



# <section-header><section-header><text><text>



# This is a management information publication

Published management information is non-official statistics which may be in the process of being transitioned into official statistics. They may not comply with the UK Statistics Authority's Code of Practice with regard to high data quality or high public value but there is a public interest or a specific interest by a specialist user group in accessing these statistics as there are no associated official statistics available.

Users should therefore be aware of the aspects of data quality and caveats surrounding these data, all of which are listed in this document.

Find out more about management information publications at: <u>https://code.statisticsauthority.gov.uk/national-statisticians-guidance-management-information-and-official-statistics-3/</u>



# Contents

ntroduction	3
Results and Commentary	4
Contact	8
Further information	8
Rate this publication	8
Appendices	9
Appendix 1 – Publication metadata	9
Appendix 2 – Early access details	14

### Introduction

Antimicrobial Resistance and Healthcare Associated Infection (ARHAI) Scotland, part of National Services Scotland, works closely with Public Health Scotland to deliver the COVID-19 response. This release provides data for COVID-19 hospital onset cases in Scotland from week ending 1 March 2020 to week ending 8 August 2021.

A system for monitoring COVID-19 is critical to tracking hospital transmission and will inform infection prevention and control measures. The published data can be used to improve care of patients. The transmission of COVID-19 is thought to occur mainly through respiratory droplets generated by coughing and through contact with contaminated surfaces. As sustained community transmission has occurred as the pandemic has progressed, it has become more challenging to identify true cases of hospital transmission. Further information on the epidemiology of COVID-19 in healthcare settings can be found on the Public Health Scotland website.

ARHAI Scotland is working with NHS boards to validate COVID-19 hospital onset cases to ensure the data are robust.

Data are provided for the 14 NHS boards and one NHS special health board.

# **Results and Commentary**

### Breakdown of COVID-19 cases by hospital onset status – cumulative data

The total number of COVID-19 cases reported to ARHAI Scotland, with specimen dates up to 8 August 2021, was 356,460. Of these:

- 339,762 (95.3%) were reported as community onset (first positive specimen taken in the community).
- 9,773 (2.7%) were reported as non-hospital onset (first positive specimen on day 1 or 2 of inpatient admission to NHS board).
- 1,369 (0.4%) were reported as indeterminate hospital onset (first positive specimen on days 3 to 7 of admission to NHS board).
- 1,717 (0.5%) were reported as probable hospital onset (first positive specimen on days 8 to 14 of admission to NHS board).
- 3,839 (1.1%) were reported as definite hospital onset (first positive specimen date was 15 or more days after admission to NHS board).

### Breakdown of COVID-19 cases by hospital onset status – weekly data

The total number of COVID-19 cases reported to ARHAI Scotland this week (week ending 8 August 2021) was 8,542. Of these:

- 8,448 (98.9%) were reported as community onset (first positive specimen taken in the community). In the previous week (week ending 1 August 2021) there 7,742 (98.6%).
- 79 (0.9%) were reported as non-hospital onset (first positive specimen on day 1 or 2 of admission to NHS board). In the previous week (week ending 1 August 2021) there were 99 (1.3%).
- 7 (0.1%) were reported as indeterminate hospital onset (first positive specimen on days 3 to 7 of admission to NHS board). In the previous week (week ending 1 August 2021) there were 7 (0.1%).
- 1 (0.01%) was reported as probable hospital onset (first positive specimen on days 8 to 14 of admission to NHS board). In the previous week (week ending 1 August 2021) there was 1 (0.01%).
- 7 (0.1%) were reported as definite hospital onset (first positive specimen date was 15 or more days after admission to NHS board). In the previous week (week ending 1 August 2021) there was 1 (0.01%).

