	£440.00
	PVCu Cladding; 150mm; shiplap; insulated	30	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	PVCu	m2	£371.00	m2	£464.00
	Concrete tiles	40	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	Steel / Aluminium / Copper	m2	£66.00	m2	£449.00
	Slates	30	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	Timber	m2	£147.00	m2	£245.00
	Panels: GRP plain or decorative finish	35	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	GRP	m2	£371.00	m2	£464.00
	Profiled Sheet: Galvanised Steel PVF2 Coated	30	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	Steel	m2	£169.00	m2	£212.00
	Profiled Sheet: Glass-Fibre	25	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	Glass-Fibre	m2	£371.00	m2	£464.00
	Profiled Sheet: Plastic	25	Wall area (m2)	Cladding	Plastic	m2	£371.00	m2	£464.00
	Modular buildings - includes everything except floor coverings and decoration	30	100% of GIA	Modular building		m2	£1,095.00		
2.02	Windows & Ironmongery								
	Curtain Walling System: Double Glazed Polyester Powder Coated Aluminium `Stick' System: Medium/high quality standard; 6mm laminate glass; including opaque insulated spandrel panels	37	Curtain walling area (m2)	Double glazed / curtain walling	Aluminium	m2	£548.00	m2	£104.00
	Curtain Walling System: Structural Siliconed Double Glazed Standard `Unitised/Panelled' Assembly: 10mm and 6mm clear and laminate; factory produced; on aluminium frame	45	Curtain walling area (m2)	Double glazed / curtain walling - structural	Aluminium	m2	£979.00	m2	£104.00

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	Windows: Aluminium Acrylic Finished: Vertical or horizontal sliding; plugged and screwed	40	No. of windows	Casement	Aluminium	No.	£835.00	No.	£104.00
	Windows: Galvanised Steel Polyester Powder Coated: Top/side hung; opening lights; weather stripping; frames bed in mastic, pointed one side	45	No. of windows	Casement	Steel	No.	£953.00	No.	£104.00
	Windows: PVCu Casement: Fixed/tilt and turn light; cills and glazing; EPDM glazing gaskets and weather seals; including all ironmongery	30	No. of windows	Casement / tilt & turn	UPVC	No.	£548.00	No.	£104.00
	Windows: Timber Casement: Side hung; hardwood cills; weather-stripping; fitted with fasteners; preservative stained base coat	30	No. of windows	Casement	Timber	No.	£665.00	No.	£104.00
	Windows: Timber Traditional Sash and Case Window	45	No. of windows	Sash and case	Timber	No.	£1,731.00	No.	£289.00
	Broken Glass - Double Glazed	0	Area of glass (m2)	Window	Glass		n/a	m2	£191.00
	Broken Glass - Fire Rated	0	Area of glass (m2)	Window	Glass		n/a	m2	£613.00
	Broken Glass - Georgian Wired	0	Area of glass (m2)	Window	Glass		n/a	m2	£328.00
	Broken Glass - Single Glazed	0	Area of glass (m2)	Window	Glass		n/a	m2	£120.00
	Broken Window Ironmongery	0	Area of glass (m2)	Window	Metal/Plastic		n/a	No.	£29.00
	Window grilles	20	No. of grilles	Grilles	Steel	No.	£250.00		
2.03	External Doors & Ironmongery								
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: Aluminium Frame Double Automated Semi/Fully Glazed door	35	No. of doors	Semi glazed / fully glazed	Aluminium	No.	£5,156.00	No.	£346.00
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: Aluminium Frame louvered plant room door	35	No. of doors	Louvered	Aluminium	No.	£3,609.00	No.	£346.00

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	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: Aluminium Frame Semi/Fully Glazed	35	No. of doors	Semi glazed / fully glazed	Aluminium	No.	£3,300.00	No.	£346.00
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: Steel Flush Panelled, painted	35	No. of doors	Flush	Steel	No.	£2,578.00	No.	£346.00
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: Steel Roller Shutter (Pedestrian)	35	No. of doors	Roller Shutter	Steel	No.	£1,856.00	No.	£346.00
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: Steel Roller Shutter (Vehicle)	35	No. of doors	Roller Shutter	Steel	No.	£3,609.00	No.	£346.00
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: Timber Frame louvered plant room door	35	No. of doors	Louvered	Timber	No.	£2,269.00	No.	£346.00
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: Timber Semi/Fully Glazed: Purpose made; jambs and heads; 50x100mm; as frames; rebated, rounded and grooved	35	No. of doors	Semi glazed / fully glazed	Timber	No.	£2,020.00	No.	£346.00
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: Hardwood: Purpose made; jambs and heads; 50x100mm; as frames; rebated, rounded and grooved	35	No. of doors	Flush	Timber	No.	£1,618.00	No.	£346.00
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: Treated Softwood: Standard; primed; untreated hardwood cills	27	No. of doors	Flush	Timber	No.	£1,304.00	No.	£346.00
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: PVCu	25	No. of doors	Flush	PVCu	No.	£1,618.00	No.	£346.00
	External Door Frames and Lining Sets: PVCu semi glazed	25	No. of doors	Semi glazed / fully glazed	PVCu	No.	£2,020.00	No.	£346.00
2.04	External Cladding/Eaves Detail								
	Eaves detail, boxed, Timber, 450mm girth	40	Linear metre length	Box eaves detail / Soffit	Timber	m	£53.00	m	£65.00
	Eaves detail, boxed, PVCu, 450mm girth	40	Linear metre length	Box eaves detail / Soffit	UPVC	m	£65.00	m	£81.00
	Eaves detail, soffit, Timber, 300mm wide	40	Linear metre length	Soffit	Timber	m	£26.00	m	£33.00
	Eaves detail, soffit, Timber, 300mm wide	40		Soffit	Timber	m	£26.00	m	į

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	Eaves detail, soffit, PVCu, 300mm wide	40	Linear metre length	Soffit	UPVC	m	£39.00	m	£48.00
2.05	External Decoration					V			
	Decoration to external render	5	Wall area (m2)		Paint	m2	£25.00	m2	£31.00
	Decoration to external timbers	5	Area of timber (m2)		Paint	m2	£13.00	m2	£16.00
	Decoration to rainwater goods	5	Linear metre length		Paint	m	£6.00	m	£8.20
	Decoration to standard timber windows	5	No. of windows		Paint	No.	£24.00	No.	£30.00
	Decoration to timber sash & case windows	5	No. of windows		Paint	No.	£47.00	No.	£60.00
	Decoration to external metal fire escapes (cost per storey)	5	per storey		Paint	No.	£1,500.00		
2.99	Other								
	External metal fire escapes (cost per storey)	30	per storey	External Fire Escape	Metal	No.	£10,954.00		
3.00	ROOF								
3.01	Coverings – Pitched								
	Concrete tiles	60	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Concrete tiles	m2	£53.00	m2	£65.00
	Slates	70	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Slate	m2	£118.00	m2	£146.00

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Rosemary clay tiles	70	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Rosemary clay tiles	m2	£92.00	m2	£114.00
Profiled: PVF2 coated galvanised steel	30	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Profiled metal sheeting	m2	£169.00	m2	£98.00
Profiled: glass fibre translucent sheet cladding, 2400 x 1200 mm	20	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Translucent sheet cladding	No.	£115.00		
Fibre Cement: Profiled sheet cladding	35	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Profiled cement sheeting			m2	£88.00
High performance bituminous felt: two layer covering; bonded	20	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Felt	m2	£92.00	m2	£114.00
Copper sheeting	60	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Copper	m2	£196.00	m2	£244.00
Lead	67	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Lead	m2	£169.00	m2	£212.00
Standing seam	30	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Steel / Aluminium	m2	£93.00	m2	£115.00

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	Zinc sheeting	40	% of GIA based on building footprint, but adjusted for pitched roofs	Pitched	Zinc	m2	£169.00	m2	£212.00
	Complex roofs - extra over cost					m2	£55.00		
3.02	Coverings – Flat								
	High performance bituminous felt: two layer covering; bonded	20	% of GIA based on building footprint	Flat	Bituminous felt	m2	£92.00	m2	£114.00
	Lead	67	% of GIA based on building footprint	Flat	Lead	m2	£196.00	m2	£244.00
	Synthetic Rubber (EPDM) / single ply	20	% of GIA based on building footprint	Flat	Synthetic rubber (EPDM)	m2	£143.00	m2	£179.00
	Asphalt	30	% of GIA based on building footprint	Flat	Asphalt	m2	£157.00	m2	£196.00
	Asphalt: Solar Reflective Paint Only	10	% of GIA based on building footprint	Flat	Solar reflective paint	m2	£26.00	m2	£33.00
3.03	Roof Lights								
	Aluminium Frame: Roof Window - Fixed Light	32	Area of rooflights (m2)	Rooflight	Aluminium	m2	£635.00	m2	£104.00
	Aluminium Frame: Roof Window - Opening Light	32	Area of rooflights (m2)	Rooflight	Aluminium	m2	£783.00	m2	£231.00
	Polycarbonate: Dome - Fixed Light	30	Area of rooflights (m2)	Rooflight	Polycarbonate	m2	£577.00	m2	£104.00
	Polycarbonate: Dome - Opening Light	30	Area of rooflights (m2)	Rooflight	Polycarbonate	m2	£1,731.00	m2	£231.00

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	Velux Style, 1m2	32	No. of rooflights	Rooflight	Velux	No.	£431.00	No.	£104.00
3.04	Rainwater Goods					V	•		
	Cast iron: Rainwater pipes / gutters / roof outlets	50	Linear metre length	Downpipes / gutters	Cast iron	m	£104.00	m	£131.00
	Lead: Box gutters and flashings	60	Linear metre length	Gutters / flashings	Lead	m	£261.00	m	£326.00
	Powder Coated Aluminium: Pipes / gutters / outlets	40	Linear metre length	Downpipes / gutters	Aluminium	m	£65.00	m	£81.00
	PVCu: Rainwater pipes / gutters / roof outlets	25	Linear metre length	Downpipes / gutters	PVCu	m	£39.00	m	£48.00
3.05	Chimney Stacks & Parapet Walls			\					
	Chimney stack / parapet wall - Common brick / block	35	Area of chimneystacks / parapet walls (m2)	Chimney stacks / parapet walls / handrails	Common brick / block	m2	£183.00	m2	£220.00
	Chimney stack / parapet wall - facing brick	35	Area of chimneystacks / parapet walls (m2)	Chimney stacks / parapet walls / handrails	Facing brick	m2	£261.00	m2	£313.00
	Chimney stack / parapet wall - stone, ashlar	35	Area of chimneystacks / parapet walls (m2)	Chimney stacks / parapet walls / handrails	Stone	m2	£665.00	m2	£798.00
	Parapet wall - ornate stone	35	Area of chimneystacks / parapet walls (m2)	Chimney stacks / parapet walls / handrails	Stone	m2	£1,330.00	m2	£1,596.00
	Coping: Concrete	55	Linear metre length	Chimney stacks / parapet walls / handrails	Concrete	m	£211.00	m	£68.00
	Chimney Cowl	35	No. of cowls	Chimney Stack	Cowl	No.	£87.00		
	Chimney Pot	55	No. of pots	Chimney Stack	Pot	No.	£260.00		

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	Chimney: Cap & Vent Existing Un-used Chimney	35	No. of chimneystacks	Chimney Stack			n/a	No.	£448.00
3.99	Other					V			
	Scaffolding		Wall area (m2)	Allowance		m2	£29.00		
	Roof edge protection		Linear metre length	Roof edge protection	Galvanised	m2	£75.00		
	Fixed vertical ladder and safety cage		per storey	Fixed vertical ladder and safety cage	Steel	No.	£1,500.00		
4.00	INTERNAL FABRIC								
4.01	Internal Walls & Finishes								
	Internal Walls & Finishes - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	60	100% of GIA	Internal walls		m2	£226.00		
	Internal Walls & Finishes - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital	60	100% of GIA	Internal walls		m2	£129.00		
	Internal Walls & Finishes - 06 Community Hospital	60	100% of GIA	Internal walls		m2	£168.00		
	Internal Walls & Finishes - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	60	100% of GIA	Internal walls		m2	£144.00		
	Internal Walls & Finishes - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	60	100% of GIA	Internal walls		m2	£139.00		
	Internal Walls & Finishes - 24 Support Facilities	60	100% of GIA	Internal walls		m2	£131.00		
	Internal Walls & Finishes- 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	60	100% of GIA	Internal walls		m2	£118.00		

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Internal Walls & Finishes - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	60	100% of GIA	Internal walls		m2	£191.00		
Whiterock or equal wall lining - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	20	% of GIA	Wall lining	Whiterock	m2	£58.00		
Whiterock or equal wall lining- 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 23 Offices (Mid Rise) / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	20	% of GIA	Wall lining	Whiterock	m2	£6.00		
Whiterock or equal wall lining - 06 Community Hospital	20	% of GIA	Wall lining	Whiterock	m2	£46.00		
Whiterock or equal wall lining - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	20	% of GIA	Wall lining	Whiterock	m2	£12.00		
Boarding/Panelling: Gyproc Wallboard: Insulating grade, plastic faced; taped joints; for direct decoration	37	Wall area (m2)	Stud partition	Insulated plasterboard	m2	£170.00	m2	£212.00
Boarding/Panelling: Hardwood: Tongued and grooved, v-jointed; including battens	50	Wall area (m2)	Wall lining	Timber panelling	m2	£143.00	m2	£179.00
Boarding/Panelling: Whiterock or equal wall lining	20	Wall area (m2)	Wall lining	Whiterock	m2	£91.00	m2	£114.00
Insitu Finishes: Lightweight Plaster: Two coats; to brickwork/blockwork base	50	Wall area (m2)	Wall finish	Plaster	m2	£53.00	m2	£65.00
Partitions (De-mountable): Aluminium: Generally	25	Linear metre length	Demountable partitions	Aluminium	m	£392.00	m	£487.00
Partitions (De-mountable): Glass: Generally	20	Linear metre length	Demountable partitions	Glass	m	£861.00	m	£1,077.00
Partitions (De-mountable): Steel: Generally	30	Linear metre length	Demountable partitions	Steel	m	£365.00	m	£457.00
Partitions: Laminated Plasterboard: 65mm; 19mm outer layers square edge plank core; 19mm tapered edge plank both sides;	50	Linear metre length	Stud partition	Laminated plasterboard	m	£443.00	m	£555.00

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	softwood plates and battens; flush jointed tapered edge panels								
	Partitions: Metal Stud and Plasterboard: 100mm; two layers 12.5mm wallboard each side; 48mm studs; flush jointed tapered edge panels	50	Linear metre length	Stud partition	Plasterboard	m	£289.00	m	£381.00
	Partitions: Metal Stud and Plasterboard: 65mm; one hour; one layer 15mm Fireline board each side; jointed tapered edge panel	50	Linear metre length	Stud partition	Plasterboard	m	£377.00	m	£473.00
	Partitions: Timber Stud and Plasterboard: 12.7mm gypsum plasterboard; tapered edges; fixed with galvanised nails to softwood; joints filled, taped and flush jointed	50	Linear metre length	Stud partition	Plasterboard	m	£327.00	m	£407.00
	Rigid Finishes: Glazed Ceramic Tiles: Fixing with adhesive; including backing	25	Wall area (m2)	Wall finish	Ceramic tiles	m2	£104.00	m2	£131.00
	Rigid Finishes: Granite Cladding: 20mm; polished finish; jointed and pointed in coloured mortar; to cement/sand base	40	Wall area (m2)	Wall finish	Granite cladding	m2	£313.00	m2	£392.00
	Rigid Finishes: Marble Cladding: 20mm; polished finish; jointed and pointed in coloured mortar; to cement/sand base	45	Wall area (m2)	Wall finish	Marble cladding	m2	£313.00	m2	£392.00
	Toilet cubicles	20	No. of toilet cubicles	Toilet cubicle		No	£1,461.00		
	Toilet/WHB IPS system back panel	20	No. of IPS systems	IPS system		No.	£1,650.00		
4.02	Floor Coverings								
	Insitu Screed: Granolithic: 20mm	50	% of GIA	Screed	Granolithic	m2	£78.00	m2	£98.00
	Sheet: Vinyl	15	% of GIA	Sheet	Vinyl	m2	£69.00	m2	£87.00
	Tile: Vinyl	15	% of GIA	Tiles	Vinyl	m2	£53.00	m2	£65.00

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Sheet: Linoleum	15	% of GIA	Sheet	Linoleum	m2	£69.00	m2	£87.00
Sheet: Fitted Carpet: Contract medium quality; wool/nylon carpet	10	% of GIA	Sheet	Carpet (medium quality)	m2	£65.00	m2	£81.00
Sheet: Fitted Carpet: Contract heavy quality; wool/nylon carpet	12	% of GIA	Sheet	Carpet (heavy quality)	m2	£69.00	m2	£87.00
Tile: Carpet: Contract medium quality	10	% of GIA	Tiles	Carpet (medium quality)	m2	£65.00	m2	£81.00
Sheet: Barrier matting	12	% of GIA	Sheet	Barrier matting	m2	£100.00	m2	£125.00
Tiles: Quarry Tiles: 12.5mm; to cement/sand base	50	% of GIA	Tiles	Quarry tiles	m2	£104.00	m2	£131.00
Tiles: Ceramic	20	% of GIA	Tiles	Ceramic tiles	m2	£104.00	m2	£131.00
Rigid Finishes: Solid Timber 6mm: Generally	30	% of GIA	Rigid	Timber	m2	£110.00	m2	£133.00
Rigid Finishes: Laminate flooring	10	% of GIA	Rigid	Laminate	m2	£45.00	m2	£56.00
Rigid Finishes: Parquet: Generally	30	% of GIA	Rigid	Timber parquet	m2	£143.00	m2	£179.00
Rigid Finishes: Terrazzo Paving: 16mm; pavings divided into panels; on screeded bed	50	% of GIA	Screed	Terrazzo	m2	£143.00	m2	£179.00
Floating: Chipboard: 19mm panels nailed to softwood battens; 63mm Durabella flooring system; on concrete floor	30	% of GIA	Floating	Chipboard	m2	£65.00	m2	£81.00
Raised Access: Chipboard Panels: Light/medium or office grade; 300-600mm high; galvanised sheet steel; pedestal supports	30	% of GIA	Raised access flooring	Chipboard	m2	£69.00	m2	£87.00
Raised Access: Density Particle Board: 30mm panels; light/medium or office grade; 150mm high overall; pedestal supports	25	% of GIA	Raised access flooring	Density particle board	m2	£92.00	m2	£114.00

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	Skirting: Hardwood: 25x100mm	47	Linear metre length	Skirting	Hardwood			m	£48.00
	Skirting: MDF: 25x75mm	30	Linear metre length	Skirting	MDF			m	£33.00
	Skirting: Plastic	24	Linear metre length	Skirting	Plastic			m	£33.00
	Stairs Finishes: Aluminium: Nosings	15	No. of treads	Stair nosings	Aluminium	per tread	£53.00		
4.03	Ceilings Finishes								
	Plasterboard: 12.5mm Fireline board; fixing with nails to softwood base	40	% of GIA	Ceiling Linings	Fireline board	m2	£53.00	m2	£65.00
	Plaster: 10mm two coat lightweight plaster; to concrete/plasterboard	35	% of GIA	Ceiling Finishes	Plaster	m2	£53.00	m2	£65.00
	Boarding/Panelling: MDF: 25mm	30	% of GIA	Ceiling Linings	MDF	m2	£46.00	m2	£58.00
	Boarding/Panelling: Non-Asbestos Boards: Supalux lining; sanded finish	35	% of GIA	Ceiling Linings	Supalux	m2	£46.00	m2	£58.00
	Boarding/Panelling: Timber lined, veneered panels	40	% of GIA	Ceiling Linings	Timber	m2	£131.00	m2	£163.00
	Insitu Finishes: Plaster: 5mm; Thistle board; to plasterboard	30	% of GIA	Ceiling Finishes	Plasterboard	m2	£26.00	m2	£33.00
	Insitu Finishes: Textured Plastic: One coat sealer and one coat Artex; to plasterboard or concrete ceilings	25	% of GIA	Ceiling Finishes	Textured plastic	m2	£39.00	m2	£48.00
4.04	Ceilings - Suspended								
	Suspended Ceilings: Aluminium: 600x600mm tile; concealed/exposed grid; hangers to concrete	25	% of GIA	Suspended Ceiling	Metal tiles	m2	£82.00	m2	£103.00
	Suspended Ceilings: Mineral Wool Based: 600x600mm tile; concealed/exposed grid; to concrete	20	% of GIA	Suspended Ceiling	Mineral fibre tiles	m2	£67.00	m2	£84.00