### 2020 2021 **Hospital Onset Status** 1200-Non-Hospital Onset Indeterminate Hospital Onset 1100-Probable Hospital Onset Definite Hospital Onset 1000-900-800-700-Count of COVID-19 600-Cases 500-400-300-200-100-0 12 Apr 26 Apr 26 Apr 21 May 21 Jun 20 Jul 20 Jul 20 Jul 20 Jul 21 Jun 22 Nov 22 01 Mar 15 Mar 29 Mar

# Figure 1: Epidemic curve of COVID-19 cases with first positive specimen taken during an inpatient stay, by onset status: week-ending 1 March 2020 to week-ending 8 August 2021 (n=16,698). <sup>1,2</sup>

ARHAI Scotland

1. Source of data are Corporate Data Warehouse (CDW) that contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS) and Rapid Admission Preliminary Inpatient Data (RAPID) or local admission data.

Week Ending Date

2. The community cases are not represented in this chart as first sample was not taken in hospital setting.

NHS board	Total COVID- 19 cases (n)	Non- hospital onset (n)	Indeterminate hospital onset cases (n)	Probable hospital onset cases (n)	Definite hospital onset cases (n)	Non- hospital onset (%)	Indeterminate hospital onset cases (%)	Probable hospital onset cases (%)	Definite hospital onset cases (%)
Ayrshire & Arran	24,860	847	127	230	389	3.4%	0.5%	0.9%	1.6%
Borders	4,612	144	14	16	48	3.1%	0.3%	0.3%	1.0%
Dumfries & Galloway	5,835	221	19	8	9	3.8%	0.3%	0.1%	0.2%
Fife	19,928	564	34	34	266	2.8%	0.2%	0.2%	1.3%
Forth Valley	18,519	635	91	79	181	3.4%	0.5%	0.4%	1.0%
Golden Jubilee	29	16	7	3	3	-	-	-	-
Grampian	23,674	458	58	59	192	1.9%	0.2%	0.2%	0.8%
Greater Glasgow & Clyde	104,563	3,294	494	569	1,352	3.2%	0.5%	0.5%	1.3%
Highland	9,321	160	13	8	28	1.7%	0.1%	0.1%	0.3%
Lanarkshire	56,952	1,253	209	272	504	2.2%	0.4%	0.5%	0.9%
Lothian	59,949	1,374	179	295	586	2.3%	0.3%	0.5%	1.0%
Orkney	158	5	0	0	0	3.2%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Shetland	394	15	1	0	0	3.8%	0.3%	0.0%	0.0%
Tayside	27,214	773	122	141	278	2.8%	0.4%	0.5%	1.0%
Western Isles	452	14	1	3	3	3.1%	0.2%	0.7%	0.7%
Scotland	356,460	9,773	1,369	1,717	3,839	2.7%	0.4%	0.5%	1.1%

Table 1: Number of COVID-19 cases, by onset status and NHS board: specimen dates up to 8 August 2021.<sup>1,2,3</sup>

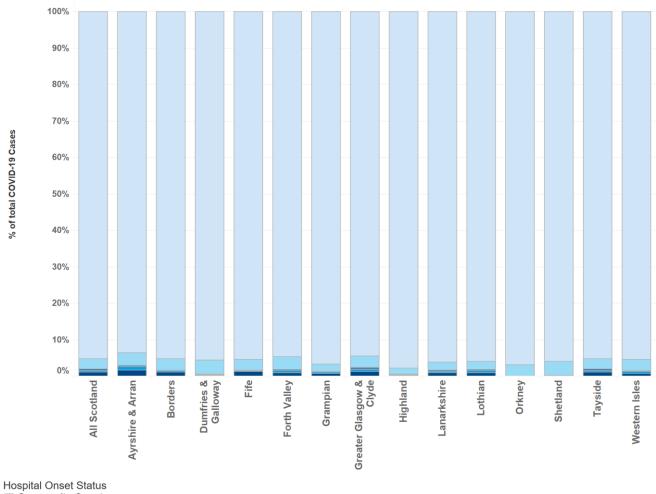
1. Source of data are Corporate Data Warehouse (CDW) that contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS) and Rapid Admission Preliminary Inpatient Data (RAPID) or local admission data.

2. NHS Golden Jubilee has been excluded from the proportions data since data for this board will not be comparable with others due to no "community onset" cases assigned to that board.

3. The data used has not been adjusted for different patient groups and size of NHS board.







Community Onset

Non-Hospital Onset

Indeterminate Hospital Onset

- Probable Hospital Onset
- Definite Hospital Onset
- Source of data are Corporate Data Warehouse (CDW) that contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS) and Rapid Admission Preliminary Inpatient Data (RAPID) or local admission data.
- 2. NHS Golden Jubilee has been excluded since data for this board will not be comparable with others due to no "community onset" cases assigned to that board.
- 3. The data used has not been adjusted for different patient groups and size of NHS board.



# Contact

Laura Imrie Clinical Lead, Antimicrobial Resistance and Healthcare Associated Infections (ARHAI) Scotland NHS National Services Scotland Phone: 0141 300 1922 Email: <u>nss.hpshaiic@nhs.scot</u>

# **Further information**

Further Information can be found on the <u>PHS website</u>. The next release of this publication will be 8 September 2021.

### **Rate this publication**

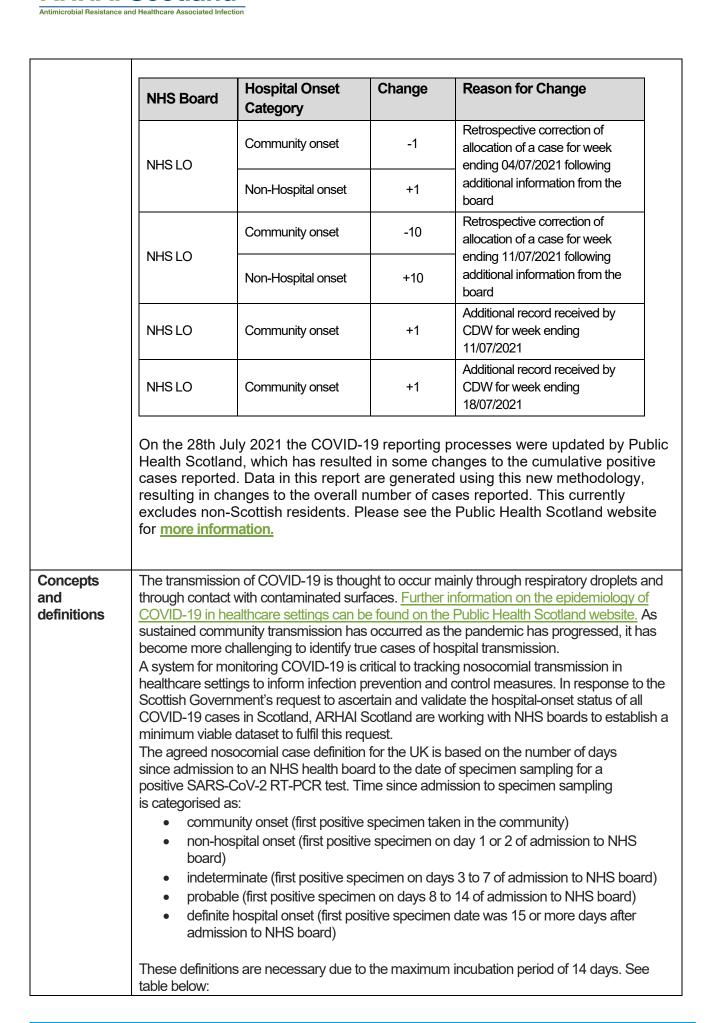
Please provide feedback on this publication to help us improve our services.