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	Ceiling Tile: Aluminium: 600x600mm tiles laid in grid	0	No. of tiles	Suspended Ceiling	Metal tiles			No.	£22.00
	Ceiling Tile: Mineral Wool Based: 600x600mm tiles laid in grid	0	No. of tiles	Suspended Ceiling	Mineral fibre tiles			No.	£18.00
4.05	Internal Doors & Ironmongery								
	Internal Door: Glass: Including ironmongery; generally	25	No. of doors	Internal doors	Glass	No	£2,556.00	No.	£369.00
	Internal Doors: Softwood: 44mm flush 1/2hr firecheck door; plywood faced; including ironmongery	37	No. of doors	Fire doors	1/2 hour FR	No.	£1,547.00	No.	£369.00
	Internal Doors: Softwood: 44mm glazed 1/2hr firecheck door; wood veneered; including ironmongery, with glazed panel	37	No. of doors	Fire doors	1/2 hour FR, with glazing	No.	£2,245.00	No.	£369.00
	Internal Doors: Softwood: 54mm flush 1hr firecheck door; wood veneered; including ironmongery	37	No. of doors	Fire doors	1 hour FR	No.	£1,775.00	No.	£369.00
	Internal Doors: Softwood: 54mm glazed 1hr firecheck door; laminate finish; including ironmongery, with glazed panel	37	No. of doors	Fire doors	1 hour FR, with glazing	No.	£2,713.00	No.	£369.00
	Roller Shutters/Doors: Metal: Including ironmongery; generally	25	No. of doors	Roller shutter	Metal	No.	£2,049.00	No.	£369.00
4.06	Internal Decoration								
	Emulsion paint: to walls & ceilings, gloss to woodwork	5	100% of GIA	Paint	Emulsion	m2	£26.00	m2	£29.00
	Emulsion paint: to walls & gloss to woodwork	5	100% of GIA	Paint	Emulsion	m2	£18.00	m2	£19.00
	Non-slip floor paint: to previously painted floor	5	% of GIA	Paint	Non-Slip	m2	£25.00	m2	£27.00
	Emulsion paint: to brick or block walls	5	Wall area (m2)	Paint	Masonry	m2	£15.00	m2	£18.00
	Vinyl wallpaper: decorative paper backed; adhesive	8	Wall area (m2)	Wallpaper	Vinyl	m2	£21.00	m2	£23.00

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4.99	Other							
	Fixed vertical ladder and safety cage		per storey	Fixed vertical ladder and safety cage	Steel	No.	£1,500.00	
5.00	INTERNAL FITTINGS & FIXTURES							
5.01	Sanitary Ware/Fittings							
	WC Suite: white / coloured vitreous china pan, seat and low level streamlined finish plastic cistern	20	No. of fittings	wc	Vitreous china	No.	£825.00	
	WHB: white / coloured vitreous china wash basin	20	No. of fittings	WHB	Vitreous china	No.	£361.00	
	Clinical sink with IPS	20	No. of fittings	Clinical WHB	Vitreous china	No.	£1,897.00	
	Bath	30	No. of fittings	Bath	Plastic	No.	£1,093.00	
	Sink: Stainless Steel	20	No. of fittings	Sink	Stainless Steel	No.	£722.00	
	Sink: White glazed fireclay Belfast pattern sink	20	No. of fittings	Belfast style sink	Fireclay	No.	£516.00	
	Sluice: Stainless Steel	20	No. of fittings	Sluice	Stainless Steel	No.	£722.00	
	Urinal Suite: Single stall urinal; vitreous china	17	No. of fittings	Urinal	Vitreous china	No.	£464.00	
	Accessible WC / WHB (DocM pack)	20	No. of fittings	WC/WHB	Vitreous china	No.	£2,490.00	
	Shower tray: plastic	20	No. of fittings	Shower tray	Plastic	No.	£400.00	
5.02	Unit Furniture							

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	Kitchen Fittings: Base units / worktop	20	Linear metre length	Base units		m	£470.00		
	Kitchen Fittings: wall units	20	Linear metre length	Wall units		m	£313.00		
	Other built in floor units	20	Linear metre length	Floor Units		m	£548.00		
5.03	Internal Fittings & Furniture								
5.99	Other								
6.00	EXTERNAL GROUNDS & GARDENS								
6.01	Landscaping								
				1					
	grassed areas, new top soil, seed	0	Damaged areas only	Grassed areas				No.	£577.00
	grassed areas, new top soil, seed plant beds, new top soil, plants, mulch	0		Grassed areas Plant beds				No.	£577.00 £577.00
6.02			areas only Damaged						
6.02	plant beds, new top soil, plants, mulch		areas only Damaged		Timber	m2	£78.00		
6.02	plant beds, new top soil, plants, mulch Walls, Fencing & Gates	0	Damaged areas only Fence area	Plant beds	Timber Paint	m2 m2	£78.00 £13.00	No.	£577.00
6.02	plant beds, new top soil, plants, mulch Walls, Fencing & Gates Fencing: Timber Generally Decoration to external timber fencing (fence	20	Damaged areas only Fence area (m2) Fence area	Plant beds Fence				No.	£577.00

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	Decoration to external metal fencing (fence quantity requires to be doubled - both sides)	5	Fence area (m2)	Fence	Paint	m2	£26.00	m2	£33.00
	Fencing: Concrete Post & Chain	25	Fence area (m2)	Fence	Concrete post & chain	m2	£65.00	m2	£78.00
	Handrails: Metal	25	Linear metre length	Handrail	Steel	m	£50.00		
	Decoration to metal handrails	5	Linear metre length	Handrail	Paint	m	£6.00		
	Walls: Stone	50	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Stone	m2	£665.00	m2	£798.00
	Repointing existing stonework - coursed sandstone	0	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Lime mortar			m2	£45.00
	Repointing existing stonework - random rubble	0	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Lime mortar			m2	£58.00
	Walls: Facing Brick	50	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Facing brick	m2	£261.00	m2	£313.00
	Repointing existing brickwork	0	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Mortar			m2	£28.00
	Walls: Common Brick; render both sides	50	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Facing brick	m2	£318.00	m2	£382.00
	Decoration to external render	5	Wall area (m2)		Paint	m2	£25.00	m2	£31.00
	Walls: Reinforced Concrete	50	Wall area (m2)	Wall	Reinforced concrete	m2	£235.00	m2	£282.00
6.03	Roads & Car Parks								
	Insitu Concrete: To car parks generally	25	Road / car park area (m2)	Car park / roads	Insitu concrete	m2	£143.00	m2	£179.00
	Bitmac Surface: To car parks generally	20	Road / car park area (m2)	Car park / roads	Bitmac	m2	£104.00	m2	£131.00
	Precast Concrete Blocks: Rectangular coloured paviors on earth base; sand bedding	20	Road / car park area (m2)	Car park / roads	Block paviors	m2	£92.00	m2	£114.00

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	Thermoplastic lining to roads / car parks	10	Linear metre length		Thermoplastic lining	m	£5.00		
	Thermoplastic lining - disabled parking bay markings	10	Linear metre length	Disabled parking bay marking	Thermoplastic lining	No.	£93.00		
6.04	Paths & Paved Areas								
	Bitmac Surface: To pathways generally	20	Road / car park area (m2)	Car park / roads	Bitmac	m2	£104.00	m2	£131.00
	Precast Concrete Flags: On sand, granular or on blinded hardcore base	40	Path / paved area (m2)	Path	Concrete paving slabs	m2	£78.00	m2	£98.00
	Precast Concrete Blocks: Rectangular coloured paviors on earth base; sand bedding	30	Path / paved area (m2)	Path	Block paviors	m2	£92.00	m2	£114.00
	Insitu Concrete: To pathways generally	35	Path / paved area (m2)	Path	Insitu concrete	m2	£104.00	m2	£131.00
	Yorkstone Slabs: On blinded hardcore base	40	Path / paved area (m2)	Path	Yorkstone slabs	m2	£143.00	m2	£179.00
6.05	External Fittings & Furniture								
	Signage	15	No. of signs	Signage		No.	£339.00		
	Bin	15	No. of bins	Bin		No.	£431.00		
	Bench	15	No. of benches	Bench		No.	£743.00		
	Bollards	15	No. of bollards	Bollards		No.	£300.00		
	Decoration to bollards	5	No. of bollards	Bollards		No.	£50.00		
6.06	Ancillary Buildings								

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	Gas meter housing	20	No. of gas meter housings	Gas meter housing		No.	£1,304.00	
	Single garage	20	No. of garages	Single Garage		No.	£8,272.00	
	Shed, 6' x 4'	6	No. of sheds	Timber shed		No.	£462.00	
	Shed, 8' x 6'	6	No. of sheds	Timber shed		No.	£635.00	
6.99	Other							
7.00	DRAINAGE & EXTERNAL SERVICES			\				
7.01	Drainage/Sewerage							
	Surface water drainage, based on area of hardstanding	60	Area of hardstanding (m2) - block 00	Below ground drainage	Vitrified clay	m2	£77.00	
	Surface water drainage, based on area of hardstanding	50	Area of hardstanding (m2) - block 00	Below ground drainage	PVCu	m2	£46.00	
	Surface water drainage, based on area of hardstanding	60	Area of hardstanding (m2) - block 00	Below ground drainage	Concrete	m2	£77.00	
	Foul drainage, based on gifa - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	30	100% of GIA	Foul drainage		m2	£18.00	
	Foul drainage, based on gifa - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 06 Community Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	30	100% of GIA	Foul drainage		m2	£13.00	

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	Foul drainage, based on gifa - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	30	100% of GIA	Foul drainage		m2	£15.00	
	Foul drainage, based on gifa - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	30	100% of GIA	Foul drainage		m2	£6.00	
	Foul drainage, based on gifa - 24 Support Facilities	30	100% of GIA	Foul drainage		m2	£11.00	
	Soil/Waste Stacks: Cast Iron: Pipes incl. fittings; primed; to masonry	37	Linear metre length	Soil / waste stacks	Cast iron	m	£104.00	
	Soil/Waste Stacks: Polypropylene: Waste pipes and fittings; pipe clips	20	Linear metre length	Soil / waste stacks	Polypropylene	m	£39.00	
7.02	External Utilities Infrastructure							
	Gas Supply: Coiled Service Pipe: Medium density polyethylene; laid underground; electrofusion joints in running length - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	30	100% of GIA	Gas supply - coiled service pipe - underground	Medium density polyethylene	m2	£18.00	
	Gas Supply: Coiled Service Pipe: Medium density polyethylene; laid underground; electrofusion joints in running length - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 06 Community Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 23 Offices (Mid Rise) / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	30	100% of GIA	Gas supply - coiled service pipe - underground	Medium density polyethylene	m2	£13.00	
	Gas Supply: Coiled Service Pipe: Medium density polyethylene; laid underground; electrofusion joints in running length - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	30	100% of GIA	Gas supply - coiled service pipe - underground	Medium density polyethylene	m2	£15.00	
	Gas Supply: Coiled Service Pipe: Medium density polyethylene; laid underground; electrofusion joints in running length - 24 Support Facilities	30	100% of GIA	Gas supply - coiled service pipe - underground	Medium density polyethylene	m2	£11.00	

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	Gas Supply: Mains Service Pipe: Medium density polyethylene; laid underground; electrofusion joints in running length - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	35	100% of GIA	Gas supply - mains service pipe - underground	Medium density polyethylene	m2	£18.00	
	Gas Supply: Mains Service Pipe: Medium density polyethylene; laid underground; electrofusion joints in running length - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 06 Community Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 23 Offices (Mid Rise) / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	35	100% of GIA	Gas supply - mains service pipe - underground	Medium density polyethylene	m2	£13.00	
	Gas Supply: Mains Service Pipe: Medium density polyethylene; laid underground; electrofusion joints in running length - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	35	100% of GIA	Gas supply - mains service pipe - underground	Medium density polyethylene	m2	£15.00	
	Gas Supply: Mains Service Pipe: Medium density polyethylene; laid underground; electrofusion joints in running length - 24 Support Facilities	35	100% of GIA	Gas supply - mains service pipe - underground	Medium density polyethylene	m2	£11.00	
7.03	Site Lighting							
	Wall mounted bulkhead fitting	15	No. of fittings			No.	£289.00	
	Column lighting	20	No. of fittings			No.	£1,031.00	
	Bollard fitting	15	No. of fittings			No.	£577.00	
7.04	Lightning Protection							
	Lightning Protection	25	100% of GIA	Lightning protection		m2	£3.50	

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7.05	CCTV (External)				C		
	CCTV (External)	15	100% of GIA	CCTV (external)	m2	£3.50	
7.99	Other						
8.00	FUEL STORAGE & DISTRIBUTION						
8.01	Fuel Supply/Distribution						
	Fuel Supply / Distribution - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	45	100% of GIA	Fuel supply / distribution	m2	£4.60	
	Fuel Supply / Distribution - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	45	100% of GIA	Fuel supply / distribution	m2	£6.90	
	Fuel Supply / Distribution - 06 Community Hospital	45	100% of GIA	Fuel supply / distribution	m2	£15.10	
	Fuel Supply / Distribution - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	45	100% of GIA	Fuel supply / distribution	m2	£5.80	
	Fuel Supply / Distribution - 23 Offices (Mid Rise) / 24 Support Facilities	45	100% of GIA	Fuel supply / distribution	m2	£1.10	
8.02	Storage						
	Oil tank	30	£1 / litre				
8.99	Other						

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					<u>S</u>		
9.00	BOILERS & CALORIFIERS				V	•	
9.01	Boiler Plant						
	Boiler Plant - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	25	% of GIA		m2	£8.40	
	Boiler Plant - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 06 Community Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	25	% of GIA		m2	£11.90	
	Boiler Plant - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres) / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	25	% of GIA		m2	£30.30	
	Boiler Plant - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	25	% of GIA		m2	£16.50	
	Boiler Plant - 24 Support Facilities	25	% of GIA		m2	£16.50	
	Gas/Oil Fired Boilers: Industrial Water Boilers: Cast iron sectional boilers; gas or oil fired on/off or high/low type	25	No. of boilers		No.	£24,425.00	
	Gas/Oil Fired Boilers: Packaged Water Boilers: Gas or oil fired; on/off or high/low type	25	No. of boilers		No.	£24,425.00	
9.02	Pressurisation Plant						
	Pressurisation Plant	15	% of GIA		m2	£1.80	
9.03	Calorifiers/Heat Exchangers						

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	Storage Cylinders/Calorifiers: Copper:			Storage cylinder				
	Direct/indirect hot water cylinders; single/double feed; pre-insulated	30	% of GIA	/ calorifier (direct / indirect)	Copper	m2	£6.90	
	Storage Cylinders/Calorifiers: Copper: Direct/indirect hot water cylinders; single/double feed; pre-insulated	30	No. of cylinders / calorifiers	Storage cylinder / calorifier (direct / indirect)	Copper	No.	£1,422.00	
	Storage Cylinders/Calorifiers: Copper: Combination direct hot water storage units	30	No. of cylinders / calorifiers	Storage cylinder / calorifier (Combi)	Copper	No.	£127.00	
	Storage Cylinders/Calorifiers: Galvanised Mild Steel: Storage calorifier	30	No. of cylinders / calorifiers	Storage cylinder / calorifier	Galvanised mild steel	No.	£127.00	
	Heat Pump: Packaged Air to Water: Three phase 415v compressor; fan; heat exchanger	15	No. of heat pumps	Heat pump		No.	£127.00	
	Heat Pump: Packaged Reciprocating: Three phase 415v compressor; cooler; condenser; control panel	15	No. of heat pumps	Heat pump		No.	£127.00	
	Heat Exchanger: Packaged Plate: Instantaneous water heaters; primary pump; temperature sensor; thermostatic control panel	15	No. of heat exchangers	Heat exchanger		No.	£939.00	
9.04	Flues							
9.04	Flues Through wall balanced flue	25	No. of boilers			No.	£516.00	
9.04		25 25	No. of boilers No. of flues			No.	£516.00 £8,663.00	
9.04	Through wall balanced flue							
	Through wall balanced flue Conventional stainless steel chimneys/flues							
	Through wall balanced flue Conventional stainless steel chimneys/flues	25	No. of flues			No.	£8,663.00	
9.05	Through wall balanced flue Conventional stainless steel chimneys/flues Controls/Meters	25	No. of flues			No.	£8,663.00	





9.99	Other								
10.00	STEAM SYSTEMS								
10.01	Distribution Pipework				^				
	Steam plant: Steam pipework installations	30	% of GIA	Steam pipework		m2	£20.00		
10.02	Valves								
	Valves - small	15	No. of valves	Valves		No.	£2,062.00		
	Valves - large	15	No. of valves	Valves		No.	£10,312.00		
10.03	Controls								
	Steam plant: Control equipment	15	% of GIA			m2	£53.00		
10.04	Meters								
	Steam plant: Instrumentation	15	No. of meters			No.	£1,031.00		
10.05	Condense Systems								
	Steam plant: Condensate systems	15	% of GIA			m2	£20.00		
10.06	Insulation								
	Insulation	30	% of GIA			m2	£2.10		
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10.99	Other				Image: Control of the		
					6		
11.00	HEATING SYSTEMS						
11.01	Distribution Pipework						
	LTHW pipework - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	30	% of GIA	LTHW pipework	m2	£71.00	
	LTHW pipework - 06 Community Hospital	30	% of GIA	LTHW pipework	m2	£56.00	
	LTHW pipework - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres) / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	30	% of GIA	LTHW pipework	m2	£22.00	
	LTHW pipework - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	30	% of GIA	LTHW pipework	m2	£81.00	
	LTHW pipework - 24 Support Facilities	30	% of GIA	LTHW pipework	m2	£76.00	
11.02	Heat Emitters						
	Heat emitters - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	20	% of GIA	Heat emitters	m2	£13.80	

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	Heat emitters - 06 Community Hospital	20	% of GIA	Heat emitters	m2	£32.00		
	Heat emitters - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres) / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	20	% of GIA	Heat emitters	m2	£9.30		
	Heat emitters - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	20	% of GIA	Heat emitters	m2	£28.90		
	Heat emitters - 24 Support Facilities	20	% of GIA	Heat emitters	m2	£15.10		
	Heat Emitters: Radiators: Low surface temperature; single panel	20	No. of emitters	Radiators	No.	£353.00	No.	£440.00
	Heat Emitters: Skirting Heaters: Pressed metal with fins on copper tube	20	Linear metre length	Skirting heaters	m	£143.00	m	£179.00
	Heat Emitters: Radiant Strip Heaters: Steel tube aluminium radiant plates incl. insulation, sliding brackets, cover plates, end closures	20	Linear metre length	Radiant strip heaters	m	£235.00	m	£294.00
	Heat Emitters: Electric Convector Heaters: Wall mounted; fixed to structure; 3kW output; integral thermostat	10	No. of emitters	Electric convector heaters	No.	£222.00	No.	£277.00
	Heat Emitters: Electric Storage Heaters: Low level wall mounted; thermostatic controls; fixed to structure	20	No. of emitters	Electric storage heaters	No.	£443.00	No.	£555.00
	Air Curtains: Electrically Heated Commercial Grade: Recessed/exposed units with rigid steel casing; aluminium grilles; high quality motor/centrifugal fan	15	No. of air curtain heaters	Air curtain heaters	No.	£2,871.00	No.	£3,589.00
11.03	Controls							
	Accessories: Controls: Thermostatic radiator valves	20	% of GIA		m2	£1.80		
	Accessories: Controls: Thermostatic radiator valves	20	No. of valves		No.	£65.00	No.	£81.00
11.04	Heating Pumps							

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	Heating Pumps	15	% of GIA		m2	£5.20	
11.05	Insulation						
	Insulation	30	% of GIA		m2	£6.90	
11.99	Other						
12.00	VENTILATION SYSTEMS						
12.01	Ventilation Plant			Y			
	Ventilation systems general- 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	20	% of GIA	Ventilation system	m2	£45.40	
	Ventilation systems general - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital	20	% of GIA	Ventilation system	m2	£22.70	
	Ventilation systems general - 06 Community Hospital	20	% of GIA	Ventilation system	m2	£33.00	
	Ventilation systems general - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	20	% of GIA	Ventilation system	m2	£15.50	
	Ventilation systems general - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	20	% of GIA	Ventilation system	m2	£18.60	
	Ventilation systems general - 24 Support Facilities / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	20	% of GIA	Ventilation system	m2	£22.70	
	Ventilation systems general - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	20	% of GIA	Ventilation system	m2	£3.50	

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	Air Handling Units: Ceiling/Floor Void Mounted: Aluminium framed with double skinned insulated panels; access panels; support brackets/base frame: Air fan with motor; filter; damper; LPHW heating coil; cooling coil; attenuator	20	No. of AHU's	Air handling units	No.	£12,213.00	
	Air Handling Units: Ceiling/Floor Void Mounted: Aluminium framed with double skinned insulated panels; access panels; support brackets/base frame: Air fan with motor; filter; damper; LPHW heating coil; cooling coil; attenuator	20	% of GIA	Air handling units	m2	£43.30	
	Extract Fans: Centrifugal: Three phase 415v; belt driven; flexible connectors; base frame; anti vibration mountings	15	No. of fans	Extract fans (centrifugal)	No.	£4,332.00	
	Roof Extract Fans: Axial Flow: Single phase 240v; controls; glass fibre weather cap and base; bird guard and shutters; kerb mounted	15	No. of fans	Roof extract fans (axial)	No.	£743.00	
	Toilet Ventilation: Packaged Units	15	No. of fans	Toilet ventilation (packaged)	No.	£2,087.00	
	Domestic fan	10	No. of fans		No.	£155.00	
12.02	Distribution Ductwork						
	Distribution Ductwork generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	35	% of GIA	Distribution ductwork	m2	£135.00	
	Distribution Ductwork generally - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital	35	% of GIA	Distribution ductwork	m2	£91.00	
	Distribution Ductwork generally - 06 Community Hospital	35	% of GIA	Distribution ductwork	m2	£112.00	
	Distribution Ductwork generally - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	35	% of GIA	Distribution ductwork	m2	£51.00	
	Distribution Ductwork generally - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	35	% of GIA	Distribution ductwork	m2	£57.00	

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Distribution Ductwork generally - 24 Support Facilities	35	% of GIA	Distribution ductwork		m2	£95.00	
Distribution Ductwork generally - 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	35	% of GIA	Distribution ductwork		m2	£91.00	
Distribution Ductwork generally - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	35	% of GIA	Distribution ductwork		m2	£60.00	
Ductwork: Galvanised Mild Steel: Rectangular low pressure; joints and couplers in the running length incl. stiffeners; access doors and test holes	35	% of GIA	Distribution ductwork	Galvanised mild steel	m2	£53.00	
Ductwork Insulation: Foil Faced Flexible: 40mm; secured with adhesive and foil tape; finished with galvanised wire netting - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	35	% of GIA	Ductwork insulation	Foil faced	m2	£15.50	
Ductwork Insulation: Foil Faced Flexible: 40mm; secured with adhesive and foil tape; finished with galvanised wire netting - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital	35	% of GIA	Ductwork insulation	Foil faced	m2	£10.30	
Ductwork Insulation: Foil Faced Flexible: 40mm; secured with adhesive and foil tape; finished with galvanised wire netting - 06 Community Hospital	35	% of GIA	Ductwork insulation	Foil faced	m2	£12.40	
Ductwork Insulation: Foil Faced Flexible: 40mm; secured with adhesive and foil tape; finished with galvanised wire netting - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	35	% of GIA	Ductwork insulation	Foil faced	m2	£5.70	
Ductwork Insulation: Foil Faced Flexible: 40mm; secured with adhesive and foil tape; finished with galvanised wire netting - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	35	% of GIA	Ductwork insulation	Foil faced	m2	£6.40	
Ductwork Insulation: Foil Faced Flexible: 40mm; secured with adhesive and foil tape; finished with galvanised wire netting - 24	35	% of GIA	Ductwork insulation	Foil faced	m2	£10.50	

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	Support Facilities					C		
	Ductwork Insulation: Foil Faced Flexible: 40mm; secured with adhesive and foil tape; finished with galvanised wire netting - 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	35	% of GIA	Ductwork insulation	Foil faced	m2	£10.00	
	Ductwork Insulation: Foil Faced Flexible: 40mm; secured with adhesive and foil tape; finished with galvanised wire netting - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	35	% of GIA	Ductwork insulation	Foil faced	m2	£6.70	
12.03	Automatic Fire Dampers & Control Panel							
	Fire Dampers: Folding Curtain Type: Galvanised steel casing; stainless steel blades; 4hr fire rating; installation frame; local access door in duct line	20	No. of dampers			No.	£939.00	
12.04	Controls							
	Controls - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	20	% of GIA			m2	£15.10	
	Controls - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital	20	% of GIA			m2	£10.00	
	Controls - 06 Community Hospital	20	% of GIA			m2	£12.50	
	Controls - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	20	% of GIA			m2	£5.70	
	Controls - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	20	% of GIA			m2	£6.40	
	Controls - 24 Support Facilities	20	% of GIA			m2	£10.50	

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	Controls - 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	20	% of GIA		m2	£10.00	
	Controls - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	20	% of GIA		m2	£6.70	
12.05	Room Split/Chillers/Compressors						
	Air conditioning generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital		% of GIA	Air conditioning	m2	£88.00	
	Air conditioning generally - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital		% of GIA	Air conditioning	m2	£35.00	
	Air conditioning generally - 06 Community Hospital		% of GIA	Air conditioning	m2	£69.00	
	Air conditioning generally - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres) / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician		% of GIA	Air conditioning	m2	£54.00	
	Air conditioning generally - 23 Offices (Mid Rise) / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation		% of GIA	Air conditioning	m2	£11.50	
	Air Conditioning: VAV System: Terminal units (bellows/box type); controls and ancillaries	17	No. of systems	Air conditioning - VAV system	No.	£5,911.00	
	Air Conditioning: Terminal Re-Heat System: Units, controllers and ancillaries generally	20	No. of systems	Air conditioning - terminal re- heat system	No.	£6,628.00	
	Air Conditioning: Two-/Four-Pipe Fan Coil System: Wall/ceiling mounted water coil; single phase 240v centrifugal fan; 3 speed regulator	20	No. of systems	Air conditioning - fan coil system	No.	£7,490.00	
	Chilled Water: Chilled Beams: Passive; exposed below/flush ceiling	20	Linear metre length	Air conditioning - chilled beam system	m	£1,187.00	
12.06	Chillers/Cooling Systems						

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	Air Conditioning: Packaged System: External units generally	15	No. of systems		No.	£4,332.00	
	Air Conditioning: Terminal Heat Pump with Central Ventilation: Reverse cycle; wall/floor mounted; single phase 240v compressor; 3 speed fan	15	No. of systems		No.	£3,833.00	
	Chilled Water Installation: Chilled Beams: Active; flexible connections; shut-off couplings	20	No. of systems		No.	£3,833.00	
	Central Refrigeration Plant: Packaged Chillers: Water cooled; 3 phase 415v screw compressor; condenser; control panel	20	No. of systems	19	No.	£3,833.00	
	Central Refrigeration Plant: Packaged Chillers: Air cooled liquid; 3 phase 415v compressor; evaporator; condenser; control panel; acoustic attenuation and anti-vibration mountings	20	No. of systems		No.	£40,173.00	
12.07	Cooling Towers						
	Cooling Towers						
12.99	Other						
13.00	MEDICAL GAS SYSTEMS						
13.01	Vacuum Insulated Evaporators						
	(normally leased)						
13.02	Distribution						

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	Medical Gas: Distribution pipework - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	35	% of GIA	Distribution pipework	m2	£11.50	
	Medical Gas: Distribution pipework - 06 Community Hospital	35	% of GIA	Distribution pipework	m2	£7.50	
13.03	Manifolds						
	Medical Gas: Manifolds	20	No. of manifolds	Manifolds	No.	£418.00	
	Medical Gas: Manifolds - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	20	% of GIA	Manifolds	m2	£2.30	
	Medical Gas: Manifolds - 06 Community Hospital	20	% of GIA	Manifolds	m2	£1.50	
13.04	Gas Cylinder Storage						
13.05	Outlets						
	Medical Gas: Outlets	15	No. of outlets	Outlets	No.	£109.00	
	Medical Gas: Outlets - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	15	% of GIA	Outlets	m2	£4.60	
	Medical Gas: Outlets - 06 Community Hospital	15	% of GIA	Outlets	m2	£3.00	
13.06	Alarm Systems						
	Medical Gas: Alarm Systems	15	No. of alarms systems		No.	£418.00	

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	Medical Gas: Alarm Systems - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	15	% of GIA			m2	£4.60	
	Medical Gas: Alarm Systems - 06 Community Hospital	15	% of GIA			m2	£3.00	
13.07	Medical Air Compressors/Vacuum Pumps							
	Medical Gas: Compressors	25	No. of compressors	Compressors		No.	£5,195.00	
	Medical Gas: Vacuum pumps/plant	25	No. of vacuum pumps / plant	Vacuum pumps / plant		No.	£5,195.00	
13.99	Other			IV				
14.00	HOT & COLD WATER SYSTEMS							
14.01	Water Storage & Header Tanks							
	Storage Tank: GRP: Generally	35	100% of GIA	Storage tank	GRP	m2	£5.20	
14.02	Water Treatment Plant							
	Water Treatment Plant							
14.03	Distribution Pipework							
	Pipes: Medium Density Polyethylene (MDPE): Pipework and fittings - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	MDPE	m2	£81.00	

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Pipes: Medium Density Polyethylene (MDPE): Pipework and fittings - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	MDPE	m2	£48.00	
Pipes: Medium Density Polyethylene (MDPE): Pipework and fittings - 06 Community Hospital	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	MDPE	m2	£62.00	
Pipes: Medium Density Polyethylene (MDPE): Pipework and fittings - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	MDPE	m2	£142.00	
Pipes: Medium Density Polyethylene (MDPE): Pipework and fittings - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	MDPE	m2	£57.00	
Pipes: Medium Density Polyethylene (MDPE): Pipework and fittings - 24 Support Facilities	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	MDPE	m2	£27.00	
Pipes: Medium Density Polyethylene (MDPE): Pipework and fittings - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	MDPE	m2	£128.00	
Pipes: PVCu: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	PVCu	m2	£81.00	
Pipes: PVCu: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	PVCu	m2	£48.00	
Pipes: PVCu: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 06 Community Hospital	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	PVCu	m2	£62.00	
Pipes: PVCu: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	PVCu	m2	£142.00	

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	Pipes: PVCu: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	PVCu	m2	£57.00	
	Pipes: PVCu: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 24 Support Facilities	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	PVCu	m2	£27.00	
fi 4	Pipes: PVCu: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	PVCu	m2	£128.00	
fi H	Pipes: ABS: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	ABS	m2	£81.00	
fi F	Pipes: ABS: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	ABS	m2	£48.00	
	Pipes: ABS: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 06 Community Hospital	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	ABS	m2	£62.00	
fi (Pipes: ABS: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	ABS	m2	£142.00	
	Pipes: ABS: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	ABS	m2	£57.00	
	Pipes: ABS: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 24 Support Facilities	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	ABS	m2	£27.00	
f 4	Pipes: ABS: Pipework and solvent welded fittings - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	ABS	m2	£128.00	
A N	Pipes: Polybutylene: Pipes and fittings - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Polybutylene	m2	£81.00	
I N	Pipes: Polybutylene: Pipes and fittings - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Polybutylene	m2	£48.00	

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A							
Accommodation							
Pipes: Polybutylene: Pipes and fittings - 06 Community Hospital	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Polybutylene	m2	£62.00	
Pipes: Polybutylene: Pipes and fittings - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Polybutylene	m2	£142.00	
Pipes: Polybutylene: Pipes and fittings - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Polybutylene	m2	£57.00	
Pipes: Polybutylene: Pipes and fittings - 24 Support Facilities	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Polybutylene	m2	£27.00	
Pipes: Polybutylene: Pipes and fittings - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	25	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Polybutylene	m2	£128.00	
Pipes: Ductile Iron: Pipes and fittings; socketed, flexible joints - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	30	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Ductile iron	m2	£81.00	
Pipes: Ductile Iron: Pipes and fittings; socketed, flexible joints - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	30	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Ductile iron	m2	£48.00	
Pipes: Ductile Iron: Pipes and fittings; socketed, flexible joints - 06 Community Hospital	30	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Ductile iron	m2	£62.00	
Pipes: Ductile Iron: Pipes and fittings; socketed, flexible joints - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	30	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Ductile iron	m2	£142.00	
Pipes: Ductile Iron: Pipes and fittings; socketed, flexible joints - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	30	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Ductile iron	m2	£57.00	
Pipes: Ductile Iron: Pipes and fittings; socketed, flexible joints - 24 Support Facilities	30	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Ductile iron	m2	£27.00	

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	Pipes: Ductile Iron: Pipes and fittings; socketed, flexible joints - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	30	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Ductile iron	m2	£128.00	
	Pipes: Copper: Pipework generally	40	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Copper	m2	£26.00	
	Pipes: Stainless steel: Pipework generally	40	% of GIA	Distribution Pipes	Stainless Steel	m2	£26.00	
14.04	Pumps							
	Pumps: Centrifugal Heating	15	% of GIA	Pumps		m2	£2.30	
	Pumps: Pipeline Mounted Circulator: For low and medium pressure hot water heating systems	10	No. of pumps	Pumps		No.	£1,265.00	
14.05	Valves/Controls							
	Valves / Controls - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	30	% of GIA			m2	£4.70	
	Valves / Controls - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	30	% of GIA			m2	£3.00	
	Valves / Controls - 06 Community Hospital	30	% of GIA			m2	£3.70	
	Valves / Controls - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	30	% of GIA			m2	£7.90	
	Valves / Controls - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	30	% of GIA			m2	£3.50	
	Valves / Controls - 24 Support Facilities	30	% of GIA			m2	£1.90	
	Valves / Controls - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	30	% of GIA			m2	£7.20	

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14.06	Water Heaters							
	Water Heaters: Instantaneous	10	No. of water heaters			No.	£289.00	
	Water Heaters: Storage type	10	No. of water heaters			No.	£1,155.00	
	Electric shower	10	No. of showers		0	No.	£516.00	
14.07	Insulation							
	Thermal Insulation: Glass Fibre: Preformed; to pipework	20	% of GIA	Insulation	Glass fibre (pre-formed)	m2	£1.40	
	Thermal Insulation: Phenolic Foam: Sections covered with bright Class `O' foils; to pipework	20	% of GIA	Insulation	Phenolic foam (with bright class 'O' foils	m2	£1.40	
	Thermal Insulation: Polyethylene: Black flexible fire resistant; fixed with bands; to pipework	20	% of GIA	Insulation	Polyethylene	m2	£1.40	
14.99	Other - sprinkler installation							
	Sprinkler installation generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	25	% of GIA	Sprinkler installation		m2	£84.00	
	Sprinkler installation generally - 06 Community Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	25	% of GIA	Sprinkler installation		m2	£38.00	
	Sprinkler installation generally - 24 Support Facilities	25	% of GIA	Sprinkler installation		m2	£37.00	
	Sprinkler Heads: Brass Body with Frangible Glass Bulb: Conventional /sidewall pattern/satin chrome plated	25		Sprinkler heads	Brass	No.	£87.00	
15.00	LIFTS & HOISTS							

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15.01	Passenger Lifts						
	Lifts: Light Passenger: Electric traction operated; single opening; standard finish; internal lighting; fireman's controls; in-car telephone; controls; 630kg, 8 person, 0.63m/s, 10 levels	25	No. of lifts	Electric traction operated	No.	£120,037.00	
	Lifts: General Purpose Passenger: Electric traction operated; single opening; standard finish; internal lighting; fireman's controls; incar telephone; controls; 800kg, 10 person, 1.0m/s, 10 levels	25	No. of lifts	Electric traction operated	No.	£151,350.00	
	Lifts: Intensive Passenger: Electric traction operated; single opening; standard finish; internal lighting; fireman's controls; in-car telephone; controls; 1600kg, 21 person, 2.5m/s, 10 levels	25	No. of lifts	Electric traction operated	No.	£199,626.00	
15.02	Goods Lifts						
	Lifts: Goods: Electro Hydraulic drive; 2000kg, 0.4m/s, stainless steel car lining; plate floor and galvanised shutters, 10 levels	22	No. of goods lifts	Electro hydraulic	No.	£216,588.00	
15.03	Hoists						
	Lifts: Service Hoists: Single speed a/c drive; 250kg, 0.4m/s; single opening; self supporting; free standing steel structure; biparting doors with stainless steel finish; intercom	25	No. of floors	Hoist	Floors	£6,523.00	
15.04	Control Panel						
	Control Panel - Lifts: Light Passenger	15	No. of control panels		No.	£12,003.00	
	Control Panel - Lifts: General Purpose Passenger	15	No. of control panels		No.	£15,135.00	

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	Control Panel - Lifts: Intensive Passenger	15	No. of control panels		No.	£19,963.00	
15.99	Other				V	•	
	Escalators: 30 degree inclination; 3.50m vertical rise; 0.5m/s	20	No. of floors		Floors	£193,103.00	
16.00	FIXED PLANT/EQUIPMENT						
16.01	Sterilisers						
	Sterilising equipment	15	No. of fittings	Sterilising equipment	No.	£6,523.00	
16.02	Bedpan Disposal			\			
	Disposal units	15	No. of fittings	Disposal units	No.	£13,048.00	
16.03	Disinfection Equipment						
	Disinfection Equipment	15	No. of fittings	Disinfection equipment	No.	£13,048.00	
16.04	Catering Equipment						
	Cooking equipment	20	No. of fittings		No.	£6,523.00	
16.05	Laundry Equipment						
	Washing machines	20	No. of fittings		No.	£3,914.00	
	Washing machines - domestic	10	No. of fittings		No.	£577.00	
	Other laundry plant	20	No. of fittings		No.	£3,914.00	

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16.06	Miscellaneous Equipment						
16.99	Other						
17.00	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM						
17.01	HV Network						
	HV Network	30	100% of GIA of all relevant blocks		m2	£2.60	
17.02	Generators						
	Generator standby prime movers	30	No. of generators		No.	£101,770.00	
	LV Supply: Standby Generators: Diesel sets; three phase, 440 volt, four wire 50Hz	25	No. of generators		No.	£19,571.00	
17.03	Switchgear						
	HV Switchgear: Step Down Transformer: 500kVA; 3 Phase 11Kv/433 Volt 50Hz and LV cable boxes; all necessary connections	30	No. of switchgears		No.	£101,770.00	
	Main switchboard	30	Per way		No.	£4,125.00	
17.04	Distribution Boards						
	Distribution Boards generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	25	100% of GIA	Distribution boards	m2	£93.00	

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	Distribution Boards generally - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 23 Offices (Mid Rise) / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	25	100% of GIA	Distribution boards	m2	£58.00	
	Distribution Boards generally - 06 Community Hospital / 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	25	100% of GIA	Distribution boards	m2	£69.00	
	Distribution Boards generally - 24 Support Facilities	25	100% of GIA	Distribution boards	m2	£59.00	
	LV Distribution: MCB Distribution Board: SP&N external protection enclosure	25	No. of boards	MCB distribution board	No.	£10,438.00	
17.05	Wiring Systems/Bonding						
	Electrical Circuits: Electric Power Circuit Generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	30	% of GIA	Electrical wiring circuits - power	m2	£75.00	
	Electrical Circuits: Electric Power Circuit Generally - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 23 Offices (Mid Rise) / 24 Support Facilities / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	30	% of GIA	Electrical wiring circuits - power	m2	£38.00	
	Electrical Circuits: Electric Power Circuit Generally - 06 Community Hospital / 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	30	% of GIA	Electrical wiring circuits - power	m2	£44.00	
	Electrical Circuits: Electric Lighting Circuit Generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	30	% of GIA	Electrical wiring circuits - lighting	m2	£93.00	
	Electrical Circuits: Electric Lighting Circuit Generally - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential	30	% of GIA	Electrical wiring circuits - lighting	m2	£65.00	

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	Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation					()			
	Electrical Circuits: Electric Lighting Circuit Generally - 06 Community Hospital	30	% of GIA	Electrical wiring circuits - lighting		m2	£84.00		
	Electrical Circuits: Electric Lighting Circuit Generally - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	30	% of GIA	Electrical wiring circuits - lighting	Ò	m2	£85.00		
	Electrical Circuits: Electric Lighting Circuit Generally - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	30	% of GIA	Electrical wiring circuits - lighting	19	m2	£87.00		
	Electrical Circuits: Electric Lighting Circuit Generally - 24 Support Facilities / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	30	% of GIA	Electrical wiring circuits - lighting		m2	£66.00		
17.06	Fittings								
	Accessories: Controls: Light switch generally	25	100% of GIA	Accessories, switches, sockets etc.		m2	£18.00	No.	£48.00
17.07	Luminaires								
	Luminaires generally	15	No. of luminaires					No.	£358.00
	Luminaires generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	15	% of GIA			m2	£52.00		
	Luminaires generally - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	15	% of GIA			m2	£36.00		
	Luminaires generally - 06 Community Hospital	15	% of GIA			m2	£55.00		

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	Luminaires generally - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and	15	% of GIA		m2	£42.00		
	Resource Centres)							
	Luminaires generally - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	15	% of GIA		m2	£52.00		
	Luminaires generally - 24 Support Facilities	15	% of GIA		m2	£35.00		
17.08	Emergency Luminaires							
	Luminaires: Fluorescent: Emergency linear lighting; 3hr duration; electronic control gear	15	No. of luminaires			n/a	No.	£324.00
	Luminaires: Fluorescent: Emergency linear lighting; 3hr duration; electronic control gear	15	100% of GIA		m2	£23.00		
17.99	Other							
18.00	COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS							
18.01	Telephone Systems							
	Telephones	20	No. of systems	Telephone system	No.	£392.00		
18.02	Data Transmission							
	Data transmission - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 06 Community Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	20	% of GIA	Data transmission	m2	£43.00		
	Data Transmission - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital	20	% of GIA	Data transmission	m2	£18.00		
	Data Transmission - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	20	% of GIA	Data transmission	m2	£29.00		

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	T	1		T	T	_		
	Data Transmission - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	20	% of GIA	Data transmission		m2	£42.00	
	Data Transmission - 24 Support Facilities	20	% of GIA	Data transmission		m2	£44.00	
	Data Transmission - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	20	% of GIA	Data transmission		m2	£35.00	
18.03	Paging Systems							
	Paging systems - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 05 Mental Health Hospital / 06 Community Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital / 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres)	20	% of GIA	Paging system	20	m2	£11.80	
	Paging Systems - 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	20	% of GIA	Paging system		m2	£8.00	
18.04	Nurse Call Systems							
	Nurse Call Systems	20	% of GIA			m2	£19.60	
18.05	Radio & Television Systems							
	Radio & Television Systems	20	% of GIA			m2	£5.30	
18.06	Bedhead Services							
	Bedhead Services	20	No. of systems			No.	£3,914.00	
18.99	Other							

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19.00	ALARMS & DETECTION SYSTEMS							
19.01	Fire Alarm Panels				V			
	Fire alarm panels	20	No. of panels		No.	£6,523.00	No.	£8,155.00
19.02	Fire Alarm Wiring System			7				
	Smoke Detectors / Wiring generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	20	% of GIA	2	m2	£35.00		
	Smoke Detectors / Wiring generally - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 24 Support Facilities	20	% of GIA	P	m2	£29.00		
	Smoke Detectors / Wiring generally - 06 Community Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	20	% of GIA		m2	£28.00		
	Smoke Detectors / Wiring generally - 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres) / 23 Offices (Mid Rise) / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	20	% of GIA		m2	£31.00		
19.03	Security Systems							
	Security Systems generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / Mental Health Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	15	% of GIA		m2	£2.30		
	Security Systems generally - 06 Community Hospital / 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres) / 24 Support Facilities / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation / 41 GP Practice	15	% of GIA		m2	£3.50		
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	/ 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician				0			
	Security Systems generally - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	15	% of GIA		m2	£6.90		
	Security: Access Control: Card entry systems including card slot systems, card monitor systems, and push/touch coded systems; automatic lock/release or open/close mechanisms	15	No. of systems	9	No.	£1,304.00	No.	£1,631.00
	Security: Detection: Equipment including pressure pads, break points, vibration/infrared/ultra-sonic/movement and heat detectors	15	No. of systems		No.	£1,155.00		
	Security: Alarm: Equipment including alarm points, bells, indicator panels and lamps	15	No. of systems		No.	£1,304.00		
19.04	CCTV (Internal)							
	CCTV (Internal)	15	No. of systems		No.	£3,914.00		
	CCTV (Internal) generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital	15	% of GIA		m2	£3.50		
	CCTV (Internal) generally - 06 Community Hospital / 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres) / 24 Support Facilities	15	% of GIA		m2	£3.50		
	CCTV (Internal) generally - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	15	% of GIA		m2	£3.50		
	CCTV (Internal) generally - 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	15	% of GIA		m2	£3.50		

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19.05	Panic Attack System						
	Panic Attack System	20	No. of systems		No.	£4,619.00	
19.06	Other Alarm Systems			•			
	Accessible WC alarm	20	No. of systems		No.	£289.00	
19.99	Other						
20.00	BUILDING MANAGEMENT CONTROL SYSTEM						
20.01	Building Management System						
	Building Management System generally - 01 Acute Hospital / 02 Children's Hospital / 03 Maternity Hospital / 04 Specialist Hospital / 08 Multi Service Hospital / 21 Health Centre / 22 Clinics (including Day Hospitals and Resource Centres) / 41 GP Practice / 42 Dental Practice / 43 Pharmacy / 44 Optician	15	% of GIA		m2	£42.00	
	Building Management System generally - 05 Mental Health Hospital / 06 Community Hospital / 07 Older People Hospital / 25 Staff Residential Accommodation / 26 Patient Residential Accommodation	15	% of GIA		m2	£22.00	
	Building Management System generally - 23 Offices (Mid Rise)	15	% of GIA		m2	£29.00	
	Building Management System generally - 24 Support Facilities	15	% of GIA		m2	£23.00	
20.99	Other						

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Appendix 7: Condition indicators

Adapted from 'A risk-based methodology for establishing and managing backlog' by NHS Estates (author) published by TSO (The Stationery Office) ISBN 0-11-322494-X.