# **Appendices**

# Appendix 1 – Publication metadata

Description         Hospital onset COVID-19 cases in Scotland         This release provides information on hospital onset COVID-19 cases, there is a need for consistent reporting using standardised case definitions.         Infections in Scotland         COVID-19         Word document         COVID-19 Cases:         Case data source: Source of data are Corporate Data Warehouse (CDW) that contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS).         Admissions Data Source: Rapid Admission Preliminary Inpatient Data (RAPID)
This release provides information on hospital onset COVID-19 cases, there is a need for consistent reporting using standardised case definitions. Infections in Scotland COVID-19 Word document COVID-19 Cases: Case data source: Source of data are Corporate Data Warehouse (CDW) that contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS).
consistent reporting using standardised case definitions. Infections in Scotland COVID-19 Word document COVID-19 Cases: Case data source: Source of data are Corporate Data Warehouse (CDW) that contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS).
COVID-19 Word document COVID-19 Cases: Case data source: Source of data are Corporate Data Warehouse (CDW) that contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS).
Word document COVID-19 Cases: Case data source: Source of data are Corporate Data Warehouse (CDW) that contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS).
<b>COVID-19 Cases:</b> <b>Case data source:</b> Source of data are Corporate Data Warehouse (CDW) that contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS).
<b>Case data source:</b> Source of data are Corporate Data Warehouse (CDW) that contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS).
contains test results from Electronic Communication of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS).
Admissions Data Source: Rapid Admission Preliminary Inpatient Data (RAPID)
or Local Patient Admissions Systems.
17 August 2021
1 September 2021
Weekly
Timeframe of this publication was decided by first positive sample in Scotland (i.e. March 2020)
The latest iteration of data is 8 August 2021, therefore the data are 3 or 4 weeks in arrears.
Weekly updates
These data are not subject to planned major revisions. However, ARHAI Scotland aims to continually improve the interpretation of the data and therefore analysis methods are regularly reviewed and may be updated in the future.
Data are continually validated by both NHS boards and within the ECOSS laboratory database and within CDW. The databases are live and data may change due to possible changes in specimen dates, personal demographics or amendments to COVID-19 test results, retrospective counts for Community onset cases may vary slightly from week to week. Any changes to cases taken within hospital settings, which are validated by NHS boards, are tracked by ARHAI Scotland. Changes to retrospective data are outlined in the table below if applicable. Revisions relevant to this publication for COVID-19 cases up to 1 August 2021 include:



ARHAI Scotland

Day of sampling post admission	Nosocomial categorisation
Before admission	Community onset COVID-19
Day 1 of admission/on <b>admission to NHS board</b>	Non-hospital onset COVID-19
Day 2 of admission	Non-hospital onset COVID-19
Day 3 of admission	Indeterminate hospital onset COVID-19
Day 4 of admission	Indeterminate hospital onset COVID-19
Day 5 of admission	Indeterminate hospital onset COVID-19
Day 6 of admission	Indeterminate hospital onset COVID-19
Day 7 of admission	Indeterminate hospital onset COVID-19
Day 8 of admission	Probable hospital onset COVID-19
Day 9 of admission	Probable hospital onset COVID-19
Day 10 of admission	Probable hospital onset COVID-19
Day 11 of admission	Probable hospital onset COVID-19
Day 12 of admission	Probable hospital onset COVID-19
Day 13 of admission	Probable hospital onset COVID-19
Day 14 of admission	Probable hospital onset COVID-19
Day 15 of admission and onwards to discharge	Definite hospital onset COVID-19
Post discharge	Community onset COVID-19

The hospital onset cases in this report represent cases presenting in hospital and do not include COVID-19 associated with hospital care that present on readmission to hospital or post-discharge.

Cases that are not associated with a Scottish health board were excluded from the analysis.

### Start point of duration

Admission to health board was agreed as the appropriate point to start counting the duration of hospital stay to first positive specimen date, rather than the date of admission to a single hospital, since patients can be transferred between hospitals which would lead to restarting the clock to 'day 1' each time and therefore underestimating the number of nosocomial infections.

Any discharges and re-admissions within the same health board which occur within the same calendar day will be classed as a continuous stay; the clock will not be restarted in these instances, only when a readmission occurs on the second day or more after any discharge.

For definite, probable, indeterminate and non-hospital onset (day 1 or 2 of inpatient stay), the NHS board reported is where the first sample was taken, established either using Rapid Admission Preliminary Inpatient Data (RAPID) data and validated by the boards, or using individual NHS board's internal admissions systems. Since the definition of hospital-onset