BUILDING ASSETS - WHAT TO LOOK FOR

ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
1. STRUCTURE	1.01 SUB- STRUCTURE	INDICATORS • No defect INDICATORS	 INDICATORS Partial subsidence noted Major cost implications 	Significant subsidence noted Replacement is the only option Substantial/ significant cost implications Areas of building unusable. Settlement/ deflection/ damage to element(s) is dramatic, immediate repair required INDICATORS
	1.02 FIVAIVILES	 No distortion defect Minimal insect infestation Some minor repairs may be required Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	 Frame distortion noted Insect infestation severe Timber rot/corrosion evident in many areas Major cost implications 	 Significant failure/frame distortion/major rot/corrosion Inadequate frame design Significant safety concerns Replacement is the only option Significant cost implications
	1.03 FLOORS and STAIRS	No distortion defect Minimal insect infestation Some minor repairs may be required Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only Crazing of the floor slab/screed/finish with no evidence of structural failure	INDICATORS • Floor distortion note/bowing of floor joists • Floor plates corroded/distorted • Insect infestation severe • Timber rot/corrosion evident in many areas • Major cost implications • Crazing of the floor slab/screed/finish, evidence of structural failing/sagging	INDICATORS Significant failure/frame distortion/major rot/corrosion Inadequate frame design Significant safety concerns Replacement is the only option Substantial/significant cost implications Cracking or spalling of concrete surfaces. Deterioration of sub-flooring that restricts/stops the use of the area
	1.04 ROOFS	No distortion defect Minimal insect infestation Some minor repairs may be required Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS • Frame distortion noted • Bowing of roof timbers • Insect infestation severe • Timber rot/corrosion evident in many areas • Major cost implications	Significant failure/frame distortion/major rot/corrosion Inadequate frame design Significant safety concerns Replacement is the only option Substantial/significant cost implications

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ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	2.01 EXTERNAL	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	WALLS and FINISHES	 Minimal deterioration of brickwork rendering sound Pointing good or minimal improvement required Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Finish defects on wall surface requiring cosmetic repairs. Filling required Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	 Rendering loose and cracked Extended areas of pointing required Major cost implications 	Brickwork finishes failed Significant areas of rendering loose/cracked/missing Substantial/significant cosimplications Holes through wall and major areas exposed to the weather. Damage to underlying structure, with materials loose and failing Potentially unsafe condition
	2.02 WINDOW	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
2. EXTERNAL FABRIC	and IRONMONGERY	 Minimal deterioration, seals and mechanisms in good order Some minor repairs may be required Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	Frame and mechanisms showing obvious signs of fatigue Rot/corrosion evident in many areas Timber cracking and breaking up Patch repairs becoming untenable Some windows are broken or loose. Condition detracts from appearance. Potential risk to the security of building Major cost implications INDICATORS	Significant failure/major rot/corrosion Significant safety concerns Replacement is the only option Major cost implications Windows inadequate for intended function. Do not meet Building/Safety requirements. Unable to secure facility. Little of no protection offered from outside elements INDICATORS
	2.03 EXTERNAL DOORS and IRONMONGERY	Minimal deterioration, seals and mechanisms in good order Some minor repairs may be required Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Door and mechanisms showing obvious signs of fatigue Physical impact/damage obvious Rot evident or door stiles weak Major cost implications Significant number of doors are broken or inoperable. Security risk exists. Components in need of repair	Significant failure/major ro Significant safety concerns Replacement is the only option Major cost implications Doors inadequate for intended function. Does not meet Building/Safety requirements. Unable to secure facility. Little of no protection offered from outside element
	2.04 EXTERNAL CLADDING/ EAVES DETAIL	Minimal deterioration Some minor repairs may be required Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS showing obvious signs of fatigue/ damage Rot/cracking evident Missing sections and fixings Major cost implications	NDICATORS Significant failure/major rot/damage Significant safety concerns Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	2.05 EXTERNAL	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	DECORATION	Recent décor within last six months	Wear and tear obvious	Significant peeling of paint/coatings or missing finish. Grubby wall finishes
3. ROOF	3.01 COVERINGS - PITCHED 3.02 COVERINGS - FLAT	INDICATORS Minimal deterioration. Slates/ tiles generally all securely fixed Cement pointing good and no improvement required Sarking felt in good condition 'Torching' mortar behind the slated in good condition No indication of damp patches Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only Coverings/Flashings showings signs of failure. Some replacement needed INDICATORS Minimal deterioration Some minor repairs to rectify bubbles etc. may be required Reflective finish in place Good provision of chippings to built-up	INDICATORS Roof leaks apparent Cracked/loose/slipped slates/tiles Tile fatigue beginning. Moderate safety concerns Ridge tiles loose/missing Gable edge cement finishes loose/cracked/ missing 'Torching' mortar behind the slates crumbling Sarking felt torn and deteriorating Major cost implications Covering defects allowing leakage through roof. Flashing failures with water penetration INDICATORS Roof leaks apparent Cracking evident to roofing material Increased level of bubbling to roofing material Significant pooling of surface water	INDICATORS Serious level of roof leaks apparent Significant cracked/loose/slipped/missing slates/ tile Tile fatigue evident. Serious safety concerns Ridge tiles loose/missing Gable edge cement finishes loose/cracked/missing 'Torching' mortar behind the slates mostly missing Sarking felt rotten Replacement or removal/reinstatement is the only option Large areas of covering deterioration, leakage through roof. Flashing/covering missing with water directly in contact with roof structure Major cost implications INDICATORS Serious level of roof leaks apparent Significant level of cracking evident to roofing material Significant level of bubbling of roofing material Badly distorted surface Bitumastic broken down
		felt roofs Any defects repaired so as to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	 Bitumastic showing signs of breaking down Recoating of reflective finish is required Provision of chippings to built-up felt roofs sparse Built-up felt edge lifting Major cost implications 	 Reflective finish worn completely away No provision of chippings to built-up felt roofs Built-up felt edge lifting Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	3.03 ROOF LIGHT	Minimal deterioration. Seals and any opening mechanisms in good order Any defects repaired so as to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implication	INDICATORS Cracked or broken glazing Partly discoloured/warped polycarbonate Leaks at joints apparent Major cost implications	INDICATORS Cracked or broken glazing Blackened/discoloured/warped polycarbonate Leaks at joints apparent Replacement is the only option Major cost implication

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ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	3.04 RAINWATER	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	GOODS	 Minimal deterioration Some minor repairs may be required Any defects repaired so as to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	 Showing obvious signs of fatigue Joints leaking Mountings starting to fail Broken/missing sections Major cost implications 	 Significant failure/missing sections Joints failed Mountings failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implication
	0.05.01.11.41.15.7	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	3.05 CHIMNEY STACKS and PARAPET WALLS	 INDICATORS Minimal deterioration Some minor repairs may be required Any defects repaired so as to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	Evidence of deterioration, corrosion, cracking of brickwork/ stonework etc. Evidence of corrosion to base of chimney/flue Gassing from base of chimney	Evidence of significant deterioration, corrosion, cracking of brickwork/ stonework etc. Major cost implication
	4.01 INTERNAL WALLS and FINISHES	Minimal deterioration. Plaster and other finishes sound but minor repairs may be required Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Plaster and other finishes starting to fail. Bonding of finish loose Some areas of bulging plasterwork Wall cracks significant Major cost implications	INDICATORS Large areas of substandard finish Bulging plasterwork Wall cracks severe Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
4. INTERNAL FABRIC	4.02 FLOOR COVERINGS	 Minimal deterioration. Normal wear and tear Some minor repairs may be required to joints etc. Minimal cost 	INDICATORS Extensive wear either in patches or overall Patch repair Non-slip function worn Taped over cracks/ loose finishes	Significant failure – holes in floor coverings Significant safety concerns. Non-slip function not evident Replacement is the only option
	4.03 CEILINGS FINISHES	implications for minor repairs only INDICATORS • Minimal deterioration. Plaster and other finishes • Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new • Minimal cost	Major cost implications INDICATORS Plaster and other finishes starting to fail. Bonding of finish loose Some areas of bulging plasterwork Ceiling cracks significant Major cost implications	Major cost implications INDICATORS Large areas of substandard finish Bulging plasterwork Ceiling cracks severe Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	4.04 CEILINGS – SUSPENDED	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	Be aware of possible asbestos	 Minimal deterioration. Suspended tiles 	Suspended tiles starting to fail. Deformed tiles, broken edges	 Large areas failing. Deformed tiles, broken edges
		 Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new 	 Over painted ceiling tiles Major cost implications	Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
		Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only		Major cost implications
	4.05 INTERNAL	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	DOORS and IRONMONGERY	Door furniture of good standard	Door furniture failing or failed in parts Door surface has been	Significant failure Door operation presents a clear and eminent hazard
			damaged/holed. Door still operates • Mechanism showing	to building occupants Ironmongery broken and requires replacement
			obvious signs of fatigue	
	4.06 INTERNAL DECORATION	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	DEGGIVEN ON	Recent décor within last six months	Wear and tear obvious	 Significant peeling of paint/coatings or missing finish. Grubby/torn wall finishes
	5.01 SANITARY	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	WARE/FITTINGS	 Minimal damage or faulty fittings 	Damaged of faulty fittings	Broken fittings
		Drawing off points generally good shut-	Plastic cisterns tired and worn	Extensive failure of draw- off pointsParts obsolete
		Minimal cost implications for	External staining from overflows	Replacement is the only option
		implications for minor repairs only	Draw off points generally poor shut-off	Major cost implications
			Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete	
FIXTURES			Major cost implications	
	5.02 UNIT	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
5. INTERNAL FITTINGS and	FURNITURE	 Doors and worktops and fitted cupboards etc. have minimal wear and tear Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	Doors and fitted cupboards etc. in poor condition damaged and/or hinges worn and loose Worktops worn and damaged Light time!	 Significant damage to doors and fitted cupboards etc. Door hinges falling apart Worktops worn and damaged Units tired
5. INT			Units tiredMajor cost implications	Replacement is the only optionMajor cost implications
	5.03 INTERNAL	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	FITTINGS and FURNITURE	 Fittings and furniture have minimal wear and tear Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	Fittings and furniture in poor condition damaged and/or hinges worn and loose Furniture tired	 Replacement is the only option Furniture falling apart Significant damage to internal fittings

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ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	6.01	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	LANDSCAPING	Some minor weeding and pruning required	Significantly overgrown and excessive weeds	Poor condition creating potential hazard
		 Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	Major cost implications	Major cost implications
	6.02 WALLS,	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	FENCING and GATES	 Walls and features have minimal defects Some minor repairs may be required Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	Wall and features have flaking/crumbling brickwork and showing significant signs of deterioration Patch repairs becoming untenable Major cost implications Bent, damaged or rusty components Sections missing or failing with some missing sections	 Walls and features/ brickwork failed Walls bulging/leaning and/or unstable Significant areas of rendering loose/cracked/ missing Significant safety concerns Major cost implications Significant failure/corrosion Collapsed fencing – large sections missing
			Distorted installation	
6. EXTERNAL GROUNDS and GARDEN	6.03 ROADS and CAR PARKS	 INDICATORS Minimal deterioration to surface finish Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	Crumbling surface finish with potholes and severe damage to surface Compressed stone finish badly distorted with heavy surface water pooling Significant damage to kerbs and edgings — twisted/broken off or sunk Major cost implications	 INDICATORS Surface totally disintegrated Severe and significant damage to kerbs and edgings – missing/ twisted Major cost implications
X	6.04 PATHS AND	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
6. EX	PAVED AREAS	Minimal deterioration to finished level Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Significant number of cracked/broken paving slabs Surface level distorted with raised/sunk edges Compressed stone finish badly distorted with heavy surface water pooling Significant damage to kerbs and edgings — twisted/broken off or sunk Major cost implications	Severe and significant damage – cracked/ broken paving slabs Surface totally disintegrated Severe and significant damage to kerbs and edgings – missing/ twisted/broken off or sunk Major cost implications
	6.05 EXTERNAL FITTINGS and	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	FIXTURES	 Minimal deterioration Some minor repairs may be required Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	 Excessively worn and tired fittings and fixtures Significant signs of deterioration Major cost implications 	 Severe damage, requires replacement Poor condition creating potential hazard Major cost implications

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ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	6.06 ANCILLARY BUILDINGS	Minimal deterioration Some minor repairs may be required Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Showing obvious signs of fatigue/damage Rot/corrosion/cracking evident Major cost implications	Severe damage, requires replacement Poor condition creating potential hazard Major cost implications Significant failure/frame distortion/major rot/corrosion Inadequate design Significant safety concerns Replacement is the only option
LEMENT	RING ASSETS – V SUB – ELEMENT	VHAT TO LOOK FOR CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
E and EXTERNAL SERVICES	7.01 DRAINAGE/ SEWERAGE 7.02 EXTERNAL UTILITIES INFRA- STRUCTURE	No indication of system problems Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only INDICATORS No indication of system problems Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Manholes/culverts – flaking/crumbling brickwork and showing signs of major deterioration Corroded manhole frames Collapsed sections giving rise to system problems – repeated jetting/unblocking required Tree root invasion Internal drainage systems leaking and failing Major cost implications INDICATORS Electrical systems test certificates Silt issues with incoming water supply	 NDICATORS Failure of large sections of drainage system Significant tree root invasion Substantial/significant cost implications INDICATORS Failure of electrical or water supply Substantial/ significant cost implication
7. DRAINAGE	7.03 SITE LIGHTING	Visual observation indicated adequate lighting levels for safe working and movement Lighting in corridors and circulation/waiting areas provides good coverage with no shadows (shadows can cause difficulties for partially sighted people) Computer workstations – based on a risk assessment I G3	Visual observation indicates work areas gloomy Very old lighting Luminaires diffusers discoloured None or erratic provision of LG3 luminaires or diffusers at computer workstation Likely impact of impending legislation	Significant deviances from requirements Guidance on lighting levels is found in CIBSE guide — 'Code for lighting'

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assessment, LG3 compliant luminaires



ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
		or diffusers have been provided		
	7.04 LIGHTING PROTECTION	 INDICATORS Installation of BS6651 Test records available Adequate earth resistance path 	 INDICATORS Poor reliability record Corrosion evident at joints Inadequate earth resistance path Inadequate test records Major cost implications 	System failed – not able to offer adequate protection in line with BS6651 Major cost implications
	7.05 CCTV (EXTERNAL)	Any defects repaired to provided continued as new life Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Repeated faults to wiring systems Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	 INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Wiring failed Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
8. FUEL STORAGE and DISTRIBUTION	8.01 FUEL SUPPLY/ STORAGE/ DISTRIBUTION (GAS)	INDICATORS Correctly installed (supports) Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only Test records on gas tightness up-to-date Propane installation sound	Evidence of pipework corrosion Pipework supports failing Major cost implications Serious evidence of corrosion to pipework/ storage vessels	Severe/significant evidence of pipework corrosion Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
9. BOILERS and CALORIFIERS	9.01 BOILER PLANT	Good reliability record Covers in place and components in working order Service of plant noted – steam boiler inspection/water treatment information available Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. leaking valves etc.) Mountings fixings and flue guards are secure and in place Any defects repaired to provided continued as new life Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Poor reliability record Records indicate inadequate water treatment etc. Covers in poor condition (dented or missing) Insulation missing Leeks to boiler section Repeated problems with burners Flue mounting fixings are not secure — evidence of corrosion noted Flue guards are damaged or missing Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Records indicate inadequate water treatment etc. Significant boiler leaks Significant safety concerns – high production of carbon monoxide. Burners corroded and difficult to maintain combustion conditions Replacement is the only option Controls/parts obsolete Major cost implications

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ELEMEN 7	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	9.02 PRESSUR- ISATION PLANT	Minimal deterioration Any defects repaired to provided continued as new life Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	 INDICATORS Poor reliability record Persistent failure Major cost implications 	 INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Units failed Major cost implications
	9.03 CALORIFIERS/ HEAT EXCHANGER	Good reliability record Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. leaking valves etc.) Mountings, fixings and guards/insulation are secure and in place Compliance with Legionellae design guidance Any defects repaired to provided continued as new life Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Poor reliability record Mountings, fixings and guards/insulation not secure/missing Persistent leaks Non-compliance with Legionellae design guidance, e.g. SHTM 2040 'The control of Legionellae in healthcare premises' Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Nery poor reliability record Plant in very poor condition with missing covers/ insulation etc. Repeated failure of heat exchanger bundle Non-compliance with Legionellae design guidance Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	9.04 FLUES	Minimal deterioration Any defects repaired to provided continued as new life Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Evidence of deterioration, corrosion, cracking of brickwork/ stonework etc. Evidence of corrosion to base of chimney/flue Gassing from base of chimney	Evidence of significant deterioration, corrosion, cracking of brickwork/ stonework Major cost implications
	9.05 CONTROLS/ METERS	Good reliability record Effective operation Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. motorised valves etc.) Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Poor reliability record Controls on override – automatic control failed Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Total failure of control system – not operating within design parameters Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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9.0	06 INSULATION	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
		Insulation in good order	Insulation damaged/ missing sections	 Insulation severely damaged or missing completely
		 Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new 	Major cost implications	Replacement is the only option
		 Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 		Major cost implications

ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	10.01	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	DISTRIBUTION PIPEWORK	 Good reliability record Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. 	Poor reliability record Evidence of extensive pipework corrosion/	Very poor reliability record Evidence of major
		leaking valves etc.) • Minimal cost implications for	leaks • Major cost implications	system leaks Replacement is the
		minor repairs only	i major coot implicatione	only option • Major cost
				implications
	10.02 VALVES	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
		 Minimal deterioration Maintenance of components	Severe corrosion Break-up of glass/	Water storage tank failed
2		may be required (e.g. leaking valves)	reinforced plastic	Replacement is the only option
10. STEAM SYSTEMS		Any defects repaired to provide continued life as	Failure of lining Leaks at tank/joints or pipework connections	Major cost implications
EAM S		Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Non-compliance with Legionellae design	
10. ST		Complies with Legionellae design guidance	practice Major cost implications	
	10.03	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
	CONTROLS	Good reliability record	Poor reliability record	Very poor reliability record
		Effective operation	Controls on override – automatic control failed	Total failure of
	10	Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. motorised valves)	Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete	control systems – not operating within
		Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new	Major cost implications	design parametersControls/parts obsolete
		Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only		Replacement is the only option
		,		Major cost implications
_	10.04 METERS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
		Good reliability record	Poor reliability record	Very poor reliability
		Effective operation	Controls on override –	record
		Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. motorised valves)	automatic control failed Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete	Total failure of control systems – not operating within
		Any defects repaired to provide continued life as	Major cost implications	design parameters Controls/parts obsolete
		Minimal cost implications for minor renairs only.		Replacement is the only option
		minor repairs only		Major cost implications

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• Very poor reliability record • extensive orrosion/ • Evidence of major
mplications
Major cost implications
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ENGINEERING ASSETS

ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	10.06 INSULATION	Insulation in good order Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Insulation damaged/missing sections Major cost implications	Insulation severely damaged or missing completely Major cost implications
	11.01 DISTRIBUTION PIPEWORK	INDICATORS Good reliability record Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. leaking valves) Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	 INDICATORS Poor reliability record Evidence of extensive pipework corrosion/ leaks Major cost implications 	Very poor reliability record Evidence of major system leaks Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
11. HEATING SYSYEMS	11.02 HEAT EMITTERS	INDICATORS Good reliability record Covers in place and components in working order Fan convector noise levels within limits Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. leaking valves etc.) Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	NDICATORS Poor reliability record Covers in poor condition (dented or missing) Fan convector noise levels excessive Evidence of corrosion to heating elements Partial replacement of heat emitters/pipework Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Significant leakage Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
11. НЕАТІ	11.03 CONTROLS	Good reliability record Effective operation Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. motorised valves etc.) Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	NDICATORS Poor reliability record Controls in override – automatic control failed Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Total failure of control system – not operating within design parameters Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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	1.04 HEATING	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
P	PUMPS	 Good reliability record 	Poor reliability record.	Very poor reliability
		 Maintenance of pump seals may be required 	Motor windings failing (earth leakage)	record Pump units failed/
		Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new	Pump leaks evident	seized/leaking
			 Part failure of pumping sets 	 Replacement is the only option
		Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only		Major cost implications
ENGINEERI	NG ASSETS - W	/HAT TO LOOK FOR		

ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	11.05 INSULATION	INDICATORS Insulation in good order Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Insulation damaged/missing sections Major cost implications	Insulation severely damaged or missing completely Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

ELEMENT SU	B-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
12.0 VENTILATIONS SYSTEMS 15. VENTILATIONS SYSTEMS	TILATION	 INDICATORS Good plant reliability record Mountings fixings/guards are secure Access door/seals acceptable Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. drainage traps/leaking valves etc.) Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	 INDICATORS Poor reliability record Noisy fan units Mounting fixings failing (anti-vibration mountings etc.) Access door/seals failed Drainage traps failed/inadequate design Evidence of corrosion noted to plant Air filter units failing (obvious pass-through) Humidification systems failed (where installed) Significant leaks to heating/cooling systems Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Does not comply with ventilation design guide SHTM 03-01 Does not comply with Legionellae design guidance e.g. SHTM 04-01 Major cost implications 	Very poor reliability record Significant safety concerns Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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12.02 DISTRIBUTION DUCTWORK	INDICATORS Good reliability record Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. leaking valves etc.) Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Evidence of extensive leaks and sagging ductwork Major cost implications Does not comply with ventilation design guide SHTM 03-01	Very poor reliability record Evidence of major system leaks – pressurisation problems Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
12.03 AUTOMATIC FIRE DAMPERS and CONTROL PANEL	INDICATORS Good reliability record Effective operation Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. motorised valves etc.) Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Controls on override – automatic control failed Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications Does not comply with ventilation design guide SHTM 03-01	Very poor reliability record Total failure of control system Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	12.04 CONTROLS	 INDICATORS Good reliability record Effective operation Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. motorised valves etc.) Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Controls on override – automatic control failed Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Total failure of control system Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	12.05 ROOM SPLIT/CHILLERS/ COMPRESSORS	Good reliability record Mounting fixings/guards are secure Minimal vibration Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. leaking chilled water valves etc.) Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Poor reliability record Unable to maintain set temperatures Mounting fixings failing (e.g. anti-vibration mountings etc.) Persistent oil leaks Significant leaks to chilled water cooling systems Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record General plant failure Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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12.06 CHILLERS/	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
COOLING SYSTEMS	Good plant reliability record	 Poor reliability record 	Very poor reliability
OTOTEINIO	 Mounting fixings/guards are secure 	 Significant evidence of deterioration/corrosion 	record • Severe corrosion/
	Access door/seals	Access door/seals	deterioration
	acceptable	failing	General plant failure
	 Water spray systems functioning correctly 	 Water spray systems corroding and 	Controls/parts obsolete
	Chemical closing equipment operating correctly	ineffective Repeated failure to	Replacement is the only option
	, , ,	maintain biocide levels	
	 Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. 	at specific limits	 Major cost implications
	leaking chilled water valves etc.)	Chemical closing equipment failing	α
	 Any defects repaired to 	 Significant leaks 	
	provide continued life as new	Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete	
	 Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	Major cost implications	

LIVOIIVLL	KING ASSETS - V	VHAT TO LOOK FOR		
ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	13.01 VACUUM INSULATER EVAPORATORS	INDICATORS Installation to SHTM 02-01 'Medical gas pipeline systems' Mountings/fixings etc. are secure and in place Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	 INDICATORS Installation not to SHTM 02-01 Failure of bursting disc Failure of vaporiser Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications 	Installation inappropriate for use Replacement is the only option Repeated failure of vaporiser Significant cost implications
13. MEDICAL GAS SYSTEMS	13.02 DISTRIBUTION	INDICATORS Installation to SHTM 02-01 Mountings/fixings etc. are secure and in place Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Installation not to SHTM 02-01 Pipework installation badly distorted Persistent leaks at valve units Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Installation inappropriate for use Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	13.03 MANIFOLDS	INDICATORS Good plant reliability record Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Cylinder mounts provided with safety chains Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Tailpipes – repeated failure Changeover valves controls – repeated failure Persistent leaks Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record General plant failure Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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13.04 GAS CYLINDER STORAGE	Notice the second of the	Poor reliability record Persistent leaks at outlets Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	INDICATORS Persistent leaks at outlets Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
13.05 OUTLETS	INDICATORS Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Persistent leaks at outlets Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	INDICATORS Persistent leaks at outlets Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	13.06 ALARM SYSTEM	 INDICATORS Effective operation Maintenance of components may be required Any defects repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	 INDICATORS Poor reliability record Alarm system repeated failure Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications 	Very poor reliability record Total failure of alarm system Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	13.07 MEDICAL AIR COMPRESSORS/ VACUUM PUMPS	Good plant reliability record Mountings fixings/guards are secure Minimal vibration Maintenance of components may be required Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Poor reliability record Unable to maintain set pressures Mounting fixings failing (anti-vibration mountings etc.) Persistent oil leaks Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record General plant failure Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
14. HOT and COLD WATER SYSTEMS	14.01 DHW/ WATER STORAGE and HEADER TANKS	Minimal deterioration Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. leaking valves etc.) Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only Complies with Legionellae design guidance	Severe corrosion Break-up of glass/reinforced plastic Failure of lining Leaks at tank/joints or pipework connections Non-compliance with Legionellae design guidance, not designed in accordance with SHTM 2040 and SHTM 2027 Major cost implications	Major storage tank failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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LEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	14.04 PUMPS	Good reliability record Maintenance of pump seals may be required Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Poor reliability record – motor windings failing (earth leakage) Pumps leaking significantly Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Pump units failed/ seized/leaking Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	14.05 VALVE CONTROLS 14.06 WATER HEATERS	INDICATORS Good reliability record Effective operation Maintenance of components may be required (e.g. motorised valves etc.) Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only INDICATORS Good reliability record Effective operation	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Controls on override – automatic control failed Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications INDICATORS Poor reliability record Sentinel taps do not meet design guidance regulations Major cost implications	INDICATORS • Very poor reliability record • Total failure of control system • Controls/parts obsolete • Replacement is the only option • Major cost implications INDICATORS • Very poor reliability record • Major cost implications
	14.07 INSULATION	INDICATORS Insulation in good order Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS • Insulation damaged/ missing sections • Major cost implications	INDICATORS Insulation severely damaged or missin completely Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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15.01	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
PASSENGER LIFTS and HOISTS	Installed to current guidance Good plant reliability record Minimal deterioration/ damage Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	 Poor reliability record Significant wear and tear Door mechanism slack/badly worn Safety gate mechanism badly worn Frequent breakdowns Persistent oil leaks Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications 	Very poor reliability record Significant safety concern Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	15.02 GOODS LIFTS	INDICATORS • Good plant reliability record • Minimal deterioration/ damage • Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new • Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only INDICATORS • Good plant reliability record • Minimal deterioration/ damage • Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new • Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Significant wear and tear Door mechanism slack/badly worn Safety gate mechanism badly worn Frequent breakdowns Persistent oil leaks Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications INDICATORS Poor reliability record Significant wear and tear Door mechanism slack/badly worn Safety gate mechanism badly worn Frequent breakdowns Persistent oil leaks Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Significant safety concern Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Significant safety concern Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	15.04 CONTROL PANEL	INDICATORS Good plant reliability record Effective operation Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS • Poor reliability record • Repeated control failure • Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete • Poor electrical safety • Major cost implications	INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Total failure of control system Controls/parts obsolete Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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16.01	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS
STERILISERS	Good reliability record	Poor reliability record	Very poor reliability
	Covers in place and equipment in good working order Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only.	Equipment repeatedly failing Repeated difficulty in meeting test requirements as detailed in current published guidance e.g. SHTM 2010 'Sterilisation' Covers in poor condition (dented or missing) Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	record Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Substantial/ significant cost implications

LEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
LEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT 16.02 BEDPAN DISPOSAL	CONDITION B INDICATORS Good reliability record Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	CONDITION C INDICATORS Poor reliability record Equipment repeatedly failing Repeated difficulty in meeting test requirements as detailed in current published guidance e.g. SHTM 2030 'Washerdisinfectors' (not macerators) Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	INDICATORS • Very poor reliability record • Equipment failed • Replacement is the only option • Major cost implications
16. FIXED PLANT / EQUIPMENT	16.03 DISINFECTION EQUIPMENT	INDICATORS Good reliability record Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Equipment repeatedly failing Repeated difficulty in meeting test requirements as detailed in current published guidance e.g. SHTM 2030 Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	INDICATORS • Very poor reliability record • Equipment failed • Replacement is the only option • Major cost implications
	16.04 CATERING EQUIPMENT	INDICATORS Good reliability record Covers in place and equipment in good working order Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Equipment repeatedly failing Covers in poor condition (dented or missing) Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	INDICATORS • Very poor reliability record • Equipment failed • Replacement is the only option • Major cost implications

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16.05 LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT	INDICATORS Good reliability record Covers in place and equipment in good working order Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Equipment repeatedly failing Covers in poor condition (dented or missing) Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete	Very poor reliability record Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D		
	16.06 MISC- ELLANEOUS EQUIPMENT	Good reliability record Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	NDICATORS Poor reliability record Equipment repeatedly failing Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications		
17. ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	17.01 HV NETWORK	INDICATORS Good reliability record Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only INDICATORS Good reliability record Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications INDICATORS Poor reliability record Generator repeatedly failing Not able to maintain rated output Oil leaks Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications		
17.	17.03 SWITCHGEAR	 INDICATORS Installation to BS7671 Lockable provision Circuit schedules up-to-date and posted Electrical installation test records available Adequate signs and signals Evidence of bonding (non-invasive observation) 	INDICATORS Installation not fully in accordance with BS7671 Inadequate barriers Switches not lockable Circuit schedules out-of-date/missing Electrical installation test records not available	INDICATORS Installation not in accordance with BS7671 Electrical installation test records not available Major cost implications		

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		Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Inadequate signs and signals No evidence of bonding (non-invasive observation) Major cost implications				
ENGINEE	ENGINEERING ASSETS – WHAT TO LOOK FOR						

ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D		
	17.04	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS		
	DISTRIBUTION BOARDS	Installation to BS7671 Lockable provision	Installation not fully in accordance with BS7671	Installation not in accordance with BS7671		
		 Circuit schedules up-to-date and posted Electrical installation test records available Adequate signs and signals Evidence of bonding (non- invasive observation) 	Inadequate barriers Distribution boards not lockable Circuit schedules out-of-date/missing Electrical installation	Electrical installation test records not available Major cost implications		
		Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as	test records not available Inadequate signs and signals			
		Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	No evidence of bonding (non-invasive observation)			
			Major cost implications			
	17.05 WIRING SYSTEM/ BONDING	Installation to BS7671 Electrical installation test records available	INDICATORS Installation not fully in accordance with BS7671	Indicators Installation not in accordance with BS7671		
		Evidence of bonding (non- invasive observation) Minimal deterioration	Electrical installation test records not available	Electrical installation test records not available		
		Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new	Bonding erratic Major cost implications	Major cost implications No bonding		
		Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only				
	17.06 FITTINGS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS		
		 Good reliability record Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only 	 Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications 	 Very poor reliability record Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications 		
	17.07	INDICATORS	INDICATORS	INDICATORS		
	LUMINAIRES	 Installation to BS7671 Electrical installation test records available Minimal deterioration Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only Any defect repaired to provide continued life as 	Poor reliability record Luminaires failing with replacements notes over time Luminaire diffusers part missing/discoloured Controls/parts difficult to obtain or obsolete	Luminaire diffusers missing/discoloured/damaged Luminaires generally failed with replacements over time Replacement is the only option		

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new	 Inadequate test records 	Controls obsolete
Luminaire diffusers in place and not discoloured Adequate signs and signals	Major cost implications	Components not availableMajor cost implications

ENGINEERING ASSETS - WHAT TO LOOK FOR

ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	17.08 EMERGENCY LUMINAIRES	INDICATORS Installation to BS5266-1 Operating within design parameters Test records available Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	NDICATORS Poor reliability record Still operating within design parameters but high maintenance requirements Luminaires starting to fail Diffusers discoloured Controls/parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Inadequate test records Major cost implications	INDICATORS Luminaires failed Controls obsolete Components not available Major cost implications
	18.01 TELEPHONE SYSTEMS	Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Wiring failed Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
18. COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS	18.02 DATA TRANSMISSION	Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	 INDICATORS Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications 	INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Wiring failed Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	18.03 PAGING SYSTEM	INDICATORS Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	 INDICATORS Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications 	INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Wiring failed Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	18.04 NURSE CALL SYSTEM	Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	NDICATORS Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Wiring failed Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D
	18.05 RADIO and TELEVISION SYSTEMS	Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Poor reliability record parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Wiring failed Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	18.06 BEDHEAD SERVICES	Good reliability record Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for	Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Not designed in accordance with SHTM 08-03	Very poor reliability record Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost
and DETECTION SYSTEMS	19.01 FIRE ALARM PANELS/ SYSTEMS/ DETECTORS	minor repairs only INDICATORS Installation in accordance with SHTM 82 Fire Alarm and detection systems'/ BS 5839-1* Effective test regimes Test records available Minimal deterioration Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Major cost implications INDICATORS Installation not in accordance with SHTM82/BS 5839-1 Minimal provision of automatic detection – simple break glass units (BGU) and heat detectors* Fire panels not to current standards. Poor reliability record System deterioration with repeated failures Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	implications INDICATORS • Significant deviances from requirements • No fire alarm system installed* • Equipment failed • Major cost implications
19. ALARMS and DETECT	19.02 FIRE ALARM PANELS and WIRING SYSTEMS	INDICATORS Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Repeated faults to wiring systems Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Wiring failed Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications
	19.03 SECURITY SYSTEMS • Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new • Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only		INDICATORS Repeated faults to wiring systems Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Wiring failed Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications

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ELEMENT	SUB-ELEMENT	CONDITION B	CONDITION C	CONDITION D			
	19.04 OTHER ALARM SYSTEMS (E.g. CCTV/PANIC ALARM)	INDICATORS Any defect repaired to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Repeated faults to wiring systems Poor reliability record Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Wiring failed Equipment failed Replacement is the only option Major cost implications			
SYSTEM	20.01 BUILDING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM – DISTRIBUTION NETWORK	INDICATORS Good reliability record Minimal deterioration Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	Poor reliability record Connections/ terminations/joints repeatedly failing Cable supports/tray collapsing/corroding Not designed in accordance with SHTM 08-05 Major cost implications	 INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Wiring failed Equipment failed Not designed in accordance with SHTM 08-05 Replacement is the only option Major cost implications 			
20. BUILDING MANAGEMENT CONTROL SYSTEM	20.02 BUILDING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM – HEAD END CONTROL	INDICATORS Good reliability record Any defects repaired as ongoing maintenance to provide continued life as new Minimal cost implications for minor repairs only	INDICATORS Poor reliability record Equipment repeatedly failing Not designed in accordance with SHTM 08-05 Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications	Very poor reliability record Equipment failed Not designed in accordance with SHTM 08-05 Replacement is the only option Major cost implications			
20. BUILI	20.03 BUILDING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM – ZONE CONTROL PANELS (OUTSTATIONS) INDICATORS • Good reliability record • Minimal deterioration • Any defects repaired as going maintenance to provide continued life as new • Minimal cost implication minor repairs only		 INDICATORS Poor reliability record Equipment repeatedly failing Not designed in accordance with SHTM 08-05 Parts difficult to obtain or obsolete Major cost implications 	INDICATORS Very poor reliability record Equipment failed Not designed in accordance with SHTM 08-05 Replacement is the only option Major cost implications			

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Appendix 8: Example proforma

Urgent issues profor	ma							
Site Name:		Block Name:						
Site Address:		Block No:						
Post Code:	!	Surveyor Name:						
Site Reference No (SRN):	:	Survey Date:						
Any urgent issues of note r staff, patients or any others Capacity of the property, sl detailed location of problen	s visiting or working in nould be notified as a r	or around the pro						
NHS Board:								
Contact Name:								
Telephone No:								
Email Address:								
Urgent Issues								
	Date	Time	Surveyor					
Urgent issues notified by telephone:								
Urgent issues notified by email:								

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Proforma data collection sheet for physical condition: external areas

Site	Name:			Blo	ck N	lame:			Surveyor Name:					
									Survey Date:					
Site	Address	S:		Blo	ck N	lo:			Build Year:					
				Blo	ck T	уре:			Block Historic List	ing:				
Post	t Code:					n Leve			Block Floor Area (GIA) m2				
		ice No (S	RN):			Block			Cost Base Date:	Quarter I 2	017 (BC	IS)		
	Type:					Nam			Contact Email:	<u> </u>				
NHS	Board:			Со	ntac	Tel N	lo:		Weather Condition	ns:			_/	
CLA	SSIFIC	ATION CA	ATEGORY:											
	Exceller	nt/as new	condition (generally		×		ഗ്മ							
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Α	Expecte	d to perfo	rm as intended over		D OR DX	≝	호				₫ 🗟		0	6
l	its expe	cted usefu	ul life			쁘	ΞΨ				포토		CONSEQUENCE (1-5) B (<5 YEARS), C. D, AND DX ONLY	C, D, AND DX ONLY
	Satisfa	ctory con	dition with evidence	1	Ω,	H ~	5 8				흥		Ġ.	۵
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	and pe	rforming a	as intended	≚	Ĭĕ	임	파 교 하				\$ ₹	R	ਲ	ပ်
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			s currently in need	Ī	l≌	불	S S S	ANY REMEDIAL	WORK		유민	รูรู	(S)	5.
\rightarrow			r replacement	ELEMENT RANK	₫	S LIFE (YEARS) FOR EACH SUB WILL REMAIN IN CONDITION B) TO UPGRADE SUB-ELEME CONDITIOIN RANKING B AN <5 YEARS REMAINING LIFE				Z III T	URGENT ISSUE REPORTED (<)	Ę) B
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וט			d of its useful life		0	ᄪᅼ	5 2 7				SZ	õ	ž	'
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DX			rating added to D that it is impossible		≥	록	Ö.X				Ü %		Э	Ř
			out replacement		岀	₹	S				₩ Z		Š	≒
			'	1	SUB-ELEMENT CONDITION RANKING A,	REMAINING LIFE (YEARS) FOR EACH SUB-ELEMENT WILL REMAIN IN CONDITION B	COSTS (£00's) TO UPGRADE SUB-ELEMENTS FROM C, D, OR DX TO CONDITIOIN RANKING B AND RANKING B < 5 YEARS REMAINING LIFE				REMEDIAL ACTION – REDECORATE, OVERHAUL/ REPAIR, REPLACE OR FURTHER INVESTIGATIONS REQUIRED		8	LIKELIHOOD (1-5) B (<5 YEARS),
Elen	nent	Sub Ele	ment		જ	l C	Ω Q							
		6.01	Landaganing											
		0.01	Landscaping											
	l S	6.02	Walls, Fencing and Gates											
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	9		Roads and Car											
	힏	6.03	Parks											
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	&	0.0.	Areas											
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		6.05	and Furniture											
	EXTERNAL GROUNDS and GARDENS													
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		6.06	Ancillary											
		0.00	Buildings											
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		6.99	Other											
					<u> </u>									

	7		RISK ASSE	SSMENT (RANKING B, C, D and DX ONLY)					
CONSEQUENCE		LIKELIHOOD							
Score	Consequence	Score	Likelihood		stimated time to ilure				
1	Insignificant	1	1 Rare No or minimal remedial action required and / or new / recent upgrade						
2	Minor	2	Unlikely	Normal wear and tear; sound; operationally safe and exhibits only minor deterioration	Circa 4-6 years				
3	Moderate	3	Possible	Reasonable physical damage/deterioration	Circa 2-4 years				
4	Major	4	Likely	Major physical damage/deterioration failure apparent/assessed as imminent or unacceptable	Circa 1-2 years				
5	Catastrophic	5	certain	Failure has occurred: unacceptable	Circa < 1 year				

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Proforma data collection sheet for physical condition: building envelope