	COVID-19 was determined using date of admission to NHS board, the board assigned may not represent the board of attribution of hospital-onset COVID-19 infection (Table above).
	For community onset (no admission), the NHS board of residence will be used, according to the Electronic Communications of Surveillance in Scotland (ECOSS) lab surveillance database.
	Minimum data required to be validated:
	<ul> <li>CHI number</li> <li>Date of positive SARS-CoV-2 RT-PCR test</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Date of admission to health board when patient tested positive for COVID-19</li> <li>NHS board where first positive test undertaken</li> </ul>
Relevance and key uses of the statistics	Surveillance data are essential for monitoring trends and assisting in outbreak investigations and to understand the extent of ongoing transmission within the hospital setting. ARHAI Scotland offers support to NHS boards across Scotland to aid their local COVID-19 prevention strategies.
Accuracy	It is acknowledged that patients can be transferred between NHS health boards and if transferred into a different health board during the same hospital stay, then the clock is restarted to 'day 1' which could lead to an underestimation of cases. However, the decision to restrict start date to admission to a single NHS health board represents the requirement to report at the health board-level. Any discharges and re-admissions which occur within the same calendar day and within the same NHS board will be overlooked - the clock will not be restarted in these instances, only when a readmission occurs on the second or more day after any discharge.
	COVID-19 cases identified after discharge from hospital but within 14 days may be associated with the hospital. These cases, including those identified on readmission to hospital, are not included as hospital onset. This may result in under-reporting of COVID-19 cases associated with hospital care.
Completeness	Surveillance data are collected using the ARHAI Scotland system that allows data collectors in NHS boards to validate ECOSS records as well as identifying additional cases that may not be included in the ECOSS or CDW systems. This therefore means that completeness is near to 100%.
	NHS Golden Jubilee will be excluded from any views showing the proportion of hospital onset cases due to no non-hospital onset cases being assigned to that board – therefore data for this board will not be comparable with other NHS boards.
Comparability	The agreed nosocomial case definition for the UK has been adopted to allow comparison across the four nations. However, geographical differences for example NHS board versus NHS Trust have to be considered.
	Prior to 15 June 2020, the total number of cases reported by Public Health Scotland and the Scottish Government did not include those identified in UK Government Laboratories. The number of cases reported in this report includes cases identified in this scheme so will therefore be higher than what was included in the daily reporting prior to 15 June 2020.

Antimicrobial Resistance at	nd Healthcare Associated Infection
Antimicrobial nesistance a	
	There may be some differences to NHS board level counts within this report and reports from Public Health Scotland, due to the previously described differing methods in classifying the NHS board.
Accessibility	It is the policy of ARHAI Scotland to make its web sites and products accessible according to <u>published guidelines</u> . Link to this reports open data platform can be found here:
	https://www.opendata.nhs.scot/dataset/hospital-onset-covid-19-cases-in-scotland
Coherence and clarity	Previous published reports can be found at: <u>https://beta.isdscotland.org/find-publications-and-data/population-health/covid-</u> <u>19/hospital-onset-covid-19-cases-in-scotland/</u>
Value type and unit of measurement	At National level, the number and proportion of COVID-19 cases which can be classed as definite hospital onset, probable hospital onset, indeterminate hospital onset, non-hospital onset and community onset, and broken down by week using the date of first positive COVID-19 sample.
	NHS board level, the cumulative number and proportion of COVID-19 cases which can be classed as definite hospital onset, probable hospital onset, indeterminate hospital onset, non-hospital onset and community onset, using the date of first positive COVID-19 sample. Due to rounding the percentages do not always add up to 100%
Disclosure	
	The PHS protocol on <u>Statistical Disclosure Control Protocol</u> is followed.
Official Statistics designation	Management Information
UK Statistics Authority Assessment	Not assessed
Last published	25 August 2021
Next published	8 September 2021
Date of first publication	1 July 2020
Help email	nss.hpshaiic@nhs.scot
Date form completed	1 September 2021

**ARHAI Scotland** 



### Appendix 2 – Early access details

### **Pre-Release Access**

Under terms of the "Pre-Release Access to Official Statistics (Scotland) Order 2008", ARHAI Scotland is obliged to publish information on those receiving Pre-Release Access ("Pre-Release Access" refers to statistics in their final form prior to publication). The standard maximum Pre-Release Access is five working days. Shown below are details of those receiving standard Pre-Release Access.

### Standard Pre-Release Access:

Scottish Government Health Department

NHS board Chief Executives

NHS board Communication leads