Site I	Name:				Blo	ck N	ame:			Surveyor Name:						
Site Addres		8.			Block No:				Survey Date: Build Year:							
Sile Address		•		Block Type:				Block Historic Listing:								
	Code:						n Leve			Block Floor Area (
Site Reference No (SRN):			· ·		Block			Cost Base Date: Contact Email:	Quarter I 2	2017 (BC	IS)					
NHS Board:				Contact Name: Contact Tel No:			Weather Condition	s:								
CLAS	SSIFIC	ATION CA	TEGORY:													
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		2 years old)				R D	EN	NGN				∃≅		ă	Z	
		ed to perform as intended over cted useful life				D OR DX	Ē	ΚŽ			₹E	9	9	C, D, AND DX ONLY		
\rightarrow		Satisfactory condition with evidence			-	ပ်	딮	EMENTS FROM (B AND RANKING LIFE		ER GA		Α,	OD			
ے ا		f only minor deterioration				æ,						S IS	5	2,	Ā	
		nent/sub-element is operational			¥	SUB-ELEMENT CONDITION RANKING A, B, C, D OR D) REMAINING LIFE (YEARS) FOR EACH SUB-ELEMENT WILL BEMAIN IN CONDITION B	높음	COSTS (£00's) TO UPGRADE SUB-ELEMENTS FROM D, OR DX TO CONDITIOIN RANKING B AND RANKING <5 YEARS REMAINING LIFE	REMEDIAL ACTION - REDECORATE, OVERHAULY REPAR. REPLACE ON FURTHER INVESTIGATION.					3	Ď.	
-		performing as intended					Ä Ä			R H	J.R.	CONSEQUENCE (1-5) B (<5 YEARS), C, D, AND DX ONI Y	, C,			
		Poor condition with evidence of			Æ		R 0		NOTES: INFOR	AL ACTION – REDECORATE, OVERHAUL REPLACE OR FURTHER INVESTIGATIOINS REQUIRED	EP(7	(<5 YEARS),			
		major defects Element/sub-element remains operational but is currently in need			F	Z Z	E Z		AND LOCATION OF THE REQUIRED RECTIFICATION WORK, AND QUALITY OF ANY REMEDIAL WORK				REQUIRED URGENT ISSUE REPORTED (<)	B (<5)	Ĕ	
					ELEMENT RANK	NT CONDITION RANKING A, E 5 LIFE (YEARS) FOR EACH SL WILL REMAIN IN CONDITION	S S	Z Z Z						9 O	5.	
		of major repair or replacement					PGI TTC ARS				N O C	7 ST ST ST ST ST ST ST S				
		Unacceptable condition, non- operational or about to fail			_	ő) H	N N N				E B	Ä	핁	-2) B	
	•	erational or about to fall as reached end of its useful life				<u> </u>	들린	CO <55				A J	RG	ž	5	
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	to impi	ove withou	ıt replacement		-	B-E	Ĭ.	STS				EP/		Ó	쥬	
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	E.	1.02	Frames					1								
	STRUCTURE	1.03	Floors and	stairs												
	STRI	1.04	Roofs													
		1.99	Other													
		2.01	External W													
	ပ္ခ	0.00		nd Finishes Vindows and conmongery External doors nd ironmongery External cladding/ aves details External ecoration												
	BR	2.02	Ironmonge													
	EXTERNAL FABRIC	2.03														
2.0	₹	2.04	External cla													
	H H															
		2.05	decoration													
		2.99	Other													
		3.01	Coverings	_												
	V	3.02	pitched Coverings	– flat												
3.0	F.	3.03	Roof lights													
	ROOF	3.04	Rainwater	goods												
		3.05	Chimney stand parape													
		3.99	Other	_												
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1 2		significant inor	1 2			No or minimal remedial action required and / or new / recent upgrade Normal wear and tear; sound; operationally safe and exhibits only minor						le	Circa >10 years Circa 4-6 years			
		oderate					teriora		ical damage/deter	ioration						
4	_	ajor	4	3 Possible 4 Likely		Reasonable physical damage/deterioration Major physical damage/deterioration failure apparent/assessed as					+	Circa 2-4 years Circa 1-2 years				
						im	minen	or unac	ceptable							
5	C	atastrophic	5	certain		Fa	illure h	as occur	red; unacceptable				Circa	< 1 ye	ar	

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Proforma data collection sheet for physical condition: internal elements

Site I	Name:			Blo	ck N	ame:		Surveyor Name:			
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Site	Addres	S:		$\overline{}$	ck N			Build Year:			
Post	Code:					ype: n Leve	N.	Block Historic Listing: Block Floor Area (GIA) m2			
		nce No (S	:PNI):			Block		Cost Base Date: Quarter I 2017 (BC	12)		
	Type:	140 (0	1111/.	-		Name	,	Contact Email:	10)		
	Board:			_		Tel N		Weather Conditions:			
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			as intended		à	ijĒ	388	F	Ë	33	
-			vith evidence of	Ž	출		₩ Z Z	K. H. C	OF	₹	<u>`</u>
		defects	WILL EVILLETICE OF	EMENT RANK	¥	R 0	SUB-ELEMENTS FROM (NKING B AND RANKING AINING LIFE	NOTES: INFORMATION ON THE NATURE AND LOCATION OF THE REQUIRED RECTIFICATION WORK, AND QUALITY OF ANY REMEDIAL WORK	Щ	٦	RS
С	,		ement remains	F	Z Z	ĽZ	¤ ₹ X	AND LOCATION OF THE REQUIRED	<u>اللا</u>	₹5	ĕ
1			is currently in need	E E	Q	S _Z	A F	RECTIFICATION WORK, AND QUALITY OF L 문 군 정 ANY REMEDIAL WORK	%	m Ō	>
			or replacement	Ē	SUB-ELEMENT CONDITION RANKING A,	REMAINING LIFE (YEARS) FOR EACH SUB WILL REMAIN IN CONDITION B	COSTS (£00's) TO UPGRADE SUB-EL D, OR DX TO CONDITIOIN RANKING I <5 YEARS REMAINING	REMEDIAL ACTION - REDECORATE, OVERHAUL/ REPAIR, REPLACE OR FURTHER INVESTIGATIONS REQUIRED	URGENT ISSUE REPORTED (V	CONSEQUENCE (1-5) B (<5 YEARS), C, D, AND DX ONLY	LIKELIHOOD (1-5) B (<5 YEARS), C,
	Unacc	eptable c	ondition, non-	ᆸ	ΪŽ	الإاح	무무질	ō Ḥ	늘	<u>ت</u>	9
D	operat	onal or a	bout to fail		S	쁘그	0 2 7	ACT	됴	걸	ر ک
	Has re	ached en	d of its useful life		늘	ֻּדַּ	~ ~ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	N	찙	<u></u>	
			rating added to D		Ē	N /	96	[전문]	ر	ಕೃ	۶I
DX			that it is impossible		甸	ΙZ	Θ×	一声 成		S	Ĭ
	to impi	ove with	out replacement		员	Σ	TS I	ËΕΝ		8	ᇳᅵ
					155	뿞	90,	R B		0	<u></u>
Elem	ent	Sub Ele	ement		(0)		00				
		4.01	Internal walls and				1				
			finishes								
		4.02	Floor coverings								
				١.							
		4.03	Ceiling finishes								
	AB										
4.0	NTERNAL FABRIC	4.04	Ceilings –								
4.0	I	4.04	suspended								
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	片片	4.05	Internal doors and ironmongery								
	=		librillibrigery	١.							
		4.06	Internal decoration								
		4.00	Internal decoration								
		. <		1							
		4.99	Other								
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		E 01	Sanitary ware/								
	GS	5.01	fittings								
	ŽΩ										
	ES	5.02	Unit furniture								
5.0	L X			-							-
	INTERNAL FITTINGS and FIXTURES	5.03	Internal fittings and								
	ER	4,00	fixtures								
	Ē,	F 00	0.11								
		5.99	Other								
	Ľ			_	_			NKING B. C. D and DX ONLY)			

			RISK AS	SESSMENT (RANKING B, C, D and DX ONLY)				
CON	SEQUENCE			LIKELIHOOD				
Score	Consequence	Score	Likelihood	Indicator	Estir	mated	time	to
					failu	re		
1	Insignificant	1	Rare	No or minimal remedial action required and / or new / recent		Circa	a >10	
				upgrade		years	S	
2	Minor	2	Unlikely	Normal wear and tear; sound; operationally safe and exhibits o	nly	Circa	a 4-6 y	years
				minor deterioration				
3	Moderate	3	Possible	Reasonable physical damage/deterioration		Circa	a 2-4 y	years
4	Major	4	Likely	Major physical damage/deterioration failure apparent/assessed	as	Circa	a 1-2 y	years
				imminent or unacceptable				
- 5	Catastrophic	5	certain	Failure has occurred: unaccentable		Circs	- 1 v	/ear

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Proforma data collection sheet for physical condition: engineering services

Cito	Name					Dic	ok N	lame:			Curvoyor Namo:	1				
Site	ivame.					DIC	OCK IN	iame.			Surveyor Name: Survey Date:					
Site	Addre	ss:					ck N				Build Year:					
Post	Code							ype: n Leve	اد		Block Historic List Block Floor Area					
		nce No (S	SRN):			-		Block			Cost Base Date:	Quarter I	2017 (BC	IS)		
	Type:							t Nam			Contact Email:					
	Board		ATEC	YORV.		Co	ntac	t Tel N	lo:		Weather Conditio	ns:			-	
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С	major Elemo opera of ma	condition version defects ent/sub-electional but in its partitional	ement is cur or rep	t remains rently in r lacement	need	ELEMENT RANK	SUB-ELEMENT CONDITION RANKING A,	REMAINING LIFE (YEARS) FOR EACH SUB-ELEMENT WILL REMAIN IN CONDITION B) TO UPGRADE SUB-ELEME CONDITIOIN RANKING B AN 55 YEARS REMAINING LIFE	NOTES: INFOR AND LOCATION RECTIFICATION ANY REMEDIAN	MATION ON THE N OF THE REQUIF N WORK, AND QU L WORK	RED	REMEDIAL ACTION – REDECORATE, OVERHAUL/ REPAIR, REPLACE OR FURTHER INVESTIGATIOINS REQUIRED	URGENT ISSUE REPORTED (V)	1-5) B (<5 YE ONLY	B (<5 YEARS),
D	opera Has r	ceptable c tional or a eached en	bout to	to fail ts useful l			ENT CON	G LIFE (Y WILL RE)'s) TO UF CONDI 5 YEA				AL ACTIO REPLACE	URGENT	UENCE (OD (1-5) E
DX	only t	ementary o indicate prove witho	that it	is impos	sible		B-ELEME	EMAININ	STS (£00 OR DX T		O •		REMEDIA REPAIR, F		CONSEQUENCE (1-5)	LIKELIHOOD (1-5)
Elem	ent	Sub Ele	ement				ร	ď	S G				LE.			j
	S	7.01	werage													
	SERVICE	7.02 External utilities infrastructure 7.03 Site lighting														
7.0	TERNAL (7.03	Site	lighting												
7.0	and EX	7.04	Ligh	itning pro	tection											
	DRAINAGE and	7.05	CCT	ΓV (Exter	nal)											
		7.99	Othe	er												
	SE and	8.01		l supply/ age/distri	bution											
8.0	FUEL STORAGE and DISTRIBUTION	8.02 DHW Storage/non storage														
	8.99 Other															
					RI	SK /	ASSI	ESSM	ENT (R	ANKING B, C, D	and DX ONLY)					
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					LIKEIII	1000							failur	е		
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2	2 Minor 2 Un					ely			al wear a		operationally safe a	and exhibits	only	year: Circa	s a 4-6 y	ears
	3 Moderate 3 Po								deterior	ation hysical damage/o	deterioration			Circ	a 2-4 y	earc
4	_	Moderate Major		3 4	Possil Likely			Major	physica	damage/deterio	ration failure appar	ent/assess	ed as		1 2-4 y 1 1-2 y	
		Catastroph	hic	5	certai	n				nacceptable curred; unaccept	able			Circa	a < 1 y	ear

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Block Name:

Block No: Block Type:

Site Name:

Site Address:

Surveyor Name: Survey Date: Build Year:

Block Historic Listing:



	st Ca	ode:					Loc	ation	ı Leve	إج		Block Floor Area	(GIA) m2				
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			ATION CA	ΔTF	GORY:		CO	itact	1011	10.		Weather Condition	113.				
<u>02.</u>	Exc <2 Exp	cellen years pecte	t/as new old)	con orm	dition (ge	,		DORDX	LEMENT	FROM C, ANKING B				RHAUL/ ATIOINS		XO ON	AND DX ONLY
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С	m El op	ajor d lemer peratio	lefects nt/sub-ele onal but i	emer is cu	evidence nt remain irrently in placemei	s need	-EMENT RANK	SUB-ELEMENT CONDITION RANKING	REMAINING LIFE (YEARS) FOR EACH SUB-ELEMENT WILL REMAIN IN CONDITION B) TO UPGRADE SUB-ELEME CONDITIOIN RANKING B AN <5 YEARS REMAINING LIFE	NOTES: INFOR AND LOCATION RECTIFICATION ANY REMEDIAL	MATION ON THE NOF THE REQUI N WORK, AND QI L WORK	RED	REMEDIAL ACTION – REDECORATE, OVERHAUL/ REPAIR, REPLACE OR FURTHER INVESTIGATIOINS REQUIRED	URGENT ISSUE REPORTED (V)	CONSEQUENCE (1-5) B (<5 YEARS), C, D, AND DX ONLY	(<5 YEARS), C,
D	op	peratio	onal or al	bout	tion, non t to fail its usefu		ELI	NT CON	3 LIFE (YI WILL REI	's) TO UPGR CONDITIOI				L ACTION EPLACE	URGENT	JENCE (D (1-5) B
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			9.01	Во	iler Plant	:											
		.RS	9.02	Pre	essurisati	ion Plant											
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9.0	ס	nd CAL	9.04 Flues 9.05 Controls / Mete														
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	00	NEC	HENCE			F	RISK	ASS	SESSI	ЛЕNT (R	ANKING B, C, D a						
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	2		nor		2	Unlikely		No		wear and		ationally safe and e				4-6 ye	
	3	_	oderate		3	Possible		Re	asona	able phys	sical damage/deter					2-4 ye	
_	· ·					Likely		im	minen	t or unac	ceptable	n failure apparent/a	ssessed as			1-2 ye	
	5 Catastrophic 5 certa ite Name:					certain	RIA	Fa			red; unacceptable	Surveyor Name:			Circa	< 1 ye	ear
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Pos	st Co	ode:						ck T	ype: ı Leve	el		Block Floor Area					

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			ce No (S	RN):				Bloc			Cost Base		Quarter I 2	017 (BC	IS)		
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			TION C	ATEGORY:		CO	ilaci	ICII	NO.		vveaulei	Jonanioi	15.				
027				condition (ge	enerally		×	<u>_</u>	ωĵ								
	<2 y Exp	ears/ears	old)	orm as intend	•		C, D OR DX	SUB-ELEMENT	S FROM ANKING					RHAUL/ ATIOINS		AND DX	AND DX ONLY
В	of Ele	only emen	minor de nt/sub-ele	dition with every distribution with experience of the control of t			œ,	CH SUB-E	SUB-ELEMENTS FROM INKING B AND RANKING AINING LIFE					ATE, OVE INVESTIG	REPORTED (V)	3S), C, D, ,	Ď,
_				as intended vith evidence	of	ΑŽ	幸	N C	H N N	NOTES INFOR			LATURE	OR ER	POR	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	3), 0
С	ma Ele op	ajor d emen eratio	lefects nt/sub-ele onal but i	ement remair s currently ir or replaceme	ıs ı need	ELEMENT RANK	SUB-ELEMENT CONDITION RANKING A,	REMAINING LIFE (YEARS) FOR EACH SUE WILL REMAIN IN CONDITION B	s) TO UPGRADE SUB-ELEMENTS FROM C, CONDITIOIN RANKING B AND RANKING B <5 YEARS REMAINING LIFE	NOTES: INFORMAND LOCATION RECTIFICATION ANY REMEDIAL	NOF THE I	REQUIR	ED	REMEDIAL ACTION - REDECORATE, OVERHAULI REPAIR, REPLACE OR FURTHER INVESTIGATIOINS REQUIRED	ISSUE REI	CONSEQUENCE (1-5) B (<5 YEARS), C, D, AND DX ONLY	B (<5 YEARS), C,
D	op	eratio	onal or a	ondition, non bout to fail d of its usefu			NT CON	S LIFE (Y	's) TO UPGR CONDITIOI <5 YEARS					L ACTIC EPLACE	URGENT ISSUE	JENCE (
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Eler	nent	t	Sub Ele	ment		<u>_</u>	S	<u>~</u>	8 -,						<u> </u>		
			11.01	Distribution pipework													
		S N	11.02	Heat emitte	rs												
11.0		HEATING SYSTEMS	11.03	Controls					4								
		EATING	11.04	Heating pur	mps					X							
	:	11.05 Insulation															
		11.99 Other															
			12.01	Ventilation	plant												
		w	12.02	Distribution ductwork	X												
		SYSTEMS	12.03	Automatic f dampers ar control pan	nd												
12.0			12.04	Controls													
		VENTILATION	12.05	Room split/ compresso													
		>	12.06	Chillers/coo	oling												
			12.99	Other													
					F	RISK	ASS	SESSI	ИENT (R	ANKING B, C, D a		Y)					
Sc	CON ore		UENCE Insequence	ce Score	Likelihoo	od	Inc	dicato	r	LIKELIH	HOOD			Estim	ated t	ime to	
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				Likely		Ma im	ajor pł miner	nysical da it or unac	amage/deterioration ceptable	n failure app	oarent/as	sessed as		Circa	1-2 ye	ars	
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		ard:				CO	ııacı	Tel N	10:		Weather C	onaition	is:				
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			13.01	Vacuum evapora	insulated tors											
			13.02	Distribut	ion											
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13.0	0	AL GAS	13.05	Outlets												
		MEDIC/	13.06	Alarm sy	stems											
		_	13.07	Medical compres	sors/											
			13.99	Other Other	pumps											
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14.0	0	and COLD WA	14.05	Valves/c	ontrols											
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			14.99	Other												
	001	UOF O	LIENOE	<u>' </u>		RIS	K AS	SESS	MENT (RA	ANKING B, C, D an						
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		Ins Mir	ignificant nor	2	Rare Unlikely	\dashv	Nor	mal we	ar and tea		and / or new / recent unally safe and exhibits				·10 yea -6 year	
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	5		tastrophic	5	certain		una	ccepta	ble	; unacceptable					1 year	
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		oard:	TION O	ATECODY	/·	JC0	ntac	t Tel N	10:		Weather Condition	is:				
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16.0	-ANT/EQUIPMENT	1	16.04	Cate	ering equi	ipment											
	FIXED PL/		16.05	Laur	ndry equi	pment											
			16.06		ellaneou pment	s											
			16.99	Othe	er												
			*			RIS	SK /	L ASSI	ESSM	ENT (RA	ANKING B, C, D			1			
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			gnificar		1	Rare		+	No or	minimal	remedial action r	required and / or ne	ew / recent	failui		a >10	
				-	2		ds r		upgra	de					year	S	
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17.0	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	1	17.05	Wiri	ng systen	ns/											\square
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		1	17.08	Emergency luminaires													
		1	17.99	luminaires													П
		1	8.01	Tele	phone sy	stems											\Box
	EMS	1	18.02	Data	a transmis	ssion		\rightarrow									Н
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	2 Minor 2 Unl			Unlike	ly	П				perationally safe a	and exhibits	only	years	4-6 y	ears/		
				Possik			Reasc	nable pl	hysical damage/d	leterioration	.,			2-4 y			
	,				Likely		i	mmin	ent or ur	nacceptable	ation failure appar	ent/assess	ed as		1-2 y		
_	5 Nam		astroph	iic	5	certair	_		Failure lame:	e has oc	curred; unaccept	Surveyor Name:			Circa	i < 1 y	ear
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B C D DX	<2 year Expectits expectits expectits expectits expectification Satisfies of or Element and Poor Major Element oper- oper Unacoper Has Supponly to im	ent/as new ars old) ted to perfi- bected user factory cor- ly minor de- tent/sub-el- berforming condition v condition v to defects ational but ajor repair coeptable of ational or a reached er blementary to indicate prove with	orm a ful life of the life of	is intended in with evice action it is operated evidence of tremains rently in rolacement ion, non-to fail ts useful I g added to t is impossiplacement.	d over dence tional of deed ife D D sible	ELEMENT RANK	SUB-ELEMENT CONDITION RANKING A, B, C, D OR DX	REMAINING LIFE (YEARS) FOR EACH SUB-ELEMENT WILL REMAIN IN CONDITION B	COSTS (£00's) TO UPGRADE SUB-ELEMENTS FROM C, D, OR DX TO CONDITIOIN RANKING B AND RANKING B <5 YEARS REMAINING LIFE	REMEDIAL ACTION – REDECORATE, OVERHAUL AND AN UOILTY ON SEQUENCE (1-5) B (<5 YEARS), C, D, AND DX ONLY LIKELIHOOD (1-5) B (<5 YEARS), C, D, AND DX ONLY LIKELIHOOD (1-5) B (<5 YEARS), C, D, AND DX ONLY
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		19.01	Fire	alarm pa	nels					
	EMS	19.02		alarm wi	ring					
	ON SYS	19.03	Sec	curity Syst	ems					
19.0	ALARMS and DETECTION SYSTEMS	19.04	CC.	TV (intern	al)					
	ARMS and	19.05	Par	nic attack	system					
	ALV	19.06	1 -	er alarm tems						
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		DNSFOUENCE				SK A	ASSE	SSM	IENT (R	ANKING B, C, D and DX ONLY)
Sco		NSEQUENCE				1000		ndica		LIKELIHOOD Estimated time to
		Insignificant 1 Ra					+	No or	minimal	remedial action required and / or new / recent Circa >10
	2	Minor 2 Un				ly	1			years and tear; sound; operationally safe and exhibits only ation
						ole	ı	Reaso	nable pl	hysical damage/deterioration Circa 2-4 years
- 2	1	Major		4	Likely					I damage/deterioration failure apparent/assessed as Circa 1-2 years nacceptable
- 5	5	Catastrop	hic	5	certair	า				curred; unacceptable Circa < 1 year

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Proforma data collection sheet: statutory compliance

Site Name:	Block Name:	
Site Address:	Block No:	
	Block Type:	
Post Code:	Surveyor Name:	
Site Reference No (SRN):		
Site Type:	Survey Date:	
NHS Board:		

Elemen	t	Sub-ele	ment	Costs to upgrade to meet statutory requirements (£00s)	Notes: Information on the nature and location of the requirement rectification work		Consequence (1-5)	Likelihoo d (1-5)
1.0	NUMBER NOT USED							
	.s 02	2.01	Is local exhaust Ventilation required?					
	CONTROL OF SUBSTANCES HAZARDOUS TO HEALTH (COSHH) REGULATIONS 2002	2.02	Secure storage			V		
2.0	S TO H	2.03	PPE storage and changing					
	ROL OF ARDOU H) REG	2.04	WHB available					
	CONTR HAZA COSHI	2.05	Signage					
		2.99	Other					
3.0	NUMBER NOT USED							
4.0	LIFTING OPERATIONS and LIFTING EQUIPMENT (LOLER) 1998 (INCORPORATING SHTM 08-02 (LIFTS))	4.01	Lifting operations and lifting equipment (LOLER) regulations 1998 (Incorp SHTM 08-02 (Lifts))					
4.0	LIFTING OF and LIFTING (LOLEF (INCORPOR,	4.99	Other					

			RISK AS	SESSMENT (RANKING B, C, D and DX ONLY)		
CON	SEQUENCE			LIKELIHOOD		
Score	Consequence	Score	Likelihood	Indicator	Esti failu	mated time to ure
1	Insignificant	1	Rare	No or minimal remedial action required and / or new / recent upgrade		Circa >10 years
2	Minor	2	Unlikely	Normal wear and tear; sound; operationally safe and exhibits or minor deterioration	nly	Circa 4-6 years
3	Moderate	3	Possible	Reasonable physical damage/deterioration		Circa 2-4 years
4	Major	4	Likely	Major physical damage/deterioration failure apparent/assessed imminent or unacceptable	as	Circa 1-2 years
5	Catastrophic	5	certain	Failure has occurred; unacceptable		Circa < 1 year

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Site Nar	mo:							Block Name:					
Site ivar	ne.							block Name:					
Site Add	dress:							Block No: Block Type:					
Post Co	de:							Surveyor Name:					
Site Ref	erence No e:	(SRN):	:					Survey Date:					
NHS Bo													4
Element		Sub-ele	ement			Costs to upgrade to meet statutory requirements (£00s)	nat	tes: Information on the ure and location of the uirement rectification	•	Urgent issue reported (P)	Consec (1-5)	uence	Likelihood (1-5)
	92	5.01	Access	3									
	NS 196	5.02	Enviror	nmental									
	ULATIC	5.03	Buildin	g elements									
	E) REG	5.04	Engine	ering elements									
	ELFAR	5.05	Work e	equipment/machi	nery					7			
5.0	and W	5.06	Signag	je – H&S, equalit ty	y and				<u></u>	V			
	SAFETY	5.07	Gas sto	orage									
	ALTH, 8	5.08	Roof lig	ghts									
	CE (HE	5.09	Safety	glazing		•							
	WORKPLACE (HEALTH, SAFETY and WELFARE) REGULATIONS 1992	5.10	Radiati	ion protection									
	W	5.99	Other										
6.0	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) AT WORK REGUALTIONS 1992	6.01		nal protective equat work regulatio									
0.0	PERSONAL F EQUIPMENT (F REGUALTI	6.99	Other										
	FC SN	7.01	equipm	on and use of wo	ork								
7.0	PROVISION AND USE OF WORK EQUIPMENT (PUWER) REGULATIONS 1998		regulat	ions 1998									
	PROVISIO WORK ((PUWER) I	7.99	Other										
8.0	LIFTING OPERATIOINS and LIFTING EQUIPMENT (LOLER) REGULATIONS 1998 - (LIFTING EQUIPMENT)	8.01	equipm	operations and li nent (LOLER) ions 1998 – (Lift nent)	•								
	LIFTING OPERA EQUIPM REGULATION EQL	8.99	Other										
				RISK	ASSES	SSMENT (RANKII	NG E	B, C, D and DX ONL	Y)				_
CON Score	SEQUENC Consequ		Score	Likelihood	Indica	ator		LIKELIHOOD			Esti	mated ti	me to
1	Insignifica		1	Rare			l act	ion required and / or	new.	/ recent upgrad	failu	re	>10 years
2	Minor		2	Unlikely	Norm			nd; operationally saf					4-6 years
3	Moderate)	3	Possible			damage/deterioration Circa 2-4 years					2-4 years	

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4	Major		4	Likely		r physical damage	/deterioration failure ap	paren	t/assessed as		Circa 1	I-2 years
5	Catastro	ophic	5	certain		re has occurred; u					Circa <	< 1 year
Site Na	me:						Block Name:					
Site Add	dress:						Block No:					
							Block Type:					
Post Co	de: ference No	(SRN)					Surveyor Name:					
Site Typ	e:	o (01 ti t).					Survey Date:					
NHS Bo	ard:											
Element		Sub-ele	ment			Costs to upgrade	Notes: Information on the		Urgent issue	Conseq	uence	Likelihood
						to meet statutory requirements	nature and location of the requirement rectification		reported (P)	(1-5)		(1-5)
		0.04		. In Illin	- 4°	(£00s)	1					
		9.01		l handling oper ions 2013	ations							
	ING 3013											
	NDIN											
9.0	MANUAL HANDLING OPERATIOINS REGULATIONS 2013											
	NUA OPE	9.99	Other									
	MA REC											
	. 0											
10.0	NUMBER NOT USED											
10.0	MON											
	- z											
	σ e	11.01		ement of Healt at work regulat								
	and NOI: M 50			ncorporating S								
	SET											
	NG LEA											
11.0	P X R											
	WOR						, and the second					
	MANAGEMENT OF HEALTH and SAFETY AT WORK REGULATIONS 1999 (INCORPORATING SHTM 50)	11.99	Other									
	PANA ETY											
	SAF 199											
		12.01	Constru	uction, Design	and							
	Pu	12.01	Manag	ement (CDM)	unu							
	IDTRUCTIONS, DESIGN and MANAGEMENT (CDM) REGULATIONS 2015		Regula	tions 2015								
	CDI 201											
	US, E											
12.0	ATION											
	NAG											
	CONDTRUCT MANAG REGUL	12.99	Other									
	8											
$\overline{}$		40.04	D. Haller				1					
	NOISE AT WORK REGULATIONS (INCORPORATING SHTM08 - 01 ACOUSTICS	13.01	Duliding	g solutions								
	¥ " F "	40.00	Fi.									
	NON SONS TO SOIT	13.02	Engine	ering solutions								
13.0	AT V LATI VITIN OUS	12.02	DDE as	Justian								
	AC OR A	13.03	PPE so	olution								
	N E F 2	40.00	Otto				1					
	NO NE	13.99	Other									
14.0		14.01	Display	screen equipr	ment							
14.0	92,	14.01	(Health	and Safety)								
	E T Z		regulati 2002	ions 1992,Áme	nded							
	REF TACT 2002											
	S E E											
	EDN											
	DISPLAY SCREEN EQUIPMENT (HEALTH and SAFETY) REGULATION 1992, AMEDNED 2002	14.99	Other									
	EQL											
	()		1							l		

RISK ASSESSMENT (RANKING B, C, D and DX ONLY) LIKELIHOOD



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Score	Consequ	ence	Score	Likelihood	Indic	ator						timated t	ime to
1	Insignific	ant	1	Rare	No o	r minimal remedia	l act	tion required and / or	new	/ recent ungrad	fail	_	>10 years
2	Minor	unt	2	Unlikely				ind; operationally saf					4-6 years
						ioration							
<u>3</u>	Moderate Major	;	<u>3</u>	Possible Likely		onable physical d		age/deterioration terioration failure app	aren	t/accessed as			2-4 years 1-2 years
4	iviajoi		4	Likely		nent or unaccepta		terioration failure app	Jaieii	vassesseu as		Circa	1-2 years
5	Catastro	ohic	5	certain		re has occurred; u		ceptable				Circa	< 1 year 🧢
Site Na	me:							Block Name:					
Site Add	dress:							Block No:					
D4 O-							_	Block Type:				_	
Post Co	ference No	(SDNI)	.					Surveyor Name:					
Site Typ		(SIXIN)	.					Survey Date:					
NHS Bo							\neg	Curvey Date.					
						1	_						
Element		Sub-ele	ement			Costs to upgrade to meet statutory requirements (£00s)	nat	tes: Information on the ture and location of the quirement rectification	•		Conse (1-5)	quence	Likelihood (1-5)
15.0	NUMBER NOT USED												
16.0	NUMBER NOT USED												
17.0	OIL STORAGE – THE WATER ENVIRONMENT (SCOTLAND) REGULATIONS 2006	17.01 17.99	enviror regulat	rage – The water nment (Scotland) ions 2006									
	OIL STC W ENVII (SC) REGUL	17.55	Outer										
18.0	NUMBER NOT USED												
19.0	NUMBER NOT USED												
20.0	STERILISATION (SHTM 2010)	20.01		ation (SHTM 20	10)								
	STEF (SH												
				RISK	ASSES	SSMENT (RANKII	NG I	B, C, D and DX ONL	Y)				
Score	NSEQUENC Consequ		Score	Likelihood	Indic	ator		LIKELIHOOD				timated t	ime to
1	Incignific	ant	1	Pare	No.	r minimal remodia	Loc	tion required and / ar	new	/ recent upgrad	fail		>10 years
1 2	Insignific Minor	aill	2	Rare Unlikely				tion required and / or ind; operationally saf					4-6 years
				J		ioration	<i></i>						•
3	Moderate	;	3	Possible		onable physical d							2-4 years
4	Major		4	Likely		r physical damage nent or unaccepta		terioration failure app	oaren	t/assessed as		Circa	1-2 years
5	Catastro	ohic	5	certain				cceptable				Circa	< 1 year
	Jalasilo	phic 5 certain Failure has occurred; unacceptable Circa < 1 year											

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Cita Nas							Die als Names					
Site Nar	ne:						Block Name:					
Site Add	drace:						Block No:					
Oile Auc	11033.						Block Type:					
Post Co	de:						Surveyor Name:					
	erence No	(SRN):	:									
Site Typ	e:						Survey Date:					
NHS Bo	ard:											
Element		Sub-ele	ement			Costs to upgrade to meet statutory requirements (£00s)	Notes: Information on the nature and location of the requirement rectification	Э	Urgent issue reported (P)	Conse (1-5)	quence	Likelihood (1-5)
	1	21.01	Alarm	detection								
21.0	FIRECODE, ALARM and DETECTION SYSTEMS (INCORPORATING SHTM 82)											
	FIREC DETEC (INCOR	21.99	Other	•								
22.0	NUMBER NOT USED							4				
23.0	H R N O ⊢											
		24.01	Conta	ainment								
		24.02	Escap	pe lighting								
	NG 82)	24.03	Signa	ige			1					
	XCLUDII	24.04	Manu	al fire fighting eq	uipment							
	(INCORPORATING SHTM 80-86 EXCLUDING 82)	24.05		klers/automatic fi guisher system	re							
	SHTM	24.06	Textil	es and furniture								
24.0	RATING	24.07	Fire B	Brigade access								
	ORPC	24.08	Lightr	ning conductors								
	AL (INC	24.09	Fire d	loors								
	ENER											
	DE - G	24.10		ge of flammable ances								
	FIRECODE - GENERAL	24.11	Fire e	exits								
	1	24.12	Fire h	ydrants								
		24.99	Other	s								
7	ď											
25.0	NUMBER NOT USED											
						<u> </u>						
000	IOFOL/FNG			RIS	SK ASSE	SSMENT (RANKIN	G B, C, D and DX ONLY)		_			
Score Score	SEQUENCE Conseque		Score	Likelihood	Indicato	or	LIKELIHOOD			Estin	nated time	to failure
1	Insignificar		1	Rare	No or m	ninimal remedial ac	tion required and / or new			Loui	Circa >1	0 years
2	Minor		2	Unlikely	Normal deterior		nd; operationally safe and	exhib	oits only minor		Circa 4-	o years
3	Moderate		3	Possible	Reason	able physical dama	age/deterioration	4/-			Circa 2-	4 years
4	Major		4	Likely	Major p unacce	nysicai damage/de ptable	terioration failure apparen	vasse	ssea as imminer	ıí Oľ	Circa 1-	∠ years
5	Catastroph	nic	5	certain		has occurred; unac	ceptable				Circa <	1 year
Site Nar	me:						Block Name:					
							1	1				

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Site Ad	dress:					Block No:				
						Block Type:				
Post Co		(0.511)	I			Surveyor Name:				
Site Re	ference No	(SRN):				Survey Date:				
NHS Bo	pard:					Survey Date:				
Element		Sub-elen	nent	Costs to upgrade to meet statutory requirements (£00s)	na	otes: Information on the oture and location of the quirement rectification	•	Urgent issue reported (P)	Consequence (1-5)	Likelihood (1-5)
26.0	PATIENT BEARING EQUIPMENT (INCLUDING SLINGS)	26.01	Patient bearing equipment (including slings)							
	PATIEN' EQU (INCLUDI	26.99	Other							
	05	27.01	Restricted access							
	WORKING AT HEIGHT REGULATIONS 2005	27.02	Barriers				4	-		
27.0	EIGHT REGU	27.03	Anchor points					5		
	RKING AT H	27.04	Signage	1						
	WO	27.99	Other							
28.0	STATUTORY / MANDATORY TRAINING	28.01	Statutory/mandatory training							
	STATI MANE TRA	28.99	Other							
29.0	GAS SAFETY (INST and USE) REGULATIONS 1998	29.01	Gas safety (inst and use) regulations 1999							
	GAS SAF and REGULA	29.99	Other							
30.0	CONTRACTORS (CONTROL OF) – (THE MANAGEMENT OF HEALTH and SAFETY AT WORK REGIII ATIONS (1999)	30.01	Contractors (control of) – (The management of Health and safety at work regulations 1999)							
	CONT (CONTR MANAGEMI and SAFE REGULA	30.99	Other							
			RISK ASSES	SSMENT (RANKII	١G	B, C, D and DX ONL	Y)			

			RISK	ASSESSMENT (RANKING B, C, I	D and DX ONL	Y)					
CON	ISEQUENCE			LIKE	LIHOOD						
Score	Consequence	Score	Likelihood	Indicator			Esti	mated time to			
							failu	re			
1	Insignificant	1	Rare	No or minimal remedial action re	equired and / or	new / recent upgrade		Circa >10 years			
2	Minor	2	Unlikely	Normal wear and tear; sound; or	perationally safe	e and exhibits only mir	nor	Circa 4-6 years			
				deterioration							
3	Moderate	3	Possible	Reasonable physical damage/deterioration Circa 2-4 year							
4	Major	4	Likely	Major physical damage/deterioration failure apparent/assessed as Circa 1-2 years							
	-			imminent or unacceptable							
5	Catastrophic	5	certain	Failure has occurred; unaccepta	ble			Circa < 1 year			
Site Nan	ne:			Block	k Name:						
Site Add	lroce:			Block	ν No:						
Sile Auu	11622.										
				IBlock	k Type:						



Post Co	de:							_	Surveyor Name:					
Site Ref		No (SI	RN):						-					
Site Typ NHS Bo									Survey Date:					
Element	<u> </u>	Su	b-elem	ent			Costs to upgrade to meet statutory requirements (£00s)	na	otes: Information on the liture and location of the quirement rectification	Э	Urgent issue reported (P)	Conseq (1-5)	uence	Likelihood (1-5)
31.0	DECONTAMINATI ON OF FOLIPMENT	3			amination of equ	ipment								
	DECO	3	1.99	Other										
32.0	CONTINGENCY PLANNING (CIVIL CONTINGENCIES	CT 2004)	2.01		ency planning (o encies act 2004)									
	SAN	_												
33.0	SLIPS, TRIPS and FALLS – FLOORING	ZARDS	33.0	Slips, tri hazards	ips and falls – flo	oor								
	SLIPS, FA FLC		3.99	Other										
		3		ceilings,	s and floors, wall , doors, windows and fittings									
		3	4.02	Space a isolation	around beds and n rooms									
	VEL 4	3		basins, l	on of hand-wash liquid soap dispe owels and alcoho ers									
34.0	INFECTION CONTROL – HAI LEVEL 4	3			on of facilities for amination									
	ECTION CON	3	4.05	Enginee	ering services									
	Ā	3	4.06	Storage										
		3	4.07	Laundry	and linen servi	ces								
		3	4.99	Other										
05.0	YSTEMS	3	5.01	Steam s	systems									
35.0	STEAM SYSTEMS	3	5.99	Other										
					DIGN	ASSE	SSMENT (DANIVIA	NG	B, C, D and DX ONL	V)	I			
	NSEQUE						·	10	LIKELIHOOD	. 1)				
Score		equenc	ce S	Score	Likelihood	Indica	ator					Esti failu	mated tir	me to
1 2	Insign	ificant		1 2	Rare Unlikely	Norm deter	al wear and tear; : ioration	sol	ction required and / or und; operationally saf			de	Circa 2	>10 years 1-6 years
3 4 	Mode Major		\top	3 4 5	Possible Likely	Majo immii	onable physical da r physical damage nent or unacceptal re has occurred; u	de ble	eterioration failure app	paren	t/assessed as		Circa '	2-4 years 1-2 years
		trophic	,	U	certain	rallul	e nas occurred; u		,				Olica •	< 1 year
Site Nam									Block Name:					
Site Add	ress:								Block No: Block Type:					
Post Cod	de:								Surveyor Name:					

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	erence No	(SRN):											
Site Typ								Survey Date:					
Element	diu.	Sub-eler	ment			Costs to upgrade to meet statutory requirements (£00s)	nat	ntes: Information on the ture and location of the quirement rectification	;	Urgent issue reported (P)	Conse (1-5)	equence	Likelihood (1-5)
36.0	DANGEROUS SUBSTANCES AND EXPLOSIVE ATMSPHERES REGULATIONS 2002	36.01	explos	erous substance ive atmosphere tions 2002		(2505)							
	SUBST SUBST EX ATIV ATIV	36.99	Other										
37.0	WASHER DISINFECTORS (SHTM 2030: DECONTAMINATI ON GUIDANCE)	37.01	Washe	er disinfectors									
	W/ DISINI (SHT) DECOP	37.99	Other										
38.0	WINDOW SECURITY	38.01	Windo	w security									
	WIN	38.99	Other										
39.0	SUICIDE RISK	39.01	Suicide	e risk									
	SUICIL	39.99	Other										
	NTROL	40.01	Is there	e an asbestos	register?								
40.0	- THE CO OS AT WO IONS 2012	40.02	Encap	sulation									
.0.0	ASBESTOS 2014 - THE CONTROI OF ASBESTOS AT WORK REGULATIONS 2012	40.03	Remov	val									
	ASBE	40.99	Other										
	IOF OUT NOT			R	ISK ASSE	SSMENT (RANKIN	NG B	B, C, D and DX ONLY)					
Score	NSEQUENCE Conseque	_	core	Likelihood	Indicat	or		LIKELIHOOD			Esti	mated tim	e to failure
1	Insignifica		1	Rare				required and / or new				Circa >	10 years
2	Minor		2	Unlikely	deterio		una;	operationally safe and	exnii	oits only minor		Circa 4	-6 years
3	Moderate		3	Possible	Reaso	nable physical dam	age/	deterioration	,			Circa 2	-4 years
4	Major		4	Likely	unacce		eteric	oration failure apparent	asse	ssed as immine	nt or	Circa i	-2 years
5	Catastropl	nic	5	certain	Failure	has occurred; una	ссер					Circa <	1 year
Site Na	me:							Block Name:					
Site Ad	dress:							Block No:					
								Block Type:					
Post Co		(0.0.1)						Surveyor Name:					
Site Re	ference No	(SRN):						Survey Date:					
NHS Bo								Ourvey Date.					
	·									1			
Element		Sub-eler				Costs to upgrade to meet statutory requirements (£00s)	nat	tes: Information on the ture and location of the quirement rectification	•	Urgent issue reported (P)	(1-5)	equence	Likelihood (1-5)
	4	41.01	Writter Exami	n scheme of nation									
	EMS 201	41.02	Autom	atic Controls									
41.0	PRESSURE SYSTEMS 2014	41.03	Pressu	ure Alarms									
	RESSUF	41.04	Fire Pr	roofing of Roon	ns								
	"	41.05	Safe D	Discharge area			1						

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		41.06	Schematic Diagrams			
		41.99	Other			
		42.01	Supply			
		42.02	CW Tank Storage &			
			CW Tank Storage & Distribution			
		42.03	Flushing Provision			
		42.04	CW Outlet Temperature			
	ITTERS	42.05	HW Tank Storage & Distribution			
	НЕАТ ЕМ	42.06	Calorifier Storage & Flow Temperature			
	A 03-02 I	42.07	Continuous Distribution			
	% SHTN		Temperature			
) 3 & L8)	42.08	HW Outlet Temperature			
	ART 1 TC	42.09	Blended Water Pipework			
	SG 274 F	42.10	Dead Legs			
	I L	42.11	Circulation Pumps			
42.0	оспме	42.11	Circulation Fullips			
	DANCE D	42.12	Non-Return Pumps			
	AND HSE GUIDANCE DOCUMENT HSG 274 PART 1 TO 3 & L8) % SHTM 03-02 HEAT EMITTERS	42.13	System Flushing Provision			
		42.14	Calorifier Open Vent			
	HTM 04	42.15	Calorifier Temperature Control System			
	ATING 8		Temperature Monitoring			
	ORPOR	42.10	Temperature Monitoring			
	014 (INC	42.17	Ductwork System			
	WATER 2014 (INCORPORATING SHTM 04-01	42.18	Steam Humidification			
		42.19	Water Bylaws			
		42.20	Outlet Temperature			
		42.21	Outlet Physical Precautions			
		42.22	Lower Maximum Safe			
			Temperature		 	

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_			42.23	Thermostatic Mixer – Fail Safe				
			42.24	Maximum Surface Temperatures (Radiators)				
			42.25	Exposed Pipework				4
			42.99	Other				
-		INED SES 14	43.01	Confined Spaces Regulations 1997				
	43.0	CONFINED SPACES 2014	43.99	Other				
_	44.0	HEATING AND VENTILATION 2014	44.01	Ventilations in Healthcare Premises (incorporating SHTM 03-01 Heating and Ventilating Systems Guidance)			U	
_		HEATI VENT	44.99	Other				
	45.0	MEDICAL GASES 2014	45.01	Medical Gas Pipeline Systems (MGPS) (incorporating SHTM 02-01)				
_		MEC GA 20	45.99	Other				
	46.0	ELECTRICAL BEDHEAD SERVICES 2014	46.01	Electrical Bedhead Services 2014	7			
		ELEC BED SER	46.99	Other				
		> 83	47.01	Electrical System protected from unauthorised use				
		ELECTRICAL – ELECTRICAL SAFETY GUIDANCE FOR HIGH VOLTAGE (INCORPORATING SHTM 06-01 AND 03 ELECTRICAL SAFETY GUIDANCE)	47.02	Protected from damage				
	47.0	ECTRICA HIGH VC SHTM 06	47.03	Emergency lighting available				
	47.0	CAL – ELI NCE FOR RATING IICAL SAI	47.04	Earth bonding				
		CORPO GUIDAN CORPO ELECTR	47.05	Signage				
_		ш =	47.99	Other				
		> 00	48.01	Electrical System protected from unauthorised use				
		L SAFET DLTAGE -01 AND IDANCE	48.02	Protected from damage				
	48.0	ECTRICA LOW VO SHTM 06 FETY GU	48.03	Emergency lighting				
	10.0	CAL – EL NCE FOF RATING ICAL SAI	48.04	Signage				
		ELECTRICAL – ELECTRICAL SAFETY GUIDANCE FOR LOW VOLTAGE (INCORPORATING SHTM 06-01 AND 02 ELECTRICAL SAFETY GUIDANCE)	48.05	Earth bonding				
_			48.99	Other				
		ELECTRICAL – ELECTRICAL SERVICES SUPPLY AND DISTRIBUTION 2014 (INCORPORATING SHTM 06-	49.01	Electrical Services (abatement of) (incorporating SHTM 06-01)		•		
	49.0	- ELECT SUPPLY UTION 20 ATING SH	49.02	Standby Generators (Hospitals)				
		TRICAL RVICES (IISTRIBU IRPORA'	40.00	Emergency Lighting				
		ELEC SEF D (INCC	49.04	Signage				

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		49.05	Earth bonding			
		49.99	Other			
		50.01	Car parking			
		50.02	Toilets			
		50.03	Visual Issues			
		50.04	Ramping & handrails			
	(2010)	50.05	Entrances & doors			
50.0	EQUALITY ACT (2010)	50.06	Reception areas			
	EQUALI	50.07	Signage			
		50.08	Horizontal & vertical circulation	À		
		50.09	Internal space	1		
		50.10	Evacuation management plan			
		50.99	Other			
		51.01	Additional walls (normal or lead lined)			
		51.02	Additional doors (normal or lead lined)			
		51.03	Local exhaust ventilation & associated ducting			
	_	51.04	Additional or higher rated power supply / junction boxes			
	OTECTION	51.05	Additional water / sewerage treatment facilities isolated from mains			
51.0	ON PROT	51.06	Creation of restricted access zones			
	RADIATION PR	51.07	Alterations to glass in functional unit			
	Œ.	51.08	Additional security			
		51.09	Lining of rooms or screening built into walls			
		51.10	Additional change / storage facilities for personal protective equipment			
		51.99	Other			
52.0	ОТНЕВ	52.99	Other			

			RISK AS	SESSMENT (RANKING B, C, D and DX ONLY)		
CON	ISEQUENCE			LIKELIHOOD		
Score	Consequence	Score	Likelihood	Indicator	Estir failu	mated time to re
1	1 Insignificant 1 Rare			No or minimal remedial action required and / or new / recent upgrade		Circa >10 years
2	2 Minor 2 Unlikely		Unlikely	Normal wear and tear; sound; operationally safe and exhibits or minor deterioration	nly	Circa 4-6 years
3	Moderate	3	Possible	Reasonable physical damage/deterioration		Circa 2-4 years
4	Major	4	Likely	Major physical damage/deterioration failure apparent/assessed	as	Circa 1-2 years

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				imminent or unacceptable	
5	Catastrophic	5	certain	Failure has occurred; unacceptable	Circa < 1 year



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Proforma data collection sheet: environmental management

Site Name:	Block Name:	
Site Address:	Block No:	
	Block Type:	
Post Code:	Surveyor Name:	
Site Reference No (SRN):		
Site Type:	Survey Date:	
NHS Board:		

Eleme	ent	Sub-Elemer	nt	Details	Costs (£000s)
	F N	1.01	ELECTRICITY CONSUMPTION		
1.0	APPRAISAL OF ENERGY MANAGEMENT (KWh/m²)	1.02	GAS CONSUMPTION		
	AP M	1.03	Other (Biofuel)		
2.0	VCE C) – ABLE	2.01	ENERGY RATING (CARBON NEUTRAL, A, B, C, D, E, F OR G)		
	ENERGY OERFORMANCE RATING (EPC) – WHERE AVAILABLE 7.03		CARBON DIOXIDE EMISSIONS (kgCO ₂ e/m2 FLOOR AREA PER YEAR)		
	OEF RA: WHE	2.03	APPROXIMATE CURRENT ENERGY USE/m2 OF FLOOR AREA (kWh/m2)		
3.0	CLINICAL WASTE	3.01	CLINICAL WASTE PRODUCED AT SITE LEVEL (Kg)		
4.0	ENERGY CONSUMPTION IMPROVEMENT SCHEMES	4.01	PROVIDE DETAILS OF ANY NHS BOARD SCHEMES TO IMPROVE ENERGY CONSUMPTION WITH ASSOCIATED COSTS		
5.0	WATER CONSUMPTION (m3/bed)	5.01	PROVIDE DETAILS OF WATER CONSUMPTION FOR EACH SITE		

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Proforma data collection sheet: space utilisation

Site Name:			Block Na	ame:						
Site			Block No							
Address: Post Code:			Block Ty				4			
Site Reference No			Surveyor Name:							
(SRN):										
Site Type: NHS Board:			Survey D	Date:						
LOCATION LEVEL (SURVEY	ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	-	RANKING							
BLOCK)	CRITERIA	E	Empty or grossly underused at all times (excluding temporary closure)							
					Underutilised : utilisation could be significantly increased					
			F	Fully u	tilised: a	satisfactory le	vel of utilisation			
			0			overloaded and	d facilities			
				genera	lly streto	1	T			
			4			RANKING E, U, F OR O	SURVEY BLOCK RANKING E, U, F OR O			
	CURRENT USI	E OF SPAC	CE							
	USE OF TIME	OVER SPA	ACE							
	COMPARISON GUIDANCE	OF SPAC	E WITH NA	ATIONA	.L		-			
	CURRENT US	E OF SPAC	CE							
	USE OF TIME	OVER SPA	ACE				-			
	COMPARISON GUIDANCE	OF SPAC	E WITH N	ATIONA	L					
	CURRENT US	SE OF SPACE								
	USE OF TIME	TIME OVER SPACE								
	COMPARISOI GUIDANCE	N OF SPA	CE WITH N	NATION	AL		-			
	CURRENT US	SE OF SPA	CE							
	USE OF TIME	OVER SP	ACE							
	COMPARISOI GUIDANCE			NATION	AL					
	CURRENT US	SE OF SPA	CE							
	USE OF TIME	OVER SP	ACE				1			
<u> </u>	COMPARISOI GUIDANCE	N OF SPA	CE WITH N	NATION	AL		1			
						1	1			
	Ass	sessment p	orocess							
Current use of space	e		nsively is tl							
Lloo of the anges areas	timo	Are there	many rooi use vary c	ms or a	reas uno	der used?				
Use of the space over	uiiie	Do occur	ation level	s chanc	e over t	he working wee	ek?			
Comparison of space with nation	nal guidance	Do occupation levels change over the working week? How does the space compare with national guidance e.g. the activity Database (ADB), Scottish Health Planning Notes and relevant Health Building Notes								
		relevant	Health Buil	ding No	tes					

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Proforma data collection sheet: functional suitability

Site Nam	ie:						Block N	ame:			
Site Add	rocc.						Block N	0.			
Oile Addi	C33.						Block T				
Post Cod								or Name:			
		No (SRN):									
Site Type NHS Boa							Survey	Date:			
		TOCOL	ODV								
A	IDEAL	SATISFACT ACCOMMO HANGE NEE	DATI	ON		OR	C, D			RY B	
В	SATIS NEED		VITH	ONLY MINOR CHANGE		В, С, D	, A, B,		TEGO		
С	NOT S		RY W	VITH SIGNIFICANT CHANGE		ď.	BLOCK RANKING A, OR DX		6 – TO INFORM ON THE NATURE	E TO CA	
D	MAJO	CEPTABLE IN ITS PRESENT CONDITION R CHANGE NEEDED				RAN	OCK OF	AND SCOPE OF THE REMEDIAL WORKS			
DX	INDIC	PLEMENTARY RATING ADDED TO D ONLY TO CATE THAT IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO IMPROVE OUT REPLACEMENT				NDIVIDUIAL RANKING DX	SURVEY BL		COST TO UPGRADE TO CATEGORY (£000S) - OPTIONAL		
LOCAT		EVEL (SURV OCK)	ΕY	ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	A	Ę	Ins			SOO	
				INTERNAL SPACE RELATIONSHIPS							
				SUPPORT FACILITIES							
				LOCATION							
				INTERNAL SPACE RELATIONSHIPS	1						
				SUPPORT FACILITIES							
				LOCATION							
				INTERNAL SPACE RELATIONSHIPS							
				SUPPORT FACILITIES							
			7	LOCATION							
				INTERNAL SPACE RELATIONSHIPS			-				
				SUPPORT FACILITIES							
				LOCATION							
				INTERNAL SPACE RELATIONSHIPS							
				SUPPORT FACILITIES							
				LOCATION							
			-			IENT PR					
Element Internal				ad assessment v efficient and effective are			essment		afe and effective services deliver:2		
Relation			the	relationships of the internal ces to each other?	ls th app	e availat ropriately	ole accom /?	nmodation s	afe and effective services delivery? ufficient for the department to function		
								quately size			
Support	Faciliti	es	Δro	there sufficient services				f patients po nd bathroom	facilities available?		
Support	, aomit			porting the function?				pace availal			
									space available?		
				†				ssible for all			
Location)		Is th	ne space well sited in					close to inter-dependent departments	?	
			rela	tion to other departments	ls g	ood acce			cal and horizontal circulation (e.g. lifts s		
			and	access points?	etc.		GC: _: _ · · 41·	-14:	mandra (m. chili a Amandan e 10		
					ıs a	cess su	niciently (Jiose to car	parks/public transport?		

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Proforma data collection sheet: quality

Site Name:					Block N	ame:				
Site Add	ress:				Block N	0:				
					Block T					
Post Cod	de: erence No (SRN)	. 1			Surveyo	or Name:				
Site Type	\ /				Survey	Date:				
NHS Box					Guivey					
RANKII	NG PROTOCOL									
Α	A FACILITY OF				, B					
В			SFACTORY QUALITY WITH NTENANCE REQUIRED	В, С,	Ą,					
С	A FACILITY OF	LESS	THAN SATISFACTORY STEMENT NEEDED	ď	BLOCK RANKING C, D OR DX					
D			R QUALITY WITH	RANKII OR DX	K RAN		S – TO INFORM ON THE NATURE AND COPE OF THE REMEDIAL WORKS			
DX				~ ~			SOI E OF THE NEWLEDIAE WORKS			
	REBUILD OIL	LLOO	THOIT WILL COTT TOL	⊣	SURVEY					
	DCATION LEVEL SURVEY BLOCK		ASSESSMENT CRITERIA	Ĭ	SOL					
			AMENITY		_					
			COMFORT ENGINEERING				9)			
			DESIGN							
			AMENITY							
			COMFORT ENGINEERING							
			DESIGN							
			AMENITY							
			COMFORT ENGINEERING		1					
			DESIGN		1					
		1	AMENITY							
			COMFORT ENGINEERING]					
			DESIGN		1					
	-		ACCEC	SMENT PI	DOCESS	ı				
	Elements		Broad assessment	SIVIEINT FI	TOCESS	Det	ailed Assessment			
							reception area/departments? addressed?			
		Does	s the facility/accommodation	Confident	ial conver	sations car	n be held satisfactorilv?			
	K Y		attractive/pleasing area for			well provide	ed? s have been made?			
	AMENITY		ents and staff in terms of			catered for				
			acy, comfort, working litions, signposting etc.?	Appropria	te facilitie	s are provi	ded for children			
		00	mache, eightpooting etc.	Appropria	te safetv	and securit	sufficient? tv measures are in place?			
				Way findir	<u>na is visib</u>	le, legible a	and consistent?			
		Does	s the facility/accommodation				overall design? red in heating?			
COMFORT offer and acceptable environment?			Comfort c	onditions	are achiev	ed in ventilations?				
ENGINEERING Is it well lit, adequately heated and			Acoustic r	rivacv is	achieved?					
		cool	ed, noise and odour free?			ceptable? re absent?)			
				Colour is	created w	hen therap	eutically used for definition and variety?			
				Landscap			asons?			
		le th	e internal/external environment	Natural da	avlight is i	ed for all se used to opt	imum effect?			
			ctively designed in terms of	Appropria	<u>te finishe:</u>	<u>s are used</u>	for floor. ceiling and walls?			
	DESIGN		d colour schemes, well				th overall design?			
		furni	shed, enhanced by art, plants,				Linto overall design? -clinical where appropriate?			
		land	scaping, views etc.?				staff have pleasing views from both inside			
				and out?						

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Generic risk assessment

Site Name:		Block Name:					
Site Address:		Block No:					
Olic Address.		Block Type:					
Post Code:		Surveyor Name:					
Site Reference No (SRN):		Ourveyor Hame.					
Site Type:		Survey Date:					
NHS Board:		Journey Bate.					
GENERIC RISKS:							
HAZARD	CONTROL MEASURE						
REMOTE SITES	Some of the sites within the NHS estate are remotely located, particularly in the NHS Western Isles, NHS Orkney and NHS Shetland areas, These will create their own unique challenges in terms of carrying out inspections, and surveys will require to be flexible and adaptable when scheduling visits to these locations as the staff may become storm or fog bound, despite the best intentions of the ferry or flight operators, as such all surveyors should carry the following items at all times for any remote locations. • Mobile phones and charges • Cash to facilitate unexpected additional overnight stays or delays • Spare warm clothing • Emergency rations, e.g. food, drinks, chocolate etc. • Fully stocked first aid kit In addition, when inspecting remote sites, all surveyors should contact their office once survey is complete, and						
LONE WORKING	when back at main base All inspections to be carried out by minimum 2 s on site. The only exception to this would be very						
	these instances, the Survey Partner will ensure						
WORKING AT HEIGHT – ACCESS	All building appraisal will generally be undertake walls or barriers over 1,100mm high, flat or pitch strictly in accordance with any roof permits issue	ed rood areas can be	surveyed, access to these areas will be				
SITE ACCESS	All survey teams will be briefed in local health and safety matters by the local site contact and advised of any particular site specific hazards. All surveyors will strictly comply with these rules						
POSSIBLE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS	All surveyors should obey any statutory signs at instructions and safety measures detailed	premises warning of	hazardous materials and comply with all				
SUSPECT ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS (ACMs)	All surveyors should familiarise themselves with locations where asbestos may be present	any available site ask	pestos management plan and be aware of any				
PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT (PPE)	All surveyors will be issued with appropriate PPE appropriate times	E, e.g. high visibility ve	ests etc. these should be worn at all				
RESTRICTED HOSPITAL AREAS	All surveyors will access any restricted areas, e. agreement, and will wear any required additional						
INFECTION CONTROL	All surveyors will utilise hospital provided hand v no ties will be worn during surveys to minimise r No surveyor will enter any wards where winter v						
MANUAL HANDLING	No manual handling will be involved with this su						
		•					
CLIENT VEHICLES	All surveyors should be aware that certain areas and emergency, delivery areas etc. as such they vehicles are present. All surveyors will wear hig	will require extra vigi	lance in these areas where electric powered				
FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEMS	All surveyors should seek advice from local NHS suppression systems. All surveys should then be						
GENERAL FIRE AND SAFETY PROCEDURES	When inspecting occupied buildings, all surveyo fire exits, timing of weekly alarm test etc.	rs should familiarise t	hemselves with local procedures, locations of				
SITE SPECIFIC RISKS: HAZARD	CONTROL MEASURE						
SHEET TO BE REVIEWED AND	D SIGNED BY ALL SURVEYORS						
DATE:	NAME:	SIGNATUR	E:				
DATE	NAME.	OLCO LATE :					
DATE:	NAME:	SIGNATUR	E:				
DATE:	NAME:	SIGNATUR	E:				
DATE:	NAME:	SIGNATUR					
DATE:	NAME:	SIGNATUR	E:				
DATE:	NAME:	SIGNATUR	 E:				
DATE:	NAME:	SIGNATUR	E: 				

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Proforma check sheet for Survey Team Leader and Survey Co-ordinator

Facet 1 – Physical condition: block summary

Site Name:	Block Name:	Surveyor Name:
		Survey date:
Site Address:	Block No:	Build Year:
	Block Type:	Block Historic Listing:
Post Code:	NHS Board:	Block Floor Area (GIA) m2
Site Reference No (SRN):	Contact Name:	Cost Base Date: Quarter I – 2017 (BCIS)
Site Type:	Contact Tel No:	Contact Email:
BLOCK DESCRIPTION	1	

BLOCK FABRIC CONDITION GRADE	BLOCK FABRIC CONDITION EXECUTIVE SUMMARY
BLOCK ENGINEERING SERVICES CONDITION GRADE	BLOCK ENGINEERING SERVICES EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

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Team Leader checklist

Site Name:			Block Name:		Team Leader Name:					
					Survey date:					
Site Address:			Block No:		Build Year:					
			Block Type:		Block Historic Listing:					
Post Code:			NHS Board:		Block Floor Area (GIA) m2					
Site Reference I	No (SRN):		Contact Name:		Cost Base Date:	Quarter I – 2017 (BCIS)				
Site Type:			Contact Tel No:		Contact Email:					
SITE RISK AS MEMBERS	SSESSMI	ENT COMPLETED AN	D REVIEWED	BY ALL SURVEY TEAM		OL				
ALL SURVEY	S COMP	LETE								
ALL SURVEY	SHEETS	S COMPETE AND CHE								
ALL RELEVA	NT ITEM	S QUANTIFIED / COS	TED							
ALL RELEVAI	NT ITEM	S RISK ASSESSED								
STATUTORY	COMPLI	ANCE SHEET COMPL	ETED AND CH	HECKED						
ENVIRONME	NTAL MA	NAGEMENT SHEET	COMPLETE AN	ND CHECKED						
ANY URGEN	T ISSUES	S REPORTED								
BLOCK PHOT	ΓOGRAP	H TAKEN								
BLOCK PHOT	ΓOGRAP	H REFERENCE NUME	BER							
ALL ELEVATI	ON PHO	TOGRAPHS TAKEN								
SPECIFIC DE	FECTS F	PHOTOGRAPHS TAKE	ΞN							

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Survey Co-ordinator checklist

Site Name:		l	Block Name:		Team Leader Name:	
					Survey date:	
Site Address:			Block No:		Build Year:	
			Block Type:		Block Historic Listing	:
Post Code:			NHS Board:		Block Floor Area (Gl/	A) m2
Site Reference N	o (SRN):		Contact Name:		Cost Base Date:	Quarter I – 2017 (BCIS)
Site Type:			Contact Tel No:		Contact Email:	
SITE RISK ASS MEMBERS ALL SURVEYS) REVIEWED I	BY ALL SURVEY TEAM		OL
		COMPETE AND CHE	CKED			
ALL RELEVAN	IT ITEMS	QUANTIFIED / COST	ED			
ALL RELEVAN	IT ITEMS	RISK ASSESSED				
		NCE SHEET COMPL NAGEMENT SHEET (
ENVIRONMEN	ITAL WAI	NAGEMENT SHEET C	OWPLETE AN	ID CHECKED		
ANY URGENT	ISSUES	REPORTED				
BLOCK PHOTO	OGRAPH	ITAKEN				
BLOCK PHOTO	OGRAPH	REFERENCE NUMB	ER			
ALL ELEVATION	ON PHOT	OGRAPHS TAKEN				
SPECIFIC DEF	ECTS P	HOTOGRAPHS TAKE	N			
FACET 1 – ALI	L FABRIC	C DATA INPUT INTO S	SOFTWARE			
FACET 1 – ALI	L ENGIN	EERING SERVICES D	ATA INPUT IN	ITO SOFTWARE		
FACET 1 – BLO	OCK SUN	MMARY SHEET COMI	PLETED			
FACET 2 – ST	ATUTOR	Y COMPLIANCE DAT	A INPUT INTO	SOFTWARE		
FACET 3 – EN	VIRONM	ENTAL MANAGEMEN	IT DATA INOU	T INTO SOFTWARE		

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Proforma progress report

Ref	HEALTHBOARD	PROPERTY	BLOCK	INFORMATION REVISED FROM HEALTH BOARD	SURVEYS ORGANISED	FACET 1 – PHYSICAL CONDITION – FABRIC SURVEYS IN PROGRESS FACET 1 – PHYSICAL CONDITION – ENGINEERING SERVICES SURVEYS IN PROGRESS	FACET 1 – PHYSICAL CONDITION – FABRIC SURVEYS COMPLETE	FACET 1 – PHYSICAL CONDITION – ENGINEERING SERVICES SURVEYS COMPLETE	FACET 2 – STATUTORY COMPLIANCE COMPLETE	FACET 3 – ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMPELTE	DATA INPUT INTO SOFTWARE	COSTING COMPLETE	QA CHECK	REPORT ISSUED
	1									+				
	1		· ·							+				
							 			+				
	+		_							+				



Appendix 9: Specific guidance issued by RICS

Specific guidance 'Surveying safely: your guide to personal safety at work' is issued by The Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors and can be found on their website www.rics.org.

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